Minnesota

Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board Meeting

Wednesday, September 4, 2024 9:30 A.M. Blazing Star Room Centennial Office Building

REGULAR SESSION AGENDA

1. Approval of minutes

A. August 7, 2024

2. Chair's report

A. Meeting schedule

3. Executive director's report

- A. 2023 PCR Report
- B. 2024 Public Subsidy Payments
- 4. Enforcement report

5. Advisory opinion requests

A. Advisory Opinion 464

6. Administrative rulemaking update

7. Prima Facie Determinations

- A. Complaint of Kevin Sethre regarding the Mark Westpfahl for Mayor Committee
- B. Complaint of Cory Johnson regarding the People for (Gregory) Davids Committee
- 8. Legal report
- 9. Other business

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Immediately following regular session

STATE OF MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD

August 7, 2024 Blazing Star Room Centennial Office Building

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MINUTES

The meeting was called to order by Vice Chair Rashid.

Members present: Asp (joined before, and left after, discussion about AO 464), Flynn, Kleis, Rashid, Soule, Swanson

Others present: Sigurdson, Engelhardt, Johnson, Olson, staff; Nathan Hartshorn, counsel

Asp, Flynn, Rashid, Engelhardt, and Hartshorn appeared remotely.

MINUTES (July 10, 2024)

The following motion was made:

Member Rashid's motion: To approve the July 10, 2024, minutes as drafted.

Vote on motion: Flynn, Rashid, Soule, and Swanson voted yes, Kleis abstained.

Due to Chair Asp's early departure, the meeting agenda was adjusted to begin with the advisory opinion request.

ADVISORY OPINION REQUESTS

A. Advisory Opinion 464

Mr. Olson presented the Board with two versions of draft advisory opinions. The Board discussed the drafts and discussed changes to the drafted opinions. Chair Asp presented additional modifications to the opinion and Board members concluded that additional time was needed to review the suggested changes.

The following motion was made:

Member Soule's motion: To lay over the matter.

Vote on motion: Unanimously approved.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

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Mr. Sigurdson provided an update to the Board on the following:

- Staffing: Gary Bauer, who held the position of Database Program Analyst, resigned from state service effective July 30th. Gary was with the Board for almost thirteen years, and was very involved in supporting treasurers who used the Campaign Finance Reporter software developed by the Board.
- Pre-primary Report of Receipts and Expenditures: The deadline for the pre-primary report was July 29th. The Board has received reports from all judicial candidates required to file, and is missing reports for only three of the 268 House candidates who were required to file a report. Of the 298 registered party units, 293 have filed a report, as have 241 of 246 political committees and 171 of 198 political funds.
- Report to the Legislature Lobbying of Political Subdivisions: At the 2024 legislative session, the Board was tasked with studying whether the laws regulating lobbying should distinguish between lobbying of public officials and lobbying of local officials in political subdivisions. In particular, the Board was directed to study the statutory definitions of "lobbyist," "local official," "public official," and "official action of a political subdivision" as 2 provided in Chapter 10A. The Board will report the study's results to the legislature in January of 2025, and may include legislative recommendations on distinctions between the lobbying of public and local officials that the Board believes are warranted and appropriate. The Board will hold a public meeting on these issues on Monday, August 19, at 9 AM in the Blazing Star Room of the Centennial Office Building. Members of the regulated community, organizations that represent political subdivisions. There will be other opportunities for the public to provide comment as the drafting of the report goes forward.
- Operational Budget Fiscal Year 2025: The Board's budget for fiscal year 2025 is \$1,981,000 which reflects a base budget of \$1,791,000 for operations, and a one-time increase of \$190,000 for IT development. The Board's budget for FY24 also contained a one-time increase for IT development. Money not spent in the first year of the biennium, FY24, is carried forward for use in FY25. Money not used in the second year of the biennium reverts to the state general fund. At the end of FY24 there was approximately \$382,000 in unobligated funds available to carryforward into FY25. However, the carryforward includes \$163,000 which will be used for the Azure Cloud service agreement with MNIT, which has been signed but not invoiced.

The following motion was made:

Member Soule's motion: To approve the budget as presented

Vote on motion: Unanimously passed.

RECONCILIATION OF 2023 CONTRIBUTIONS

Mr. Sigurdson presented the Board with a memo that is attacahed to and made a part of these minutes. The Board reconciles contributions reported by registered committees to the contributions reported received by registered committees. The numbers should match, or an explaination found for a descrepency. In 2023, \$702,851 of \$8,488,540 in contributions from registered committees to other registered committees did not

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reconcile. After working through the reconciliation process and contacting committees for amendments the amount that still does not reconcile has been reduced to \$5,841. This means that 99.92% of the contributions between registered committees reconcile.

ENFORCEMENT REPORT

A. Consent Items

1. Administrative termination of lobbyist Margaret Meyer (4636)

Pro-Choice Minnesota (5837) stated Ms. Meyer left employment with them on May 24, 2024. Despite messages via telephone and email, Pro-Choice has been unable to contact her to request she terminate her lobbyist registration. It is worth noting that in the past, CFB staff has also had a hard time contacting Ms. Meyer. If the termination is approved, Pro-Choice requests the termination be backdated to May 24, 2024. Ms. Meyer has not filed the lobbyist report that was due June 17, 2024, and a late filing fee continues to accrue at a rate of \$25 per day. Meyer is the principal's sole registered lobbyist.

The following motion was made:

Member Soule's motion: To approve the termination.

Vote on motion:

Flynn, Rashid, Swanson voted no. Kleis and Soule voted yes. Motion did not pass.

B. Waiver Requests

	Board Action					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior	Recommended	Member Soule
				Waivers	Action	moved to grant
2024 June	6/14/24	6/18/24	\$100	No.	Waive.	requests 1-5.
The treasurer, Ol	iver Steinberg	states he exp	perienced a me	edical issue and	d was hospitalized	
from June 8th unt	il late June 15	th . He attempt	ed to complete	e the report on .	June 16 th but was	Unanimously
hospitalized agai	passed.					
the deadline.			-			

	Board Action					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior	Recommended	Member Soule
				Waivers	Action	moved to grant
2024 LDR	6/17/24	6/25/24	\$125	No.	Waive.	requests 1-5.
Ms. Lovoll states	that she enco	untered diffic	ulties with CFI	RO's online syst	em, which prevented	
her from submitti	ng her report o	on time. Ms. L	ovoll attempte	ed to contact Bo	ard staff via email and	Unanimously
phone, however unsuccessful atter report to the CFE	empts to subm	it the report e			. After several cally delivered her	passed.

	Board Action					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action	

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2024 LDR	6/17/24	7/1/24	\$225	No.	Waive.	Member Soule
Mr. Ongaro state	s his wife pas	sed away on .	lune 26 th . The	past month has	s been extremely	moved to grant
					ro requests a waiver	requests 1-5.
for the delay and	hopes for unc	lerstanding du	iring this diffic	ult time.		
						Unanimously
						passed.

	Board Action					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior	Recommended	Member Soule
				Waivers	Action	moved to grant
2024 June	6/14/24	6/17/24	\$50	Yes.	Waive.	requests 1-5.
				\$50 - 2022		
				1st Quarter		Unanimously
				Report, due		passed.
				to family		
				medical		
				emergency.		
Jodi Pillsbury, Of	fice Manager	for AASP call	ed CFB staff o	on June 14, 2024	4, for help due to	
technical errors v	vith CFRO. Sh	ne did not rece	eive a respons	se. She submitte	d her report on June	
17, 2024, and no	tified Board st	aff via email t	hat she subm	itted it, not know	ving if it was done	
correctly, but wa	nting to ensure	e its submissio	on.			

	Board Action					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action	Member Soule moved to grant
2024 LDR	6/17/24	6/18/24	\$25	No.	Waive.	requests 1-5.
states she electronic	LDR I I I McKenzie Bolduc, the Vice President of Coalition for Community Solar Access (the principal) states she tried to file the report multiple times but had technical issues with the Board's electronic reporting system. Because of those issues, they submitted the report via email to Board staff on 6/18/24.					

	6. Free Employee and Agent PAC (41341)							
Report(s)	Report(s) Due Filed Amount Prior Recommended							
				Waivers	Action	moved to reduce the		
2023 year-end	1/31/24	2/2/24	\$50	No.		\$550 LFF to \$300		
2024 June	6/14/24	7/2/24	\$550			leaving a total owed		
Treasurer Chris N	Nerideth state	s the delay wa	as due to an o	versight exacer	bated by a heavy	of \$350.		
workload caused	by significant	employee tur	nover. Meride	th stressed their	r typical attentiveness			
to compliance ma	atters and por	rayed the inci	dent as an isc	lated one. The	committee registered	Flynn, Rashid,		
with the Board in	September 2	023 and two c	f its three repo	orts were filed la	ate. The 2023 year-	Soule, Swanson		
end report disclos	sed zero finan	cial activity. T	he 2024 June	report likewise	disclosed zero new	voted yes. Kleis		
financial activity.	Merideth men	tioned that the	e committee h	as implemented	I measures to prevent	voted no.		
a recurrence and asked the Board to consider waiving the fees. Merideth also pointed out that								
the organization i	the organization is a small startup. Merideth expressed appreciation for the consideration and							
offered to provide	e more informa	ation if necess	ary.					

7. Larry Johnson (4808)						Board Action
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action	

2024 LDR	6/17/24	6/18/24	\$25	No.	Do not waive.	Mr. LeBeau
Reid LeBeau, de	signated lobb	yist for CVS H	ealth (the prin	cipal) states the	ey didn't receive an	appeared on behalf
email notice from	n CFB remindi	ng them to file	. Board record	ds show that em	ail reminders were	of Mr. Johnson.
sent to Johnson's						
			en't had issue	s in the past and	d hope the Board	Member Soule
considers that in	their decision					moved to waive the
						fee.
						Durit Out
						Rashid, Soule,
						Swanson voted yes.
						Flynn and Kleis
						voted no.
						Motion did not pass.

	8. Minnesota Pork PAC (41282)						
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior	Recommended		
				Waivers	Action	No motion was	
2024 June	6/14/24	6/21/24	\$200	No.	Do not waive.	made to waive the	
Pam Voelkel, der	outy treasurer,	states the or	ganization has	s a history of filir	ng reports on time and	fee.	
has made efforts							
					e a notification about		
					filed. However, Board		
staff sent an email to the chair and treasurer on June 12, 2024 reminding them to file. The							
report disclosed I	ess than a do	llar in new fina	ancial activity.				

C. Informational Items

1. Payment of late filing fee for original EIS

Scott Hesselgrave, \$20 Kathy Jorgenson-Hegstad, \$20

2. Payment of late filing fee for 2022 year-end report

Unidos We Win PAC, \$1,000

3. Payment of late filing fee for 2023 year-end report

Unidos We Win PAC, \$1,000 Minn Realtors Political Action Committee, \$25

4. Payment of late filing fee for 2024 1st Quarter report

Minn Organization of Republican Veterans (MORVets), \$50

5. Payment of late filing fee for 2023 lobbyist principal report

Project Lead the Way, \$75 The Coca-Cola Company, \$50

6. Payment of late filing fee for 2024 June report

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> Working America Minn Political Committee, \$150 Minn Realtors Political Action Committee, \$200

7. Payment of late filing fee for 2023 June report

AFSCME Council 5 People Fund, \$100

ADMINISTRATIVE RULEMAKING UPDATE

Mr. Olson presented the Board with an update on administrative rulemaking.

PRIMA FACIE DETERMINATIONS

A. Complaint of Mark Bray regarding lobbyist John Kysylyczyn

Mr. Olson presented the Board with an overview of the complaint, and prima facie determination dismissing the complaint, regarding Mr. Kysylyczyn.

LEGAL REPORT

Mr. Hartshorn updated the Board on the Mariani matter.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

There being no other business, the meeting was adjourned by the chair.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeff Sigurdson Executive Director

Attachments:

Executive Director's Report Yearly Update on Reconciliation of Contributions between Registered Committees Advisory Opinion 464 memo AO 464 Public draft version 1 AO 464 Public draft version 2 Prima facie determinations memo Complaint against John M. Kysylyczyn Prima facie determination regarding John M. Kysylyczyn complaint Legal report



Board Meeting Dates for Calendar Year 2024

Meetings are at **9:30** A.M. unless otherwise noted.

<u>2024</u>

Wednesday, October 2

Wednesday, November 6

Wednesday, December 4



Date: August 28, 2024

To: **Board Members**

From: Jeff Sigurdson, Executive Director **Telephone:** 651-539-1189

Re: Executive Director's Report – Board Operations

Staffing

Ploua Lor has been hired to fill the Lobbying Program Analyst position. Ms. Lor has a Bachelor's degree in Management Information Systems, and is working on a Master's Degree in Data Analytics. Her first day with the Board will be August 28, 2024.

CAMPAIGN FINANCE BOARD

Report to the Legislature – Lobbying of Political Subdivisions

At the 2024 legislative session, the Board was tasked with studying whether the laws regulating lobbying do or should distinguish between lobbying of public officials and lobbying of local officials in political subdivisions. In particular, the Board was directed to study the statutory definitions of "lobbyist," "local official," "public official," and "official action of a political subdivision" as provided in Chapter 10A. The Board will report the study's results to the legislature in January of 2025 and may include legislative recommendations on distinctions between the lobbying of public and local officials that the Board believes are warranted and appropriate.

The Board held a public hearing on August 19th to hear ideas and comments from the lobbying community, organizations that represent political subdivisions, professional organizations, and good governance groups on this subject. Chair Asp, Vice Chair Rashid, Member Flynn, and Member Swanson attended the meeting. There were 53 individuals remotely signed on to watch the meeting, and about 11 individuals attending in person. There were presentations by: the Scott County Association for Leadership and Efficiency (SCALE), the Minnesota State Bar Association (MSBA), Housing First Minnesota, the Minnesota Governmental Relations Council (MGRC), the Coalition of Greater Minnesota Cities, and the American Council of Engineering Companies of Minnesota (ACEC/MN). In addition, the Minnesota Association of Townships (MAT) and the Greater Minnesota Partnership (GMNP) submitted written comments, as did many of the associations that presented at the meeting. The written comments are available on the Board's website at: cfb.mn.gov/citizen-resources/the-board/statutes-and-rules/report-to-thelegislature-on-lobbying. The recording of the hearing is also available at this link.

No organization advocated for eliminating the registration and reporting requirements for lobbying political subdivisions. There were a number of suggestions made for the Board to consider, roughly grouped around the following:

- Define "local lobbyist" to include only a person paid by a client specifically for advocating before a local government. This definition would exclude local business owners collaborating with local officials, and representatives of businesses that require regular interactions with local officials.
- Exclude from the definition of lobbyist individuals providing specific expertise and guidance to local officials based on the individual's training, education, or experience (for example engineers, architects).
- Require individuals who lobby political subdivisions to register and report with the political subdivision.
- The nature of township governance, which is usually three supervisors who are not professional government officials, makes it likely that there will be inadvertent violations of the gift prohibition in Chapter 10A. Additionally, most major decisions for townships occur at the annual meeting, which is much different than how cities operate. Consider whether township supervisors should be exempt from the gift prohibition, and whether townships should be excluded from what is defined as lobbying.
- Distinguish between "policy decisions" and "quasi-judicial decisions". The MSBA in
 particular states that the definition of local lobbying should be limited to broader policy
 decisions that impact multiple people, for example adopting ordinances or a budget.
 Quasi-judicial decisions apply existing law to particular facts, for example variances to
 zoning regulations, and should be excluded from local lobbying definitions.
- A concern that nonprofits that work with local government may imperil their tax-exempt status if the nonprofit's employees need to register as lobbyists.
- Under current statute an employee of a political subdivision that works more than 50 hours in any month attempting to influence the action of another political subdivision is lobbying. This is seen as negatively impacting the ability of local government to form joint power agreements, or even to work together on regional problems. Suggestion to either greatly increase the 50-hour threshold, or eliminate the requirement entirely.
- The definition of lobbyist should distinguish between the activities of professional lobbyists and citizens who provide information or advocate. One way to do this is to modify the current registration threshold (\$3,000 in compensation, or expending more than \$3,000 in personal funds on lobbying) so that the threshold is a combination of compensation and time spent on lobbying activities. The MGRC states that many states consider time spent lobbying when determining if registration as a lobbyist is required.

Board staff will be researching what other states do regarding registration and reporting for lobbying local government, and along with continued dialog with interested parties, will create a working document that will be the basis of the report to the legislature.

Political Contribution Refunds in 2022

The political contribution refund (PCR) program is administered by the Department of Revenue (DOR) as provided in Minnesota Statutes section 290.06. The program provides that an eligible Minnesota voter who makes a monetary contribution to a candidate who has signed the public subsidy agreement, or to a major or minor political party unit, may apply for a refund from the DOR. In 2023, the maximum amount that could be refunded during the calendar year was \$50 per person, or \$100 per married couple. Starting in 2024, the maximum amount that may be refunded per calendar year increased to \$75 per person, or \$150 per married couple.

In August of each year the DOR reports to the Board the number of refunds, and the total value of the refunds, issued to donors in the prior calendar year. The report provides the refund totals for individual candidate committees and political party units. The report is posted on the Board's website at <u>cfb.mn.gov/citizen-resources/board-programs/public-subsidy-of-campaigns/historical-use-of-public-subsidy-program</u>. On the website there are separate reports for candidates and party units for the years 2013 through 2023.

The Board compares the PCR refunds issued for contributions to candidates and political party units to the contributions disclosed on the reports of receipts and expenditures filed with the Board. The comparison is used to verify that the value of the refunds issued to contributors to a candidate or party unit do not exceed the contributions reported as received by that same candidate or party unit.

In 2023 the DOR issued 29,916 PCR refunds with a value of \$2,064,734. Candidates issued 6,665 receipts to donors resulting in refunds totaling \$447,860. Political party units issued 23,251 receipts to donors resulting in refunds totaling \$1,616,874.

In 2023, individuals who contributed to RPM candidates were refunded \$265,897, and individuals who contributed to DFL candidates were refunded \$181,938. However, donors to DFL party units were refunded \$1,010,535, while donors to RPM party units were refunded \$603,203. In addition, donors to the Grassroots-Legalize-Cannabis Party were refunded \$1,325; donors to the Legalize Marijuana Now Party were refunded \$200; and donors to the Libertarian Party of MN were refunded \$950.

The 2023 reports for refunds issued, broken down by specific candidate committees and political party units, are attached to this memo.

2024 Post Primary Public Subsidy Payments

On August 26, 2024, the Board issued \$2,093,920 in public subsidy payments to 230 qualified candidates for the House of Representatives. To qualify for a public subsidy payment the candidate must register a principal campaign committee, sign the public subsidy agreement, be opposed at either the primary or general election, win the primary election if opposed, raise \$1,500 in contributions from eligible Minnesota voters, and file an affidavit of contributions stating that the candidate has raised the required amount.

The money used for the public subsidy payments comes from two sources. The "political party" portion of the payment is derived from the \$5 political party check-off on the state income and property tax forms. The political party check-off money is allocated among the offices for that party based on a formula that considers the number of taxpayers within a legislative district that selects a particular party, and the preceding state general election results for the district. This results in a broad range of amounts for the political party payments depending on the relative strength of the political party in the district. For example, party account payments issued to house candidates ranged from a low of \$141 to the RPM candidate in District 60B, to a high of \$10,507 issued to the DFL candidate in District 64A.

The "general account" portion of the public subsidy payment comes from a statutory appropriation of \$1,020,000 from the state general fund, and in 2024, from a one-time supplemental appropriation of \$2,103,000. Portions of the one-time appropriation will be held for senate and constitutional office candidates in 2026. The general account payment is the same for every candidate for a given office regardless of party. In 2024 the post-primary general account payment was \$6,591.56. In comparison, the general account payment for House candidates in 2022 was \$1,977.84. Overall, the payments to House candidates in 2022, were \$729,459; about a third as much as the total payments to House candidates in 2024.

By party, total public subsidy payments were \$1,232,495 for DFL candidates and \$861,425 for RPM candidates. There will be a second, much smaller public subsidy payment made in December. The December payment is based on additional check-off amounts from tax forms processed by the Department of Revenue after the post-primary payment is made.

A report of public subsidy payments by district and party is attached to this report.

Attachments

2023 PCR Refunds by Candidate and Party Unit 2024 Post Primary Public Subsidy Payments

2023 Contribution Refund Summary for Candidate Committees

Note: Contributions from a married couple filing jointly are reported as one contribution

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
DFL			
Acomb, Patty	House - 45B	112	\$5 <i>,</i> 891.66
Agbaje, Esther	House - 59B	9	\$410.00
Alvarado, Fernando	Senate - 16	10	\$800.00
Ansbacher, Cynthia (Cindy)	House - 1B	3	\$200.00
Bahner, Kristin	House - 37B	1	\$50.00
Becker-Finn, Jamie	House - 40B	2	\$83.33
Berg, Kaela Jo	House - 55B	2	\$75.00
Bernardy, Connie	House - 39B	15	\$1,350.00
Bierman, Robert	House - 56A	116	\$9,203.00
Blaha, Julie	State Auditor	29	\$1,191.71
Boldon, Liz	Senate - 25	6	\$360.00
Boone, Charles "Nash"	House - 41B	1	\$50.00
Brand, Jeff	House - 18A	12	\$885.00
Buckmeier, Sonja	House - 30A	12	\$600.00
Calhoun, Tami	House - 14A	11	\$600.00
Callais, Cynthia	House - 52B	33	\$1,884.29
Carlson, (Robert) Andrew	House - 50B	1	\$100.00
Carlson, James	Senate - 52	70	\$4,787.37
Carroll, Ned	House - 42A	4	\$225.00
Clardy, Mary Frances	House - 53A	16	\$1,070.00
Cogelow, Fred	House - 16B	1	\$50.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Cohn, Brian	House - 57B	22	\$1,650.00
Coulter, Nathan	House - 51B	5	\$400.00
Curran, Brion	House - 36B	1	\$20.00
Cwodzinski, Steve	Senate - 49	24	\$1,850.00
Dibble, D Scott	Senate - 61	12	\$716.67
Dolson, Charles	Senate - 5	1	\$50.00
Driscoll, Patricia	House - 41A	1	\$100.00
Droba, Harley	House - 3A	57	\$3,350.00
Dziedzic, Kari (Karen)	Senate - 60	38	\$2,825.00
Ecklund, Robert	House - 3A	1	\$100.00
Elkins, Steve	House - 50B	6	\$300.00
Ellison, Keith	Attorney General	307	\$16,349.98
Emmerich, Justin	Senate - 56	15	\$850.00
Fateh, Omar	Senate - 62	1	\$50.00
Feist, Sandra	House - 39B	37	\$2,300.00
Fischer, Peter	House - 44A	41	\$3,117.86
Folch, Tina	House - 41B	1	\$100.00
Frazier, Cedrick	House - 43A	1	\$50.00
Frederick, Luke	House - 18B	8	\$475.00
Freiberg, Mike	House - 43B	97	\$4,890.88
Gomez, Aisha	House - 62A	21	\$1,272.59
Grabau, Clarice	Senate - 58	1	\$100.00
Greene, Julie	House - 50a	8	\$399.99
Greenman, Emma	House - 63B	35	\$2,215.38
Gustafson, Heather	Senate - 36	42	\$2 <i>,</i> 958.33

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Hansen, Richard (Rick)	House - 53B	52	\$3,633.57
Hauschild, Grant	Senate - 3	1	\$33.00
Hawj, Foung	Senate - 67	13	\$650.00
Hemmingsen-Jaeger, Amand	House - 47A	16	\$1,000.00
Her, Kaohly	House - 64A	10	\$550.00
Hill, Josiah	House - 33B	43	\$3,395.00
Hilstrom, Debra	House - 40B	1	\$50.00
Hoffman, John	Senate - 34	14	\$1,083.33
Holmes, Heather	House - 24A	1	\$25.00
Hornstein, Frank	House - 61A	8	\$500.00
Hortman, Melissa	House - 34B	65	\$4,658.33
Howard, Michael	House - 51A	13	\$815.00
Huot, John Duffy	House - 56B	26	\$1,943.06
Jordan, Sydney	House - 60A	1	\$50.00
Keeler, Heather	House - 4A	1	\$25.00
Kells, Nathan	House - 48A	18	\$875.00
Klein, Matthew	Senate - 53	21	\$1,380.00
Koegel, Erin	House - 39A	2	\$100.00
Kotyza-Witthuhn, Carlie	House - 49B	6	\$350.00
Kozlowski, Alicia	House - 8B	5	\$330.00
Kraft, Larry	House - 46A	57	\$3,000.95
Kruger, Sarah	House - 26A	1	\$100.00
Kunesh, Mary	Senate - 39	19	\$1,030.00
Kupec, Rob	Senate - 4	4	\$350.00
Latz, Ronald	Senate - 46	9	\$766.99

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Lawhead, Brandon	Senate - 23	1	\$50.00
Lee, Kaozouapa Elizabeth	House - 67A	2	\$100.00
Liebling, Tina	House - 24B	46	\$3,188.71
Lislegard, David	House - 7B	34	\$2,203.03
Long, James (Jamie)	House - 61B	7	\$550.00
Mann, Alice	Senate - 50	14	\$1,000.00
Marty, John	Senate - 40	60	\$4,442.01
Masin, Sandra	House - 52A	4	\$200.00
McEwen, Jen	Senate - 8	7	\$450.00
Miller, Jay	House - 52B	3	\$200.00
Mitchell, Nicole	Senate - 47	35	\$2,043.48
Mohamed, Zaynab	Senate - 63	1	\$23.07
Moller, Kelly	House - 40A	92	\$6,912.31
Murphy, Erin	Senate - 64	18	\$1,242.58
Nelson, Michael	House - 38A	30	\$2,140.00
Newton, Jerry	House - 35B	3	\$150.00
Norris, Matt	House - 32B	74	\$5,062.14
Olson, Reed	House - 2A	32	\$1,875.00
Pappas, Sandra	Senate - 65	8	\$491.66
Pelowski Jr, Gene	House - 26A	19	\$1,400.00
Pha, Susan	Senate - 38	7	\$515.90
Pinto, David	House - 64B	82	\$4,785.90
Port, Lindsey	Senate - 55	1	\$50.00
Pryor, Laurie	House - 49A	4	\$200.00
Pursell, Kristi	House - 58A	24	\$1,823.38

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Putnam, Aric	Senate - 14	16	\$1,315.00
Radosevich, Pete	House - 11A	1	\$100.00
Rehm, Lucy	House - 48B	27	\$1,875.00
Rehrauer, Kari	Senate - 35	1	\$50.00
Rehrauer, Kari	House - 35B	53	\$3,578.51
Rest, Ann	Senate - 43	4	\$250.00
Reyer, Lizabeth	House - 52A	34	\$2,122.62
Schultz, Jennifer	House - 7A	1	\$33.33
Seeberger, Judy	Senate - 41	8	\$400.00
Sencer-Mura, Samantha	House - 63A	21	\$1,276.64
Smith, Andrew	House - 25B	2	\$100.00
Stephenson, Zachary	House - 35A	13	\$925.00
Stewart, Ann Johnson	Senate - 45	51	\$3,949.49
Strom, Susan Ranae	House - 36A	1	\$50.00
Tabke, Brad	House - 54A	47	\$3,519.99
Valento, Hanna	House - 33A	2	\$130.00
Vang, Samantha	House - 38B	2	\$150.00
Verbeten, Clare Oumou	Senate - 66	8	\$439.28
Virnig, Bianca	House - 52B	44	\$2,574.00
Westlin, Bonnie	Senate - 42	12	\$625.00
Wiklund, Melissa Halvorson	Senate - 51	1	\$50.00
Wolgamott, Dan	House - 14B	22	\$1,409.09
Wroblewski, Lucia	House - 41A	160	\$10,139.38
Xiong, Tou	Senate - 44	1	\$100.00
Xiong, Jay	House - 67B	5	\$250.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Youakim, Cheryl	House - 46B	34	\$2,375.00
	Party Total	2,835	\$181,938.77
GRP			
Paulsen, Darrell	Governor	6	\$24.00
	Party Total	6	\$24.00
RPM			
Abeler, Jim	Senate - 35	71	\$5,925.00
Allen, Keith	House - 19A	7	\$600.00
Altendorf, Pamela	House - 20A	125	\$8,466.65
Anderson, Paul	House - 12A	70	\$5,580.00
Anderson, Bruce	Senate - 29	3	\$250.00
Anderson, Patricia	House - 33A	89	\$7,275.00
Attia, Karen	Senate - 34	5	\$325.00
Backer, Jeff	House - 9A	34	\$2,808.75
Bakeberg, Ben	House - 54B	101	\$6,702.00
Baker, David (Dave)	House - 16B	3	\$250.00
Bennett, Peggy	House - 23A	85	\$4,399.04
Bliss, Matt	House - 2B	9	\$800.00
Boe, Greg	House - 48B	3	\$200.00
Burkel, John	House - 1A	2	\$200.00
Burkett, Kathy	House - 42A	1	\$50.00
Chamberlain, Roger	Senate - 36	1	\$50.00
Coleman, Julia	Senate - 48	17	\$1,250.00
Cousineau, Lorie	House - 45B	1	\$100.00
Dahms, Gary	Senate - 15	226	\$10,702.51
Daniels, Brian	House - 19A	43	\$3,500.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Daudt, Kurt	House - 27B	26	\$2,135.00
Davis, Ben	House - 6A	39	\$3,200.00
Demuth, Lisa	House - 13A	15	\$1,325.00
Doerr, Stephen	House - 26A	9	\$483.33
Dorau, Dwight	House - 47B	43	\$2,488.00
Dornink, Gene	Senate - 23	37	\$2,760.71
Dotseth, Jeff	House - 11A	65	\$4,820.00
Drazkowski, Steve	Senate - 20	23	\$1,225.00
Duckworth, Zach	Senate - 57	11	\$650.00
Eichorn, Justin	Senate - 6	3	\$250.00
Engen, Elliott	House - 36A	14	\$1,100.00
Farnsworth, Robert	Senate - 7	45	\$3,525.00
Fogelman, Marj	House - 21B	26	\$1,975.00
Franson, Mary	House - 12B	110	\$7,983.33
Ganzer, Brad	House - 34A	5	\$500.00
Garofalo, Patrick	House - 58B	39	\$3,384.84
Gillman, Dawn	House - 17A	10	\$800.00
Green, Steve	Senate - 2	32	\$2,525.00
Gruenhagen, Glenn	Senate - 17	155	\$11,776.67
Halmrast, Lynn	House - 4A	1	\$100.00
Harder, Bobbie	House - 17B	37	\$2,878.00
Heintzeman, Joshua	House - 6B	124	\$6,950.00
Housley, Karin	Senate - 33	30	\$2,275.00
Howe, Jeff	Senate - 13	43	\$3,553.33
Hudson, Walter	House - 30A	16	\$924.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Igo, Spencer	House - 7A	13	\$725.00
Jacob, Steven	House - 20B	33	\$2,900.00
Japuntich, Rachel	Senate - 40	1	\$50.00
Jasinski, John	Senate - 19	2	\$150.00
Jensen, Scott	Governor	15	\$671.99
Johnson, Kirsten	House - 50A	1	\$100.00
Johnson, Mark Timothy	Senate - 1	1	\$50.00
Johnson, Brian	House - 28A	41	\$3,175.00
Joy, Jim	House - 4B	32	\$2,683.33
Jurgens, Tony	Senate - 41	1	\$100.00
Kiel, Debra (Deb)	House - 1B	87	\$7,369.39
Knudsen, Krista	House - 5A	9	\$753.00
Koran, Mark	Senate - 28	10	\$733.33
Koznick, Jon	House - 57A	60	\$5,550.00
Kresha, Ronald	House - 10A	28	\$1,960.00
Kreun, Michael	Senate - 32	41	\$3,415.64
Limmer, Warren	Senate - 37	2	\$150.00
Lonnquist, Cynthia	House - 52B	48	\$2,600.41
Lucero, Eric	Senate - 30	48	\$3,256.10
Mathews, Andrew	Senate - 27	36	\$2,105.00
Matteson, Polly	House - 35B	2	\$100.00
McDonald, Joseph (Joe)	House - 29A	2	\$133.33
Mekeland, Shane	House - 27A	4	\$350.00
Miller, Jeremy	Senate - 26	100	\$4,726.66
Moe, Alex	House - 32B	4	\$200.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Monson, Sheldon	House - 5B	2	\$200.00
Mueller, Patricia	House - 23B	91	\$6,728.51
Murphy, Tom	House - 9B	40	\$3,389.99
Myers, Andrew	House - 45A	26	\$2,076.92
Myhra, Pam	Senate - 55	6	\$450.00
Nelson, Carla	Senate - 24	46	\$2,941.65
Niska, Harry	House - 31A	8	\$408.25
Novotny, Paul	House - 30B	19	\$1,260.00
O'Driscoll, Tim	House - 13B	17	\$1,220.00
Olson, Rita Hillmann	House - 58A	28	\$1,315.00
Olson, Christian Bjorn	House - 22A	50	\$4,350.00
Osmek, David	Senate - 17	6	\$400.00
Pafko, Frank	Senate - 51	1	\$50.00
Petersburg, John	House - 19B	24	\$1,883.33
Pratt, Eric	Senate - 54	2	\$100.00
Rarick, Jason	Senate - 11	1	\$100.00
Rasmusson, Jordan	Senate - 9	1	\$100.00
Repinski, Aaron	House - 26A	91	\$4,410.00
Robbins, Kristin	House - 37A	65	\$5,500.00
Schomacker, Joe	House - 21A	31	\$1,508.84
Schultz, Isaac	House - 10B	39	\$3,169.99
Scott, Peggy Sue	House - 31B	29	\$2,484.09
Sharp, Mike	House - 39B	13	\$700.00
Shen, Allen	House - 40B	2	\$100.00
Skraba, Roger Joseph	House - 3A	18	\$1,350.00

Candidate Name	Office Sought	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Steffenhagen, Caleb	House - 48B	47	\$4,175.00
Swedzinski, Chris	House - 15A	32	\$2,671.74
Torkelson, Paul	House - 15B	93	\$4,954.32
Urdahl, Dean	House - 16A	39	\$3,000.00
Utke, Paul	Senate - 5	14	\$950.00
Warwas, Cal	House - 7B	102	\$6,652.00
Weber, Bill	Senate - 21	50	\$3,568.53
West, Nolan	House - 32A	4	\$349.01
Westrom, Torrey	Senate - 12	34	\$2,081.25
Wiener, Michael	House - 5B	9	\$800.00
Wiens, Mark	House - 41A	24	\$1,970.00
Witte, Jeff	House - 57B	43	\$3,275.00
Wolf, Pam	Senate - 39	2	\$100.00
Zeleznikar, Natalie	House - 3B	67	\$5,300.00
Zupancich, Andrea	Senate - 3	133	\$6,824.99
	Party Total	3,824	\$265,897.75
	Grand T	otal 6,665	\$447,860.52

2023 Contribution Refund Summary for Political Party Units

Note: Contributions from a married couple filing jointly are reported as one contribution

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Democratic Farmer Labor Party		
3rd Congressional District DFL	1	\$100.00
4th Congressional District DFL	2	\$162.96
5th Congressional District DFL	1	\$20.00
6th Congressional District DFL	1	\$100.00
8th Congressional District DFL	1	\$100.00
2nd Senate District DFL	6	\$350.00
5B House District DFL	5	\$300.00
7th Senate District DFL	31	\$2,450.00
8th Senate District DFL	12	\$286.00
10th Senate District DFL	1	\$100.00
11A House District DFL	8	\$750.00
13th Senate District DFL	46	\$3,450.00
14th Senate District DFL	37	\$1,855.89
15th Senate District DFL	6	\$193.46
19th Senate District DFL	5	\$339.58
24B House District DFL (Olmsted 20/24)	8	\$575.00
25th Senate District DFL	81	\$5,716.67
26th Senate District DFL	1	\$50.00
27th Senate District DFL	6	\$450.00
28th Senate District DFL	28	\$2,100.00
29th Senate District DFL	37	\$2,887.50

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
2nd Congressional District DFL	5	\$50.00
30th Senate District DFL	3	\$250.00
31st Senate District DFL	12	\$780.00
32nd Senate District DFL	1	\$100.00
33rd Senate District DFL	28	\$2,076.00
34th Senate District DFL	2	\$100.00
35th Senate District DFL	33	\$1,631.48
36th Senate District DFL	5	\$400.00
37th Senate District DFL	17	\$1,095.24
38th Senate District DFL	4	\$182.14
39th Senate Dsitrict DFL	8	\$300.00
10th Senate District DFL	10	\$479.99
41st Senate District DFL	22	\$1,305.95
12nd Senate District DFL	44	\$2,975.00
3rd Senate District DFL	36	\$1,825.00
14th Senate District DFL	6	\$345.59
5th Senate District DFL	73	\$5,352.16
46th Senate District DFL	12	\$780.00
47th Senate District DFL	41	\$1,977.44
48th Senate District DFL	16	\$1,315.00
49th Senate District DFL	30	\$2,000.00
50th Senate District DFL	42	\$2,704.99
1st Senate District DFL	13	\$414.55
2nd Senate District DFL	6	\$471.42
3rd Senate District DFL	8	\$189.54
4th Senate District DFL	5	\$450.00

i6th Senate District DFL 19 \$618.50 i7th Senate District DFL 13 \$786.90 i9th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 i3ts Senate District DFL 21 \$1,041.60 i2d Senate District DFL 8 \$400.00 i3ts Senate District DFL 8 \$400.00 i3d Senate District DFL 8 \$400.00 i3d Senate District DFL 10 \$260.90 i5th Senate District DFL 2 \$1,035.90 i5th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 i5th Senate District DFL 11 \$7.750.00 i5th Senate County DFL 5 \$300.00 i5th Senate County DFL 0 \$684.20 i5th Senate County DFL 10 \$684.20 i5th Senate County DFL 5	Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
37th Senate District DFL 13 \$786.9 39th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.0 31st Senate District DFL 21 \$1,041.6 32ad Senate District DFL 8 \$400.0 33rd Senate District DFL 10 \$260.9 34th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.9 35th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$737.50 38th County DFL 11 \$737.50 39tecker County DFL 11 \$737.50 30tecker County DFL 5 \$300.00 30g Stone County DFL 10 \$684.22 30rooklyn Park DFL 10 \$684.22 30rooklyn Park DFL 43 \$3,400.00 30rown County DFL 5 \$450.00 31 \$2,2,980.00 \$3,400.00	55th Senate District DFL	5	\$400.00
39th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 31st Senate District DFL 21 \$1,041.6 32nd Senate District DFL 8 \$400.00 33rd Senate District DFL 10 \$260.90 36th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.90 36th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 37th Senate District DFL 1 \$737.50 38thin County DFL 11 \$737.50 38ecker County DFL 5 \$300.00 39tig Stone County DFL 5 \$300.00 39tig Stone County DFL 10 \$684.22 39towh County DFL 10 \$684.22 30towh County DFL 43 \$3,400.00 30towh County DFL 43 \$3,400.00 30towh County DFL 5 \$44.50.00	56th Senate District DFL	19	\$618.50
31st Senate District DFL 21 \$1,041.6 52nd Senate District DFL 8 \$400.0 53rd Senate District DFL 10 \$260.9 54th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.9 55th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,000.0 57th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 57th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 57th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 58th Senate District DFL 1 \$737.50 50 \$4,100.00 \$4,100.00 50 \$4,100.00 \$300.00 51st Secker County DFL 5 \$300.00 51st Secker County DFL 5 \$300.00 51st Secker County DFL 6 \$400.00 51st Secker County DFL 6 \$400.00 51st Secker County DFL 5 \$450.00	57th Senate District DFL	13	\$786.90
S2nd Senate District DFL 8 \$400.00 S3rd Senate District DFL 10 \$260.90 S4th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.90 S5th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 S7th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 S7th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 S7th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 S7th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 S7th Senate District DFL 1 \$737.50 S4tkin County DFL 11 \$737.50 Secker County DFL 111 \$77.750.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$300.00 Secker County DFL 10 \$684.20 Secker County DFL 10 \$684.20 Secker County DFL 10 \$684.20 Secker County DFL 6 \$400.00 Secker County DFL 43 \$3,400.00 Secker County DFL 43 \$3,400.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$450.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$450.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$450.00 Secke	59th Senate District DFL	2	\$100.00
33rd Senate District DFL 10 \$260.94 54th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.92 55th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 57th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 57th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 57th Senate District DFL 30 \$2,550.00 Anoka County DFL 30 \$2,550.00 Anoka County DFL 50 \$4,100.00 Secker County DFL 50 \$4,100.00 Secker County DFL 50 \$4,00.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$300.00 Secker County DFL 5 \$300.00 Sig Stone County DFL 5 \$300.00 Sig Stone County DFL 10 \$684.22 Brooklyn Park DFL 6 \$400.00 Sorown County DFL 5 \$450.00 Chippewa County DFL 5 \$450.00 Clay County DFL 28 \$2,050.00 <td< td=""><td>61st Senate District DFL</td><td>21</td><td>\$1,041.67</td></td<>	61st Senate District DFL	21	\$1,041.67
54th Senate District DFL 23 \$1,355.92 55th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 57th Senate District DFL 2 \$100.00 57th Senate District DFL 1 \$50.00 57th Senate District DFL 30 \$2,550.00 58th County DFL 30 \$2,550.00 59th Senate County DFL 11 \$737.50 50 \$4,100.00 \$4,100.00 50 \$4,100.00 \$4,100.00 51 \$300.00 \$4,000.00 52 \$300.00 \$4,650.00 53 \$300.00 \$684.21 50 \$4,650.00 \$4,650.00 51 \$400.00 \$684.21 51 \$300.00 \$684.21 51 \$600.00 \$684.21 51 \$600.00 \$684.21 51 \$600.00 \$684.21 51 \$600.00 \$684.21 51 \$	62nd Senate District DFL	8	\$400.00
S5th Senate District DFL1\$50.00S7th Senate District DFL2\$100.00S7th Senate District DFL1\$50.00S7th Senate District DFL30\$2,550.00S7th Senate District DFL30\$2,550.00S7th Senate District DFL30\$2,550.00S7th Senate District DFL30\$2,550.00Secker County DFL50\$4,100.00Secker County DFL50\$4,100.00Secker County DFL51\$300.00Sector County DFL5\$300.00Sector County DFL5\$300.00Sig Stone County DFL70\$4,650.00Sig Stone County DFL10\$684.20Srooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Srooklyn Park DFL43\$3,400.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clay County DFL1\$50.00Clay County DFL1\$50.00Claarwater County DFL1\$50.00Clook County DFL1\$50.00Claarwater County DFL1\$50.00Stan Son Son Son Son Son Son Son Son Son So	63rd Senate District DFL	10	\$260.99
57th Senate District DFL2\$100.009th Senate District DFL1\$50.00Nitkin County DFL30\$2,550.00Anoka County DFL11\$737.50Becker County DFL50\$4,100.00Beltrami County DFL111\$7,750.00Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.00Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.00Big Stone County DFL10\$684.29Brooklyn Park DFL10\$684.29Brooklyn Park DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL5\$450.00Chippewa County DFL28\$2,050.00Clay County DFL1\$50.00Clay County DFL <t< td=""><td>64th Senate District DFL</td><td>23</td><td>\$1,355.95</td></t<>	64th Senate District DFL	23	\$1,355.95
Ath Senate District DFL1\$50.00Nitkin County DFL30\$2,550.00Anoka County DFL11\$737.50Becker County DFL50\$4,100.00Becker County DFL50\$4,100.00Becker County DFL111\$7,750.00Bectrami County DFL5\$300.00Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.00Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.00Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.20Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL5\$450.00Chippewa County DFL28\$2,050.00Clay County DFL1\$50.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	65th Senate District DFL	1	\$50.00
Nitkin County DFL 30 \$22,550.00 Anoka County DFL 11 \$737.50 Becker County DFL 50 \$4,100.00 Beltrami County DFL 111 \$7,750.00 Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL 5 \$300.00 Big Stone County DFL 70 \$4,650.00 Big Stone County DFL 10 \$684.20 Blue Earth County DFL 10 \$684.20 Brooklyn Park DFL 6 \$400.00 Brown County DFL 43 \$3,400.00 Cass County DFL 5 \$450.00 Chippewa County DFL 5 \$450.00 Clay County DFL 28 \$2,050.00 Clay County DFL 1 \$50.00	67th Senate District DFL	2	\$100.00
Anoka County DFL11\$737.50Becker County DFL50\$4,100.00Beltrami County DFL111\$7,750.00Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.00Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.00Big Stone County DFL10\$684.20Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL5\$450.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL1\$50.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL1\$50.00	9th Senate District DFL	1	\$50.00
Becker County DFL50\$4,100.00Beltrami County DFL111\$7,750.00Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.00Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.00Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.20Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL5\$450.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Aitkin County DFL	30	\$2,550.00
Beltrami County DFL111\$7,750.01Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.01Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.01Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.21Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.01Brown County DFL43\$3,400.01Brown County DFL43\$3,400.01Cass County DFL5\$450.01Chippewa County DFL5\$450.01Clay County DFL1\$50.01Clay County DFL1\$50.01	Anoka County DFL	11	\$737.50
Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL5\$300.01Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.01Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.21Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.01Brown County DFL43\$3,400.01Brown County DFL43\$3,400.01Cass County DFL42\$2,980.01Chippewa County DFL5\$450.01Clay County DFL28\$2,050.01Clearwater County DFL1\$50.01Cook County DFL12\$900.01	Becker County DFL	50	\$4,100.00
Big Stone County DFL70\$4,650.01Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.21Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.01Brown County DFL43\$3,400.01Cass County DFL42\$2,980.01Chippewa County DFL5\$450.01Clay County DFL28\$2,050.01Clearwater County DFL1\$50.01Cook County DFL12\$900.01	Beltrami County DFL	111	\$7,750.00
Blue Earth County DFL10\$684.29Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL42\$2,980.00Cass County DFL5\$450.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Benton-Isanti-Mille Lacs 10 DFL	5	\$300.00
Brooklyn Park DFL6\$400.00Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL42\$2,980.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Big Stone County DFL	70	\$4,650.00
Brown County DFL43\$3,400.00Cass County DFL42\$2,980.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Blue Earth County DFL	10	\$684.29
Cass County DFL42\$2,980.00Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Brooklyn Park DFL	6	\$400.00
Chippewa County DFL5\$450.00Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Brown County DFL	43	\$3,400.00
Clay County DFL28\$2,050.00Clearwater County DFL1\$50.00Cook County DFL12\$900.00	Cass County DFL	42	\$2,980.00
Clearwater County DFL 1 \$50.00 Cook County DFL 12 \$900.00	Chippewa County DFL	5	\$450.00
Cook County DFL 12 \$900.00	Clay County DFL	28	\$2,050.00
	Clearwater County DFL	1	\$50.00
Cottonwood County DFL 9 \$800.00	Cook County DFL	12	\$900.00
	Cottonwood County DFL	9	\$800.00

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Crow Wing County DFL	88	\$6,285.55
Dakota County DFL	3	\$150.00
DFL House Caucus	845	\$53,563.75
DFL Senate Caucus	391	\$22,031.55
Dodge County DFL	5	\$500.00
Douglas County DFL	58	\$4,520.00
Duluth DFL	22	\$1,247.50
Faribault County DFL	14	\$1,000.00
Fillmore County DFL	18	\$1,000.00
Freeborn County DFL	30	\$2,500.00
Goodhue County DFL	34	\$1,628.72
Grant County DFL	28	\$2,060.00
Houston County DFL	29	\$2,000.00
Hubbard County DFL	44	\$2,975.00
Itasca County DFL	60	\$4,750.00
Jackson County DFL	12	\$1,050.00
Kanabec County DFL	7	\$600.00
Kandiyohi County DFL	39	\$3,075.00
Koochiching County DFL	10	\$750.00
Lac qui Parle County DFL	11	\$950.00
Lake County DFL	31	\$2,383.33
Lake of the Woods DFL	15	\$800.00
Le Sueur/Scott (22) County DFL	6	\$450.00
Lyon County DFL	39	\$2,730.00
Marshall/Pennington County DFL	1	\$100.00
Martin County DFL	6	\$550.00

Meeker County DFL 14 \$1,100.00 Minn DFL State Central Committee 11002 \$762,576.16 Minneapolis DFL 41 \$973.12 Morrison County DFL 40 \$3,370.00 Mower County DFL 15 \$1,091.67 Murray County DFL 15 \$1,091.67 Murray County DFL 1 \$74.96 Nicollet County DFL 7 \$525.00 Nicollet County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 7 \$525.00 Pine County DFL 7 \$525.00 Pine County DFL 7 \$525.00 Pine County DFL 7 \$525.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Pole County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Rice County DFL 9 \$546.90 Rice County DFL 9 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County OFL 19 \$1,650.00 St Lo	Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount	
Minn DFL State Central Committee 11002 \$762,576,16 Minneapolis DFL 41 \$973,14 Morrison County DFL 40 \$3,370,00 Mower County DFL 15 \$1,091,67 Murray County DFL 20 \$1,550,00 Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74,99 Nobles County DFL 7 \$525,00 Nicollet County DFL 7 \$525,00 Otter Tail County DFL 7 \$525,00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904,99 Pine County DFL 12 \$1,000,00 Pope County DFL 12 \$1,000,00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546,96 Rice County DFL 9 \$546,96 Rice County DFL 1 \$100,00 St Louis County OFL 1 \$100,00 St Louis County	McLeod County DFL	44	\$3,500.00	
Minneapolis DFL 41 \$973.14 Morrison County DFL 40 \$3,370.00 Mower County DFL 15 \$1,091.67 Murray County DFL 20 \$1,550.00 Micray County DFL 1 \$74.92 Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74.92 Nobles County DFL 1 \$74.92 Nobles County DFL 1 \$74.92 Nobles County DFL 1 \$74.92 Pine County DFL 38 \$2,904.93 Pine County DFL 38 \$2,904.93 Pine County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Pole County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 1 \$100.00 Stoley County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Stolous County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 <td>Meeker County DFL</td> <td>14</td> <td>\$1,100.00</td>	Meeker County DFL	14	\$1,100.00	
Morrison County DFL 40 \$3,370.00 Mower County DFL 15 \$1,091.67 Murray County DFL 20 \$1,550.00 Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74.99 Nobles County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.99 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pole County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Pole County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Stibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 St Louis County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Stearns County DFL 10 \$850.00	Minn DFL State Central Committee	11002	\$762,576.16	
Mower County DFL 15 \$1,091.67 Murray County DFL 20 \$1,550.00 Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74.99 Nobles County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.99 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546.98 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County OFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 10 \$850.00 <td>Minneapolis DFL</td> <td>41</td> <td>\$973.14</td>	Minneapolis DFL	41	\$973.14	
Murray County DFL 20 \$1,550.00 Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74.95 Nobles County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.95 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$46.92 Renville County DFL 29 \$977.92 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$100.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 10 \$850.00	Morrison County DFL	40	\$3,370.00	
Nicollet County DFL 1 \$74.99 Nobles County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.99 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546.98 Renville County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 St Louis County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 St Louis County DFL 3 \$40.00 St Louis County DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL 10 \$850.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00	Mower County DFL	15	\$1,091.67	
Nobles County DFL 7 \$525.00 Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.99 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546.98 Richfield DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County OFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00	Murray County DFL	20	\$1,550.00	
Otter Tail County DFL 38 \$2,904.99 Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546.98 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 2 \$150.00 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 St County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 St Louis County OFL 19 \$1,650.00 St Louis County OFL 19 \$1,650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Nicollet County DFL	1	\$74.99	
Pine County DFL (HD 11B) 6 \$550.00 Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Sibley County DFL 27 \$1,300.00 Sibley County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Nobles County DFL	7	\$525.00	
Pipestone County DFL 12 \$1,000.00 Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Pope County DFL 9 \$546.98 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 10 \$850.00	Otter Tail County DFL	38	\$2,904.99	
Polk and Red Lake County DFL 49 \$2,750.00 Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Pine County DFL (HD 11B)	6	\$550.00	
Pope County DFL 5 \$350.00 Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Sibley County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Pipestone County DFL	12	\$1,000.00	
Renville County DFL 9 \$546.98 Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Polk and Red Lake County DFL	49	\$2,750.00	
Rice County DFL 29 \$977.92 Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Sibley County OFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Pope County DFL	5	\$350.00	
Richfield DFL 2 \$150.00 Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 Sibley County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Renville County DFL	9	\$546.98	
Rock County DFL 19 \$1,650.00 Sibley County DFL 1 \$100.00 St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Rice County DFL	29	\$977.92	
Sibley County DFL1\$100.00St Louis County (03) DFL27\$1,300.00St Louis County (07) DFL8\$650.00St Paul DFL3\$40.00Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12)20\$1,600.00Steele County DFL10\$850.00Swift County DFL18\$1,100.00	Richfield DFL	2	\$150.00	
St Louis County (03) DFL 27 \$1,300.00 St Louis County (07) DFL 8 \$650.00 St Paul DFL 3 \$40.00 Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12) 20 \$1,600.00 Steele County DFL 10 \$850.00 Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Rock County DFL	19	\$1,650.00	
St Louis County (07) DFL8\$650.00St Paul DFL3\$40.00Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12)20\$1,600.00Steele County DFL10\$850.00Swift County DFL18\$1,100.00	Sibley County DFL	1	\$100.00	
St Paul DFL3\$40.00Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12)20\$1,600.00Steele County DFL10\$850.00Swift County DFL18\$1,100.00	St Louis County (03) DFL	27	\$1,300.00	
Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12)20\$1,600.00Steele County DFL10\$850.00Swift County DFL18\$1,100.00	St Louis County (07) DFL	8	\$650.00	
Steele County DFL10\$850.00Swift County DFL18\$1,100.00	St Paul DFL	3	\$40.00	
Swift County DFL 18 \$1,100.00	Stearns County DFL (Stearns-12)	20	\$1,600.00	
	Steele County DFL	10	\$850.00	
Todd Wadena County DFL 6 \$350.00	Swift County DFL	18	\$1,100.00	
	Todd Wadena County DFL	6	\$350.00	

Party Units		Contributions Refunded	Amount
Wabasha County DFL		24	\$2,000.00
Waseca County DFL		35	\$2,650.00
Watonwan County DFL		14	\$1,200.00
Wilkin County DFL		4	\$350.00
Winona County DFL		55	\$4,200.00
	Subtotals:	14,768	\$1,010,535.59
Grassroots Party			
Grassroots-Legalize Cannabis	Party	21	\$1,325.00
	Subtotals:	21	\$1,325.00
Legalize Marijuana Now	Party		
Legal Marijuana Now Party		3	\$200.00
	Subtotals:	3	\$200.00
Libertarian Party of Min	nesota		
Libertarian Party of Minn		15	\$950.00
	Subtotals:	15	\$950.00
Republican Party of Min	nesota		
2nd Congressional District RP	Μ	19	\$1,086.66
4th Congressional District RPI	N	2	\$100.00
7th Congressional District RPI	N	7	\$550.00
8th Senate District RPM		4	\$300.00
12th Senate District RPM		1	\$100.00
13th Senate District RPM		3	\$165.00

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
1st Congressional District RPM	17	\$1,091.78
27B House District RPM	2	\$60.00
30th Senate District RPM	1	\$100.00
31st Senate District RPM	65	\$4,250.00
32nd Senate District RPM	4	\$220.00
33rd Senate District RPM	7	\$500.00
34th Senate District RPM	12	\$800.00
35th Senate District RPM	23	\$939.99
36th Senate District RPM	4	\$330.00
37th Senate District RPM	9	\$530.30
38th Senate District RPM	1	\$50.00
39th Senate District RPM	17	\$874.98
3B House District RPM	7	\$400.00
3rd Congressional District RPM	1	\$50.00
40th Senate District RPM	16	\$950.00
41st Senate District RPM	7	\$416.66
42nd Senate District RPM	29	\$1,425.00
43rd Senate District RPM	3	\$200.00
44th Senate District RPM	2	\$100.00
45th Senate District RPM	1	\$25.00
46th Senate District RPM	48	\$3 <i>,</i> 435.69
47th Senate District RPM	22	\$1,652.72
49th Senate District RPM	16	\$1,202.00
50th Senate District RPM	25	\$967.52
51st Senate District RPM	6	\$350.00
52nd Senate District RPM	48	\$3,379.22

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
53rd Senate District RPM	28	\$1,650.00
55th Senate District RPM	21	\$1,320.00
56th Senate District RPM	7	\$450.00
57th Senate District RPM	1	\$50.00
58B House District RPM	2	\$100.00
61st Senate District RPM	3	\$150.00
63rd Senate District RPM	6	\$300.00
64th Senate District RPM	10	\$725.00
65th Senate District RPM	8	\$400.00
66A House District RPM	3	\$200.00
67th Senate District RPM	1	\$50.00
Aitkin County RPM	1	\$100.00
Becker County RPM	59	\$4,950.00
Beltrami County RPM	81	\$6,404.16
Benton County RPM	38	\$2 <i>,</i> 490.00
Blue Earth County RPM	11	\$874.54
Brown County RPM	27	\$2,025.00
Carlton County RPM	33	\$2 <i>,</i> 850.00
Carver County RPM	10	\$640.00
Cass County RPM	22	\$1,850.00
Chippewa County RPM	6	\$500.00
Chisago County RPM	23	\$1,600.00
Clay County RPM	9	\$750.00
Clearwater County RPM	41	\$3,310.60
Cook County RPM	5	\$500.00
Cottonwood County RPM	3	\$250.00

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Crow Wing County RPM	26	\$1,270.00
Dodge County RPM	4	\$400.00
Douglas County RPM	9	\$650.00
Faribault County RPM	16	\$1,300.00
Fillmore County RPM	26	\$2,100.00
Freeborn County RPM	41	\$2,939.28
Goodhue County RPM	34	\$3,000.00
Grant County RPM	20	\$1,700.00
Houston County RPM	21	\$1,816.66
HRCC	1429	\$93,061.62
Hubbard County RPM	27	\$1,850.00
Isanti County RPM	8	\$390.00
Itasca County RPM	290	\$22,550.00
Jackson County RPM	45	\$3,850.00
Kanabec County RPM	17	\$1,149.98
Kandiyohi County RPM	44	\$3,354.04
Lac qui Parle County RPM	20	\$1,800.00
Lake County RPM	34	\$2 <i>,</i> 850.00
Lake of the Woods RPM	5	\$400.00
LeSueur County RPM	40	\$3,650.00
Lyon County RPM	29	\$2,598.70
Mahnomen County RPM	2	\$200.00
Marshall County RPM	4	\$400.00
McLeod County RPM	34	\$2,700.00
Meeker County RPM	38	\$2,400.00
Mille Lacs County RPM	2	\$200.00

Party Units	Contributions Refunded	Amount
Minneapolis Republican Party	23	\$1,500.00
Morrison County RPM	29	\$2,050.00
Mower County RPM	14	\$1,049.23
Murray County RPM	7	\$550.00
Nicollet County RPM	25	\$1,990.00
Nobles County RPM	7	\$650.00
Olmsted County RPM	92	\$7,453.33
Otter Tail County RPM	18	\$1,550.00
Pine County RPM	10	\$800.00
Pipestone County RPM	5	\$450.00
Polk County RPM	3	\$250.00
Pope County RPM	34	\$2,905.00
Redwood County RPM	32	\$2,519.60
Renville County RPM	42	\$3,750.00
Republican Party of Minn	4112	\$296,493.51
Rice County RPM	20	\$810.00
Rock County RPM	9	\$850.00
Roseau County RPM	5	\$450.00
Scott County RPM	21	\$1,325.00
Senate Victory Fund (SVF)	527	\$36,306.09
St Louis County RPM	4	\$200.00
St Paul RPM	1	\$25.00
Steele County RPM	53	\$4,900.00
Swift County RPM	18	\$1,550.00
Traverse County RPM	11	\$900.00
Wabasha County RPM	16	\$839.90

Party Units		Contributions Refunded	Amount
Wadena County RPM		28	\$2,124.99
Waseca County RPM		47	\$3,950.00
Watonwan County RPM		8	\$450.00
Wilkin County RPM		18	\$1,500.00
Winona County RPM		9	\$600.00
Wright County RPM		26	\$2,322.08
-	Subtotals:	8,434	\$603,203.28
-	Grand Totals:	23,241	\$1,616,213.87



CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD MAKES POST PRIMARY DISTRIBUTION OF 2024 PUBLIC SUBSIDY PAYMENTS

The Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board distributed **\$2,093,920** in public subsidy payments to 230 candidates who are running for the House of Representatives at the 2024 state general election. A list of qualifying candidates and payments is attached.

Of the 282 candidates who filed for the House of Representatives, 261 (93%) signed the voluntary agreement to abide by spending limits and to comply with other conditions of the agreement required under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 10A.

To qualify for a public subsidy payment a candidate must:

- be opposed at either the primary or general election,
- appear on the general election ballot (win the primary election if opposed),
- sign and timely file a public subsidy agreement with the Board to abide by applicable campaign expenditure limits,
- and sign and timely file an affidavit of contributions stating that the candidate accumulated a specified amount in contributions from individuals eligible to vote in Minnesota.

Funds for the public subsidy payment are derived from an appropriation from the state general fund that is based on the check-off included on the state income and property tax forms and an appropriation from the state general fund. The legislature increased the size of the general fund appropriation in 2023, and as a result the total amount paid to House of Representative candidates in 2024 was almost three times the amount paid to candidates for that office in 2022. By party, the total post-primary public subsidy payments were:

DFL RPM

House of Representatives \$1,232,495 \$861,425

- DFL = Democratic Farmer Labor Party RPM = Republican Party of Minnesota
- Note: No other major or minor party candidates qualified for a public subsidy payment in 2024.

2024 Post Primary Public Subsidy Payments

Office	Party	v Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
1A					
	DFL	James Sceville	\$728.02	\$6,591.56	\$7,319.58
	RPM	John Burkel	\$413.33	\$6,591.56	\$7,004.89
1B					
	DFL	Mike Christopherson	\$1,113.82	\$6,591.56	\$7,705.39
	RPM	Steven Gander	\$597.77	\$6,591.56	\$7,189.33
2A					
	DFL	Reed Olson	\$2,071.28	\$6,591.56	\$8,662.84
	RPM	Bidal Duran	\$648.46	\$6,591.56	\$7,240.02
2B					
	DFL	Michael Reyes	\$1,946.04	\$6,591.56	\$8,537.60
3A					
-	DFL	Harley Droba	\$3,765.80	\$6,591.56	\$10,357.36
	RPM	Roger Joseph Skraba	\$1,117.43	\$6,591.56	\$7,708.99
3B					
	DFL	Mark Munger	\$4,184.50	\$6,591.56	\$10,776.07
	RPM	Natalie Zeleznikar	\$975.07	\$6,591.56	\$7,566.63
4 A					
	DFL	Heather Keeler	\$2,447.70	\$6,591.56	\$9,039.27
	RPM	Joshua Zincke	\$493.40	\$6,591.56	\$7,084.96
4B					
12	DFL	Thaddeus Laugisch	\$1,944.51	\$6,591.56	\$8,536.07
	RPM	Jim Joy	\$893.11	\$6,591.56	\$7,484.67
5A					
011	DFL	Brian Hobson	\$2,118.09	\$6,591.56	\$8,709.65
	RPM	Krista Knudsen	\$1,151.29	\$6,591.56	\$7,742.85
5B					
50	DFL	Gregg Hendrickson	\$881.66	\$6,591.56	\$7,473.22
	RPM	Michael Wiener	\$891.10	\$6,591.56	\$7,482.66
61			+		<i></i>
6A	RPM	Ben Davis	\$1,310.95	\$6,591.56	\$7,902.51
Monday, A	August 26, 20	024			Page 1 of

Office	Party	y Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
6B					
	DFL	Emily LeClaire	\$2,331.26	\$6,591.56	\$8,922.82
	RPM	Joshua Heintzeman	\$1,263.48	\$6,591.56	\$7,855.04
7A					
	DFL	Aron Schnaser	\$2,489.88	\$6,591.56	\$9,081.44
	RPM	Spencer Igo	\$902.55	\$6,591.56	\$7,494.11
7B					
	DFL	Lorrie Janatopoulos	\$3,539.52	\$6,591.56	\$10,131.08
	RPM	Cal Warwas	\$972.17	\$6,591.56	\$7,563.73
8A					
	DFL	Peter Johnson	\$4,164.89	\$6,591.56	\$10,756.45
	RPM	Mark McGrew	\$474.52	\$6,591.56	\$7,066.08
8B					
	DFL	Alicia Kozlowski	\$5,394.02	\$6,591.56	\$11,985.58
	RPM	Shawn Savela	\$555.42	\$6,591.56	\$7,146.98
9A					
	DFL	Michael Ziomko	\$1,172.30	\$6,591.56	\$7,763.86
	RPM	Jeff Backer	\$745.86	\$6,591.56	\$7,337.42
10A					
	DFL	Julia Hipp	\$1,365.09	\$6,591.56	\$7,956.65
	RPM	Ronald Kresha	\$982.86	\$6,591.56	\$7,574.42
10B					
	RPM	Isaac Schultz	\$1,111.39	\$6,591.56	\$7,702.96
11A					
	DFL	Pete Radosevich	\$2,911.42	\$6,591.56	\$9,502.99
	RPM	Jeff Dotseth	\$701.78	\$6,591.56	\$7,293.35
11B					
	DFL	Eric Olson	\$1,771.32	\$6,591.56	\$8,362.88
	RPM	Nathan Nelson	\$1,033.29	\$6,591.56	\$7,624.85
12A					
	RPM	Paul Anderson	\$711.13	\$6,591.56	\$7,302.70
12B					
	RPM	Mary Franson	\$1,095.73	\$6,591.56	\$7,687.29
		,		-	

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
13A					
	DFL	Cindy Aho	\$1,770.63	\$6,591.56	\$8,362.19
	RPM	Lisa Demuth	\$1,203.03	\$6,591.56	\$7,794.59
13B					
	DFL	Dusty Bolstad	\$1,873.81	\$6,591.56	\$8,465.37
	RPM	Tim O'Driscoll	\$928.89	\$6,591.56	\$7,520.45
14A					
	DFL	Abdi Daisane	\$2,193.02	\$6,591.56	\$8,784.58
14B					
	DFL	Dan Wolgamott	\$2,244.82	\$6,591.56	\$8,836.38
	RPM	Sue Ek	\$578.36	\$6,591.56	\$7,169.92
15A					
	DFL	Anthony Studemann	\$1,279.51	\$6,591.56	\$7,871.07
15B					
	DFL	Tom Kuster	\$1,221.83	\$6,591.56	\$7,813.40
	RPM	Paul Torkelson	\$877.20	\$6,591.56	\$7,468.76
16A					
	DFL	Kathy Jorgenson-Hegstad	\$1,084.44	\$6,591.56	\$7,676.00
	RPM	Scott Van Binsbergen	\$541.48	\$6,591.56	\$7,133.04
16B					
	DFL	Josiah Daniel Ampian	\$1,373.39	\$6,591.56	\$7,964.95
	RPM	David (Dave) Baker	\$847.64	\$6,591.56	\$7,439.21
17A					
	RPM	Dawn Gillman	\$837.73	\$6,591.56	\$7,429.29
17B					
	DFL	Jennifer Nuesse	\$1,368.99	\$6,591.56	\$7,960.55
	RPM	Bobbie Harder	\$1,513.23	\$6,591.56	\$8,104.80
18A					
	DFL	Jeff Brand	\$2,477.22	\$6,591.56	\$9,068.78
	RPM	Erica Schwartz	\$978.57	\$6,591.56	\$7,570.13
18B					
	DFL	Luke Frederick	\$2,398.33	\$6,591.56	\$8,989.89
	RPM	Dar Vosburg	\$519.60	\$6,591.56	\$7,111.16

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
19A					
	DFL	Jessica Navarro	\$2,668.65	\$6,591.56	\$9,260.21
	RPM	Keith Allen	\$887.30	\$6,591.56	\$7,478.86
19B					
	DFL	Edelgard Fernandez Mejia	\$1,342.63	\$6,591.56	\$7,934.19
	RPM	Thomas James Sexton	\$920.60	\$6,591.56	\$7,512.17
20A					
	DFL	Heather Arndt	\$2,567.00	\$6,591.56	\$9,158.56
	RPM	Pamela Altendorf	\$1,023.93	\$6,591.56	\$7,615.49
20B					
	DFL	Michael Hutchinson	\$2,182.63	\$6,591.56	\$8,774.19
	RPM	Steven Jacob	\$1,309.17	\$6,591.56	\$7,900.73
21A					
	RPM	Joe Schomacker	\$725.75	\$6,591.56	\$7,317.32
21B					
210	DFL	Jon Wilson	\$869.09	\$6,591.56	\$7,460.65
22A					.,
LLA	DFL	Marisa Ulmen	\$1,127.85	\$6,591.56	\$7,719.41
	RPM	Christian Bjorn Olson	\$897.77	\$6,591.56	\$7,489.33
22B			••••		÷,,
22D	DFL	Sara Nett-Torgrimson	\$1,475.64	\$6,591.56	\$8,067.20
	RPM	Terry Stier	\$975.60	\$6,591.56	\$7,567.16
23A			÷,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<i> </i>
ZJA	DFL	Joseph (Joe) Staloch	\$1,391.77	\$6,591.56	\$7,983.33
	RPM	Peggy Bennett	\$691.58	\$6,591.56	\$7,283.14
1 2D	10.101		φ071.00	÷ • ;• > • •	\$7,200.11
23B	DFL	Joseph Pacovsky	\$2,352.76	\$6,591.56	\$8,944.32
	RPM	Patricia Mueller	\$773.13	\$6,591.56	\$7,364.70
244	ICI IVI		<i>Q</i> 775.15	\$6,67166	\$7,501.70
24A	DFL	Heather Holmes	\$1 800 <i>4</i> 0	\$6,591.56	¢
	RPM	Duane Quam	\$1,890.40 \$1,210.47	\$6,591.56	\$8,481.96 \$7,802.03
A 15		Dualle Qualli	\$1,210.47	ψ 0, 371.30	\$7,002.05
24B	DEI	Tine Tishline	¢2 222 57	\$6 501 56	¢0 005 10
	DFL	Tina Liebling	\$3,333.57	\$6,591.56	\$9,925.13
	RPM	Dan Sepeda	\$1,067.42	\$6,591.56	\$7,658.98

Office	Party	v Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
25A					
	DFL	Kimberly (Kim) Hicks	\$3,348.42	\$6,591.56	\$9,939.98
	RPM	Ken Navitsky	\$1,081.41	\$6,591.56	\$7,672.97
25B					
	DFL	Andrew Smith	\$3,428.99	\$6,591.56	\$10,020.55
	RPM	Wes Lund	\$770.69	\$6,591.56	\$7,362.26
26A					
	DFL	Sarah Kruger	\$2,909.00	\$6,591.56	\$9,500.56
	RPM	Aaron Repinski	\$712.78	\$6,591.56	\$7,304.34
26B					
	DFL	Allie Wolf	\$1,729.20	\$6,591.56	\$8,320.76
27A					
	RPM	Shane Mekeland	\$1,278.73	\$6,591.56	\$7,870.29
27B					
270	RPM	Bryan Lawrence	\$1,352.39	\$6,591.56	\$7,943.95
28A		5	•)		· ·)
20A	DFL	Tim Dummer	\$1,521.74	\$6,591.56	\$8,113.30
	RPM	James "Jimmy" Gordon	\$1,097.70	\$6,591.56	\$7,689.26
28B	10.00		\$1,05,110		\$7,007.20
200	DFL	Mary Jo Murphy	\$2,166.60	\$6,591.56	\$8,758.16
	RPM	Maxwell (Max) Rymer	\$1,077.30	\$6,591.56	\$7,668.86
20.4		maxion (max) regimer	\$1,077.50		\$7,000.00
29A	DFL	Chris Brazelton	\$1,675.60	\$6,591.56	\$8,267.16
	RPM	Joseph (Joe) McDonald	\$1,300.35	\$6,591.56	\$7,891.91
200		vosepii (voe) med onara	\$1,500.55	+ • ,• • • • •	φ,,0,,1,,1
29B	DFL	Colton Kratky	\$1,338.53	\$6,591.56	\$7,930.10
	RPM	Marion Olivia Rarick	\$1,358.55	\$6,591.56	\$7,693.13
20.4	KI WI	Warton Onvia Ranek	\$1,101.57	\$6,07100	\$7,095.15
30A	DFL	Sonja Buckmeier	\$1,863.04	\$6,591.56	\$8,454.60
	RPM	Walter Hudson	\$1,863.04 \$1,230.52	\$6,591.56	\$8,434.00
	KI WI	watter Hudson	\$1,230.32	\$6,571.56	\$7,822.08
30B	DEI	Davi Dalin	¢0.040.00	\$6,591.56	¢0 < 11 1
	DFL	Paul Bolin Paul Nevetny	\$2,049.90 \$1,334.78	\$6,591.56 \$6,591.56	\$8,641.46 \$7,026.34
	RPM	Paul Novotny	\$1,334.78	φ0, <i>37</i> 1.30	\$7,926.34
31A	DDI	11 N' 1	A1 (70 F)	\$7 E01 E7	фо о сло-
	RPM	Harry Niska	\$1,672.71	\$6,591.56	\$8,264.27
Monday, A	August 26, 2	024			Page 5 of

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
31B					
	DFL	Gadisa Berkessa	\$2,335.66	\$6,591.56	\$8,927.22
	RPM	Peggy Sue Scott	\$1,951.36	\$6,591.56	\$8,542.93
32A					
	DFL	Ashton Ramsammy	\$2,996.61	\$6,591.56	\$9,588.17
	RPM	Nolan West	\$1,527.73	\$6,591.56	\$8,119.29
32B					
	DFL	Matt Norris	\$3,095.62	\$6,591.56	\$9,687.18
	RPM	Alex Moe	\$1,258.90	\$6,591.56	\$7,850.47
33A					
	DFL	Jake Ross	\$3,717.14	\$6,591.56	\$10,308.70
	RPM	Patricia Anderson	\$1,538.70	\$6,591.56	\$8,130.26
33B					
	DFL	Josiah Hill	\$4,634.78	\$6,591.56	\$11,226.34
	RPM	Jessica Johnson	\$1,386.99	\$6,591.56	\$7,978.55
34A					
	DFL	Brian Raines	\$4,739.22	\$6,591.56	\$11,330.78
	RPM	Danny Nadeau	\$2,165.84	\$6,591.56	\$8,757.40
34B					
	DFL	Melissa Hortman	\$4,791.20	\$6,591.56	\$11,382.76
	RPM	Scott Simmons	\$1,187.98	\$6,591.56	\$7,779.55
35A					
	DFL	Zachary Stephenson	\$3,038.38	\$6,591.56	\$9,629.94
	RPM	Joshua Jungling	\$1,188.52	\$6,591.56	\$7,780.08
35B					
	DFL	Kari Rehrauer	\$2,936.52	\$6,591.56	\$9,528.08
	RPM	Steven Pape	\$1,214.55	\$6,591.56	\$7,806.11
36A					
	DFL	Janelle Calhoun	\$4,732.78	\$6,591.56	\$11,324.34
	RPM	Elliott Engen	\$1,853.65	\$6,591.56	\$8,445.21
36B					
	DFL	Brion Curran	\$6,730.57	\$6,591.56	\$13,322.13
	RPM	Patricia Bradway	\$1,794.86	\$6,591.56	\$8,386.42

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
37A					
	DFL	Laurie Wolfe	\$4,711.92	\$6,591.56	\$11,303.48
	RPM	Kristin Robbins	\$2,428.24	\$6,591.56	\$9,019.80
37B					
	DFL	Kristin Bahner	\$5,669.15	\$6,591.56	\$12,260.71
	RPM	John Bristol	\$1,938.94	\$6,591.56	\$8,530.50
38A					
	DFL	Huldah Momanyi Hiltsley	\$3,524.22	\$6,591.56	\$10,115.78
	RPM	Brad Olson	\$597.70	\$6,591.56	\$7,189.27
38B					
	DFL	Samantha Vang	\$3,500.59	\$6,591.56	\$10,092.15
	RPM	Robert Marvin	\$574.32	\$6,591.56	\$7,165.88
39A					
0,11	DFL	Erin Koegel	\$3,118.11	\$6,591.56	\$9,709.67
	RPM	Rod Sylvester	\$764.58	\$6,591.56	\$7,356.14
39B					
570	DFL	Sandra Feist	\$5,433.24	\$6,591.56	\$12,024.80
	RPM	Kt Jacobs	\$861.15	\$6,591.56	\$7,452.71
40B					
40D	DFL	Curtis Johnson	\$8,111.26	\$6,591.56	\$14,702.82
	RPM	Paul Wikstrom	\$1,300.75	\$6,591.56	\$7,892.32
41A			<i> </i>		÷,,,,
4 1A	DFL	Lucia Wroblewski	\$4,611.23	\$6,591.56	\$11,202.79
	RPM	Wayne Johnson	\$1,552.98	\$6,591.56	\$8,144.54
41B			<i> </i>		<i><i><i><i>x</i></i> = <i><i>y</i> = <i>x</i> = <i>x</i> = <i>x</i></i></i></i>
41D	DFL	Jen Fox	\$3,632.36	\$6,591.56	\$10,223.92
42.4	DIL	JOHTOX	\$5,052.50	\$ 0,0 > 1 + 0 0	¢10,223.92
42A	DFL	Ned Carroll	\$5,678.08	\$6,591.56	\$12,269.64
	RPM	Kathy Burkett	\$3,678.08	\$6,591.56	\$12,269.64 \$8,263.55
	IXI IVI	Raily Durken	\$1,071.99	<i>\\</i> 0,071.00	\$0,205.JJ
42B	DEI	Vincinia (Cirrer) VI	ØE 055 50	\$6,591.56	¢1 0 447 00
	DFL	Virginia (Ginny) Klevorn	\$5,855.52	\$6,591.56 \$6,591.56	\$12,447.08
	RPM	Perry Nouis	\$1,550.84	\$0,391.30	\$8,142.40
43A	D		*	AC 201 20	*** *** *
	DFL	Cedrick Frazier	\$5,389.35	\$6,591.56	\$11,980.91
	RPM	Todd Hesemann	\$694.53	\$6,591.56	\$7,286.09

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
43B					
	DFL	Mike Freiberg	\$7,615.85	\$6,591.56	\$14,207.41
	RPM	Steve Merriman	\$690.81	\$6,591.56	\$7,282.37
44A					
	DFL	Peter Fischer	\$5,629.37	\$6,591.56	\$12,220.93
	RPM	Karla Nelson	\$1,167.93	\$6,591.56	\$7,759.49
44B					
	DFL	Leon Lillie	\$4,126.34	\$6,591.56	\$10,717.90
45A					
	RPM	Andrew Myers	\$2,437.11	\$6,591.56	\$9,028.68
46A					
	DFL	Larry Kraft	\$7,406.16	\$6,591.56	\$13,997.72
	RPM	John Nagel	\$607.57	\$6,591.56	\$7,199.13
46B					
102	DFL	Cheryl Youakim	\$6,711.58	\$6,591.56	\$13,303.14
	RPM	Kim Rich	\$790.68	\$6,591.56	\$7,382.24
47A					
	DFL	Amanda Hemmingsen-Jaeger	\$5,055.62	\$6,591.56	\$11,647.18
	RPM	Teresa Kay Whitson	\$1,070.69	\$6,591.56	\$7,662.25
47B					
	DFL	Ethan Cha	\$4,343.84	\$6,591.56	\$10,935.40
	RPM	Dwight Dorau	\$1,183.02	\$6,591.56	\$7,774.58
48A					
	DFL	Nathan Kells	\$2,813.51	\$6,591.56	\$9,405.07
	RPM	Jim Nash	\$1,708.32	\$6,591.56	\$8,299.88
48B					
	DFL	Lucy Rehm	\$3,266.49	\$6,591.56	\$9,858.05
	RPM	Caleb Steffenhagen	\$1,378.02	\$6,591.56	\$7,969.58
49A					
	DFL	Alexander Falconer	\$6,700.75	\$6,591.56	\$13,292.31
	RPM	Stacy Bettison	\$1,612.21	\$6,591.56	\$8,203.77
49B					
	DFL	Carlie Kotyza-Witthuhn	\$5,558.10	\$6,591.56	\$12,149.66
	RPM	Wendi Russo	\$1,552.99	\$6,591.56	\$8,144.55

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
50A					
	DFL	Julie Greene	\$6,936.20	\$6,591.56	\$13,527.76
	RPM	Owen Michaelson	\$1,435.19	\$6,591.56	\$8,026.75
50B					
	DFL	Steve Elkins	\$6,760.34	\$6,591.56	\$13,351.90
	RPM	Robert Gust	\$1,641.07	\$6,591.56	\$8,232.63
51A					
	DFL	Michael Howard	\$5,891.95	\$6,591.56	\$12,483.52
51B					
012	DFL	Nathan Coulter	\$4,845.26	\$6,591.56	\$11,436.82
	RPM	Lion Dale Johnson	\$1,154.23	\$6,591.56	\$7,745.79
52A					
5211	DFL	Lizabeth Reyer	\$4,373.43	\$6,591.56	\$10,965.00
	RPM	Diane Anderson	\$1,152.52	\$6,591.56	\$7,744.08
52B					,
520	DFL	Bianca Virnig	\$5,431.85	\$6,591.56	\$12,023.41
	RPM	Douglas Willetts	\$1,420.59	\$6,591.56	\$8,012.15
53A		0			
33 A	DFL	Mary Frances Clardy	\$4,349.92	\$6,591.56	\$10,941.48
	RPM	Nathan Herschbach	\$1,381.99	\$6,591.56	\$7,973.55
53B					
550	DFL	Richard (Rick) Hansen	\$3,709.04	\$6,591.56	\$10,300.60
	RPM	Aaron Brooksby	\$1,085.03	\$6,591.56	\$7,676.60
54A		5	•)		
34A	DFL	Brad Tabke	\$2,347.76	\$6,591.56	\$8,939.32
	RPM	Aaron Paul	\$879.31	\$6,591.56	\$7,470.87
54D	10.11		<i>Q(1).0 1</i>		\$7,17007
54B	DFL	Jean Lee	\$2,412.19	\$6,591.56	\$9,003.75
	RPM	Ben Bakeberg	\$1,418.14	\$6,591.56	\$9,003.75
	KI WI	Den Dakeberg	ψ1,+10.1+	\$0,071.00	\$6,009.70
55A	DEI	Jacoba Hangar	¢ኃ 001 57	\$6,591.56	¢0 572 12
	DFL	Jessica Hanson	\$2,981.57	\$0,391.30	\$9,573.13
55B			** * * * * - *	A (--)	h / h - h
	DFL	Kaela Jo Berg	\$3,566.53	\$6,591.56	\$10,158.09
	RPM	Van Holston	\$1,094.60	\$6,591.56	\$7,686.17

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
56A					
	DFL	Robert Bierman	\$4,105.58	\$6,591.56	\$10,697.15
	RPM	Angela Zorn	\$1,203.40	\$6,591.56	\$7,794.96
56B					
	DFL	John Duffy Huot	\$4,516.37	\$6,591.56	\$11,107.93
	RPM	Angeline Anderson	\$1,587.30	\$6,591.56	\$8,178.86
57A					
	DFL	Veda Kanitz	\$2,903.09	\$6,591.56	\$9,494.65
	RPM	Jon Koznick	\$1,881.14	\$6,591.56	\$8,472.70
57B					
	DFL	Brian Cohn	\$3,736.46	\$6,591.56	\$10,328.02
	RPM	Jeff Witte	\$1,746.45	\$6,591.56	\$8,338.02
58A					
	DFL	Kristi Pursell	\$5,353.82	\$6,591.56	\$11,945.38
	RPM	Rita Hillmann Olson	\$965.65	\$6,591.56	\$7,557.21
58B					
	DFL	Ian English	\$2,902.98	\$6,591.56	\$9,494.54
	RPM	Drew Roach	\$1,848.80	\$6,591.56	\$8,440.36
59B					
	DFL	Esther Agbaje	\$6,350.77	\$6,591.56	\$12,942.33
	RPM	Kenneth Smoron	\$309.11	\$6,591.56	\$6,900.67
60A					
	DFL	Sydney Jordan	\$8,207.84	\$6,591.56	\$14,799.40
	RPM	Mary Holmberg	\$423.24	\$6,591.56	\$7,014.80
60B					
	DFL	Mohamud Noor	\$4,206.63	\$6,591.56	\$10,798.19
	RPM	Abigail Wolters	\$141.42	\$6,591.56	\$6,732.98
61A					
	DFL	Katie Jones	\$7,526.69	\$6,591.56	\$14,118.26
61B					
	DFL	James (Jamie) Long	\$10,027.13	\$6,591.56	\$16,618.70
62A					
J= 1 1	DFL	Aisha Gomez	\$5,216.02	\$6,591.56	\$11,807.58

Office	Party	Name	Party Account Payment	General Account Payment	Total Payment
62B					
	DFL	Anquam Mahamoud	\$6,228.81	\$6,591.56	\$12,820.37
	RPM	Bob Sullentrop	\$253.20	\$6,591.56	\$6,844.76
63B					
	DFL	Emma Greenman	\$9,705.45	\$6,591.56	\$16,297.01
	RPM	Diane Napper	\$555.94	\$6,591.56	\$7,147.50
64A					
	DFL	Kaohly Her	\$10,507.14	\$6,591.56	\$17,098.70
64B					
	DFL	David Pinto	\$10,341.78	\$6,591.56	\$16,933.34
	RPM	Peter Donahue	\$778.32	\$6,591.56	\$7,369.88
65B					
	DFL	Maria Perez-Vega	\$6,214.46	\$6,591.56	\$12,806.02
	RPM	Mike Hilborn	\$601.76	\$6,591.56	\$7,193.32
66A					
	DFL	Leigh Finke	\$9,180.09	\$6,591.56	\$15,771.65
	RPM	Fadil Jama	\$645.87	\$6,591.56	\$7,237.43
66B					
	DFL	Athena Hollins	\$4,945.07	\$6,591.56	\$11,536.63
67A					
	DFL	Kaozouapa Elizabeth Lee	\$3,487.18	\$6,591.56	\$10,078.74
67B					
	DFL	Jay Xiong	\$4,350.44	\$6,591.56	\$10,942.00
Totals			\$577,861	\$1,516,059	\$2,093,920





Date: August 28, 2024

To: Board members Counsel Hartshorn

From: Greta Johnson, Legal/Management Analyst Telephone: 651-539-1183

Subject: Enforcement report for consideration at September 4, 2024, Board meeting

A. Discussion Items

Referral to Attorney General's Office – Margaret Meyer (4636)

Margaret "Maggie" Meyer was the executive director of, and a registered lobbyist for, Pro-Choice Minnesota starting in 2019. Currently, Meyer owes \$4,025 in late filing fees and civil penalties, including \$2,000 for the lobbyist report due in June 2024, which was never filed, \$2,000 for the lobbyist report due in June 2024, which was never filed, \$2,000 for the lobbyist report due in January 2024, which was never filed, and \$25 for the lobbyist report due in June 2023, which was filed one day late. Despite attempts by Board staff to contact her about the outstanding reports and balance owed, no response has been received. Pro-Choice Minnesota requested that the Board terminate her lobbyist registration retroactive to May 24, 2024, the date her employment ended, but the Board declined and has asked Pro-Choice Minnesota to make more concerted efforts to reach her. Board staff is now asking for the matter to be referred to the Attorney General's Office for action compelling Ms. Meyer to file the two outstanding reports and pay the balance owed.

B. Waiver Requests

HDR, Inc. Employee Owners PAC - 41349					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action
June 2024	6/14/24	6/21/24	\$200 LFF	No.	Waive.
The committee us	es Aristotle, wł	nich is a softwa	are package the	at complies with	the Board's XML
					ng, states that on June
14th, she transferred what she believed was the correct file using a software application known as an					
FTP client, and received only a 'successful transfer' notification within that application. On June 20th					
the committee was informed that the report had not been filed. After contacting CFB staff, they were					
informed that the file uploaded to the Board was a PDF file rather than the required XML file. The					
XML file was then promptly uploaded. Ming states that the committee is a federal PAC and that this					
report did not include any activity specific to Minnesota. Ming is exploring alternative FTP clients for					

future filings. Ending cash balance as of 7/22/24: \$1,574,727.

Maria Jensen - 5493						
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action	
June 2024 LDR	6/17/24	8/21/24	\$1,000 LFF	No.		
Maria Jensen is th	Maria Jensen is the only registered lobbyist for Recycling Electronics for Climate Action. Jensen					
misunderstood the reporting schedule, believing the reporting requirement was annual, and thus did						
not expect to report again until 2025, as she had submitted a report in January 2024. Jensen missed						
reminder emails from the Board on June 5th, 12th, and 18th because they were sent to a personal						
email that is in the process of being phased out. Jensen anticipated that communications would be						
sent to her work email, which was used to set up her account on the Board's website. Jensen states						
that the organization is a small startup nonprofit with limited funding, and the \$1,000 fee represents a						

significant financial burden. She has now completed the report and updated her contact information, removing the outdated email address to prevent future issues.

Pam Marshall - 8735					
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended Action
June 2024 LDR	6/17/24	8/14/24	\$1,000 LFF	No.	

Pam Marshall was the executive director, and a lobbyist for, Energy CENTS Coalition. Ms. Marshall terminated her lobbyist registration on February 6, 2024, and ended her 30-year tenure as executive director. Geroge Shardlow, the new executive director of the association, states that the organization is a small nonprofit and that in the transition to a new executive director the report got lost in the shuffle.

	<u> </u>		linnesste Vet		
	Conservation Minnesota Voter Fund - 80008				
Report(s)	Due	Filed	Amount	Prior Waivers	Recommended
					Action
2024 1st Quarter	4/15/24	6/27/24	\$1,000 LFF	Yes. \$350 LFF	
				waived in 2010	
				due to a software	
				issue.	
Treasurer Paul Austin thought the report was filed before the April 15, 2024 deadline, but he					

mistakenly filed another copy of the fund's 2023 year-end report instead. Upon discovering the mistake, the correct report was promptly filed. Austin acknowledges the error was entirely his own. Ending cash balance as of 7/22/24: \$2,021.

C. Informational Items

1. Late filing fee - 2024 candidate EIS

Chris Swedzinski, \$30

2. Late filing fee - June 2024 lobbyist report

Sarah Erickson, \$600 Luke Rollins, \$25 Larry Johnson, \$25 Joseph Richardson, \$950

3. Late filing fee - 2023 lobbyist principal report

All Energy Solar, \$275 LeadMN, \$50 American Council of Engineering Companies of Minnesota (ACEC/MN), \$50

4. Late filing fee - 2019 lobbyist principal report

All Energy Solar, \$25

5. Late filing fee - 2024 June campaign finance report

Faith in Minnesota Fund, \$50 Minnesota Young Republicans Victory Fund, \$50 TreePAC, \$50 ACEC/MN Political Action Committee, \$500

6. Late filing fee - 2024 1st Quarter campaign finance report

Minnesota Young Republicans Victory Fund, \$100

7. Payment of civil penalty for failure to timely register committee

Gary Steuart for Minnesota, \$400

Johnson, Greta (CFB)

From:	Stephanie Ming <stephanie.ming@aristotle.com></stephanie.ming@aristotle.com>
Sent:	Monday, August 05, 2024 7:21 AM
То:	Engelhardt, Megan (CFB)
Cc:	Justin Phillips
Subject:	Waiver request

This message may be from an external email source. Do not select links or open attachments unless verified. Report all suspicious emails to Minnesota IT Services Security Operations Center.

Hello Megan,

I am submitting this email as a request for a waiver of the (attached) \$200 late filing for the HDR PC Minnesota Second Report filing that was due June 14, 2024.

On June 14th I transferred what I thought was the correct file; no filing confirmation was received other than the application showing a 'successful transfers' so to my knowledge the filing was complete as submitted.

Selected 1 file. Total	size: 1,687,791 bytes	1 file. Tot	tal size: 1,687,791 bytes	
Server/Local file	Dire Remote file	Size Prio Status		
Queued files	Failed transfe <mark>rs Success</mark>	ul transfers (1)	🔕 🕜 Queue: empty	

On June 20th I was notified via email from you that the file had not yet been received. When I inquired with Andrew at the MCFB, I was told the report that was uploaded was a PDF not the required .xml file at which point I promptly transferred the .xml file and requested Andrew confirm it was received, which he did. Note, this is a federal PAC registered and there was no activity related to state/local MN elections during the period contained in the report.

The file transfer method I use is Filezilla which has significant lag when I am using. I inquired with Andrew about alternate filing methods but he confirmed for third party vendors (such as Aristotle), the only way to submit the file if via FTP transfer. Filezilla is difficult to select the file and it is also difficult to confirm the file you have selected for upload. For future filings I am looking into an alternative method of transfer that I hope will be better.

Please let me know if you require any additional information. Your consideration is appreciated.

Thank you in advance,

Stephanie Ming Director, Political Compliance stephanie.ming@aristotle.com PHONE: (248) 303-0552 205 Pennsylvania Ave., SE Washington, DC 20003

Maria Jensen - 5493

Johnson, Greta (CFB)

From:	Maria Jensen <mjensen@reca-us.org></mjensen@reca-us.org>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 21, 2024 3:57 PM
То:	Engelhardt, Megan (CFB)
Subject:	Late Fee Waiver Request

You don't often get email from mjensen@reca-us.org. Learn why this is important

This message may be from an external email source. Do not select links or open attachments unless verified. Report all suspicious emails to Minnesota IT Services Security Operations Center.

Hello Megan,

I have received a late fee for filing my lobbyist disbursement report, and I am requesting a waiver of this fee.

I am new to lobbying activities, I registered for the first time in October of last year and lobbying is a very small part of my work, which primarily focuses on community education about electronic waste recycling. I was aware I needed to fill the lobbyist disbursement report, but had mistakenly understood that it was an annual report, and thus was not expecting to need to report again until next year (I did complete my report January of 2024).

I would have caught my misunderstanding if I had received the reminder emails (June 5th, 12th and 18th) from the board, but unfortunately they went to a personal email that I am phasing out. I had expected communication from the board to be sent to my work email, which is the email I used to create my account on the board website. I had also provided my personal email in my application and I did not realise that email was to be used. My personal email is a University of Minnesota address, and the U of M has recently announced it will be <u>terminating all alumni UMN accounts</u>, which came as a surprise to me in June of this year. Since I am now transitioning away from using my UMN account, I no longer check it regularly, and therefore missed the communications about the report for the time period Jan 1 through May 31st.

My organization is a startup non-profit environmental organization without regular funding for staff (me), so the fee of \$1000 is a huge financial impact to me personally.

I have now completed the disbursement report for this period, and removed my UMN email account from the contact information so the issue has been resolved and won't happen in the future.

Thank you for considering my request,



MARIA JENSEN(she/her)

Co-Director

Pam Marshall - 8735

Johnson, Greta (CFB)

From:	George Shardlow <george@energycents.org></george@energycents.org>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 14, 2024 12:20 PM
То:	Engelhardt, Megan (CFB)
Subject:	Re: Report for Marshall
Attachments:	Pam CFB report 2024.pdf

This message may be from an external email source.

Do not select links or open attachments unless verified. Report all suspicious emails to Minnesota IT Services Security Operations Center.

Megan,

Please find Pam's report attached. If the Board would consider waiving the fee, I would greatly appreciate it. We are a small nonprofit that transitioned to a new Executive Director (me) after Pam's 30-year tenure. This got lost in a rather significant shuffle, but that will not happen again.

Thank you, George

George Shardlow

Executive Director Energy CENTS Coalition 823 E. 7th Street St. Paul, MN 55106 c: 651-245-1644 | e: george@energycents.org

<u>Energy CENTS</u> promotes affordable utility service for low-income Minnesotans through regulatory and legislative advocacy and direct bill-payment and conservation assistance programs.

From: Engelhardt, Megan (CFB) <megan.engelhardt@state.mn.us>
Sent: Wednesday, August 14, 2024 9:38 AM
To: George Shardlow <george@energycents.org>
Subject: Report for Marshall

Hello George,

Thanks for taking the time to speak with me today. Here is the link to the paper report you can fill out for Ms. Marshall: <u>https://cfb.mn.gov/pdf/forms/lobbyist/lob_self_reporting_rpt.pdf</u> You can return the report to me along with a waiver request for the late filing fee. Thanks!

Megan

Megan Engelhardt Assistant Executive Director Minnesota State Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board 190 Centennial Building 658 Cedar Street

Conservation Minnesota Voter Fund - 80008

Johnson, Greta (CFB)

From:	Paul Austin <paul@conservationminnesota.org></paul@conservationminnesota.org>
Sent:	Thursday, August 08, 2024 4:41 PM
То:	Engelhardt, Megan (CFB)
Subject:	Request to Waive Late Filing Fee
Attachments:	CMVF Screenshot[39].png

This message may be from an external email source.

Do not select links or open attachments unless verified. Report all suspicious emails to Minnesota IT Services Security Operations Center.

I am writing to request that the Campaign Finance Board waive late filing fees described in your letter of July 17 to me as treasurer of the Conservation Minnesota Voter Fund. I originally filed the report ahead of the April 15th, 2024 deadline, but made a mistake when filing on the online system. My mistake was that while I was submitting a report for the first quarter of 2024, I did not notice that the drop down used to toggle between years (circled in red on the attached example) was toggled to select 2023 instead of 2024. So the correct and information was submitted to the CFB but was assigned to the wrong year. When alerted to this issue we immediately refiled the same information with the correct year selected. This was totally a mistake on my parr.

Thank you and the board for your consideration.

Paul Austin he / him / his CONSERVATION MINNESOTA VOTER FUND 1101 West River Parkway, Suite 250 Minneapolis, MN 55415





d: January 01, 2023 and December 31, 2023

Reports

2023 Year-End Report - (Due date: 01/31/2024)

Received: 01/30/2024

Last Submission: 04/11/2024 Print File amended report



Date: August 28, 2024

To: Board members Nathan Hartshorn, counsel

From: Andrew Olson, Legal/Management Analyst

Telephone: 651-539-1190

Re: Request for advisory opinion 464

On May 2, 2024, the Board received an advisory opinion request regarding the recently amended statutory definition of the term "expressly advocating," which impacts the scope of which communications are independent expenditures. The request is a revised version of the request that prompted Advisory Opinion 459.¹ The Board voted to lay the matter over in June, then discussed a draft advisory opinion and again voted to lay the matter over at its meeting on July 10, 2024. The Board discussed two drafts of an advisory opinion and again voted to lay the matter over at its meeting on August 7, 2024. Because the requester has not consented to its identity being revealed, the request is not being made available to the public. During any Board discussion, it is important not to reveal details about the requester that could lead to identification.

Two versions of a draft advisory opinion are attached to this memorandum. Each version is the same except for the text within the second and third paragraphs in Opinion Four. Within each version, the third paragraph in Opinion Four has been modified to better explain why the electoral portion of the hypothetical voter guide "is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning." Each version still contains text referencing the nature of the questions and the false attribution of "responses" within the voter guide. Board staff believes that it is possible to publish a voter guide without express advocacy that clearly identifies candidates, refers to a specific election, and encourages individuals to vote. What sets the hypothetical voter guide apart is the nature of the questions and the false attribution of "responses" to each slate of candidates in a manner that favors one of those slates of candidates. Board staff believes that the advisory opinion should note that distinction in order to avoid implying that encouraging individuals to vote while identifying specific candidates, without favoring or disfavoring specific candidates, constitutes express advocacy.

¹ The public version of Advisory Opinion 459 is available at <u>cfb.mn.gov/pdf/advisory_opinions/AO459.pdf</u>.

Within the second version only, the second paragraph in Opinion Four has been modified as suggested by Chair Asp. The third and fourth sentences of that paragraph would state that a voter guide is not express advocacy solely because it characterizes responses to questions, claims to describe the policy positions of candidates without providing responses to questions actually posed to those candidates, or communicates the speaker's opinion about candidates' positions on issues. That text would replace text explaining that the Board does not believe that the opinion requester intends to assert that the "responses" attributed to each slate of candidates are actual responses provided to questions posed to those candidates.

Attachments:

Request for advisory opinion 464 (nonpublic) Copies of Action 4 Liberty and LIUNA Minnesota literature referenced in questions 3 and 4 Draft advisory opinion 464 version 1 – public version Draft advisory opinion 464 version 2 – public version Draft advisory opinion 464 version 1 – nonpublic version Draft advisory opinion 464 version 2 – nonpublic version Action 4 Liberty - 2021 Literature - Side 1

REP. JULIE SANDSTEDE BETRAYED YOU!

BY VOTING TO **PROTECT** GOVERNOR TIM WALZ' EMERGENCY POWERS



Voted with Metro Democrats to protect Walz' Emergency Powers <u>indefinitely</u>



Allowing the Governor to <u>shut down businesses</u> in the future

MAKE JULIE SANDSTEDE LISTEN. CALL HER AT 651.296.0172

rep.julie.sandstede@house.mn

DEMAND she keeps her promise & votes **YES** on the End Walz' Emergency Powers Resolution



SCAN ME



SIGN THE PETITION AT

PREPARED AND PAID FOR BY ACTION 4 LIBERTY

2018 Voter Guide: Governor		
What are your values and priorities?	Tim Walz & Peggy Flanagan	Jeff Johnson & Donna Bergstrom
Making healthcare more affordable and accessible by giving every Minnesotan the option to get coverage through MinnesotaCare?	Yes	No
Fixing our roads, bridges and transportation infrastructure?	9es	No
Combating climate change by investing in local, renewable energy jobs?	9es	No
Promoting vocational schools and trade programs?	Yes	Yes
Fully and equitably funding our schools and supporting Universal Pre-K for Minnesota kids?	Yes	No 🤝

Join your friends & neighbors on Tuesday, November 6th. Thank you for voting!

State of Minnesota Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board Suite 190, Centennial Building. 658 Cedar Street. St. Paul, MN 55155-1603

THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION DOES NOT IDENTIFY THE REQUESTER OF THE ADVISORY OPINION, WHICH IS NON PUBLIC DATA under Minn. Stat. § 10A.02, subd. 12(b)

ADVISORY OPINION 464

SUMMARY

A communication that does not use words or phrases of express advocacy and does not clearly include an electoral portion, does not contain express advocacy. A communication that clearly identifies a candidate, clearly includes an electoral portion, and could only be interpreted by a reasonable person as encouraging them to vote for a specific candidate contains express advocacy.

Facts

As a representative of an organization (the Organization), you ask the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board for an advisory opinion regarding the application of the term "expressly advocating" under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a. The request is based on the following facts:

- 1. The Organization is a nonpartisan 501(c)(4) grassroots public policy advocacy organization that operates in multiple states, including Minnesota.
- 2. The Organization seeks to educate the public about legislative and executive branch measures that elected officials are considering, and to mobilize citizens to contact officials to support or oppose those measures.
- 3. The definition of the term "expressly advocating," codified at Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, was amended in 2023. The revised definition became effective on August 1, 2023.
- 4. The language added to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, in 2023 is nearly identical to the text of paragraph (b) within 11 C.F.R. § 100.22, which contains the definition of "expressly advocating" applicable to entities under the jurisdiction of the Federal Election Commission (FEC).
- 5. The FEC's definitions of the terms "expressly advocating" and "clearly identified" were revised in 1995 "to provide further guidance on what types of communications constitute express advocacy of clearly identified candidates, in accordance with the judicial

interpretations found in" five separate judicial opinions.¹ The revised FEC definition of the term "expressly advocating" included elements from three judicial opinions "emphasizing the necessity for communications to be susceptible to no other reasonable interpretation but as encouraging actions to elect or defeat a specific candidate."²

- 6. In 2007 the United States Supreme Court held that "a court should find that an ad is the functional equivalent of express advocacy only if the ad is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation other than as an appeal to vote for or against a specific candidate."³
- During legislative committee hearings regarding H.F. 3, the bill that was enacted in 2023 and amended the definition of "expressly advocating" under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, the Board's executive director testified and provided six examples of past communications.

INTRODUCTION

Prior to being amended in 2023, Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, defined "expressly advocating" as follows:

"Expressly advocating" means that a communication clearly identifies a candidate or a local candidate and uses words or phrases of express advocacy.

Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, presently defines "expressly advocating" as follows:

"Expressly advocating" means that a communication:

(1) clearly identifies a candidate or a local candidate and uses words or phrases of express advocacy; or

(2) when taken as a whole and with limited reference to external events, such as the proximity to the election, could only be interpreted by a reasonable person as containing advocacy of the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidates because:

(i) the electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning; and

¹ Express Advocacy; Independent Expenditures; Corporate and Labor Organization Expenditures, 60 Fed. Reg. 35292, 35293 (July 6, 1995) (citing Buckley v. Valeo, 424 U.S. 1 (1976), FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238 (1986), FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987), FEC v. National Organization for Women, 713 F. Supp. 428, 429 (D.D.C. 1989), and Faucher v. FEC, 743 F. Supp. 64 (D. Me. 1990)).

 ² Id. at 35294 (citing <u>Buckley v. Valeo, 424 U.S. 1 (1976)</u>, <u>FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238 (1986)</u>, and <u>FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987)</u>).
 ³ FEC v. Wisconsin Right To Life, Inc., 551 U.S. 449, 451 (2007).

(ii) reasonable minds could not differ as to whether the communication encourages actions to elect or defeat one or more clearly identified candidates or encourages some other kind of action.

Because the language added to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, is nearly identical to the text of paragraph (b) within 11 C.F.R. § 100.22, which contains the federal definition of "expressly advocating," the Board will construe the new language in a manner that is consistent with how federal courts have applied the federal definition.⁴ Advisory opinions and statements of reasons issued by the FEC regarding the federal definition may be persuasive. However, the Board is not bound to follow guidance issued by the FEC in applying Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A.

In 1986 the United States Supreme Court considered, in *Federal Election Commission v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life (MCFL)*, whether a flyer, referred to as a special edition of an organization's newsletter, contained express advocacy.

The front page of the publication was headlined "EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW TO VOTE PRO-LIFE," and readers were admonished that "[n]o pro-life candidate can win in November without your vote in September." "VOTE PRO-LIFE" was printed in large bold-faced letters on the back page, and a coupon was provided to be clipped and taken to the polls to remind voters of the name of the "pro-life" candidates.

To aid the reader in selecting candidates, the flyer listed the candidates for each state and federal office in every voting district in Massachusetts, and identified each one as either supporting or opposing what MCFL regarded as the correct position on three issues. A "y" indicated that a candidate supported the MCFL view on a particular issue and an "n" indicated that the candidate opposed it.⁵

The Court concluded that:

The Edition cannot be regarded as a mere discussion of public issues that by their nature raise the names of certain politicians. Rather, it provides in effect an explicit directive: vote for these (named) candidates. The fact that this message is marginally less direct than "Vote for Smith" does not change its essential nature.⁶

The Court therefore held that the flyer "represents express advocacy of the election of particular candidates distributed to members of the general public."⁷

The meaning of the phrase "expressly advocating" was reviewed in *Federal Election Commission v. Furgatch* in 1987. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals considered whether a

⁶ *Id*. at 249.

⁴ See Minn. Stat. § 645.08, providing that "technical words and phrases and such others as have acquired a special meaning...."

⁵ FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238, 243 (1986) (internal citation omitted).

⁷ *Id*. at 250.

newspaper advertisement published a week prior to a presidential election, criticizing President Carter, contained express advocacy.⁸ The advertisement accused President Carter of attempting to "buy entire cities, the steel industry, the auto industry, and others with public funds," and of being divisive in "an attempt to hide his own record, or lack of it."⁹ The advertisement ended by stating:

If he succeeds the country will be burdened with four more years of incoherencies, ineptness and illusion, as he leaves a legacy of low-level campaigning.

DON'T LET HIM DO IT.¹⁰

The court reversed a district court, concluding that "[w]e have no doubt that the ad asks the public to vote against Carter."¹¹ The court rejected the notion that the text "don't let him do it" and specifically the word "it" could be "read to refer to Carter's degradation of his office, and his manipulation of the campaign process."¹² The court concluded that the phrase "don't let him" is a command.¹³ The court held that the advertisement contained "an express call to action, but no express indication of what action is appropriate."¹⁴ The court determined that a "failure to state with specificity the action required does not remove political speech from the coverage of the Campaign Act when it is clearly the kind of advocacy of the defeat of an identified candidate that Congress intended to regulate."¹⁵ The court further held that "[r]easonable minds could not dispute that Furgatch's advertisement urged readers to vote against Jimmy Carter" because that "was the only action open to those who would not 'let him do it."¹⁶

The opinions in *MCFL* and *Furgatch* were two of a small number of judicial opinions relied upon by the FEC in drafting the text of 11 C.F.R. § 100.22.¹⁷ Since 1995 federal courts have repeatedly held that the FEC and states may, consistent with the First Amendment, regulate speech that is the functional equivalent of express advocacy.¹⁸ Express advocacy is not limited to the magic words listed in footnote 52 of *Buckley v. Valeo*, including "vote for,' 'elect,' 'support,' 'cast your ballot for,' 'Smith for Congress,' 'vote against,' 'defeat,' 'reject.'"¹⁹

¹¹ *Id*. at 864.

¹⁸ See, e.g., <u>FEC v. Wisconsin Right To Life, Inc., 551 U.S. 449, 456-57 (2007)</u>; <u>Citizens United v. FEC, 558 U.S. 310, 324-26 (2010)</u>.

⁸ FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987).

⁹ *Id*. at 858.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹² Id. ¹³ Id.

¹⁰ IO. 14 I.d. -4

¹⁴ *Id*. at 865. ¹⁵ *Id*.

¹⁶ *Id*.

¹⁷ Express Advocacy; Independent Expenditures; Corporate and Labor Organization Expenditures, 60 Fed. Reg. 35292, 35293-94 (July 6, 1995).

¹⁹ See Buckley, 424 U.S. at 44 n.52.

Issue One

The Organization may sponsor a television advertisement with the following script:

[Female 1] Governor Walz and the Democrats completely control our state government, and look at what they're doing.

[Male 1] They're building a new luxury office building, for themselves.

[Female 2] A building that will cost taxpayers \$77 million.

[Male 2] And to pay for their new luxury office building, they passed a recordsetting tax increase

[Female 3] And our property taxes went up.

[Male 3] Instead of wasting our tax dollars on their new luxury office building, why aren't Governor Walz and Democrats fixing our roads and potholes?

[Female 1] Minnesota, we deserve better.

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the advertisement are true, the visual and audio components of the advertisement will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2014 Freedom Club State PAC advertisement that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, and Governor Walz will seek re-election in 2026. The advertisement may run statewide in Minnesota:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

- (iii) alternatively, in August 2026;
- (iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and
- (v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"? If the Board concludes that the answer is yes, would it make a difference if the statement "Minnesota, we deserve better" was replaced with a call to action such as "Call Governor Walz at (651) 201-3400 [the telephone number for the Governor's office] and tell him to spend our tax dollars on fixing roads and potholes instead of luxury office buildings"?

Opinion One

The Organization's hypothetical television advertisement clearly identifies a candidate. However, the advertisement does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and it differs from the newspaper advertisement considered in *Furgatch* in at least one critical respect, in that it does not clearly refer to an election. While the advertisement considered in *Furgatch* stated that President Carter's success would result in "four more years," the Organization's hypothetical advertisement includes spoken words that, at best, make a vague reference to an upcoming election in stating "we deserve better." The advertisement's graphics likewise do not include clear electoral elements. Therefore, "the electoral portion of the communication is" not "unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning," and the hypothetical advertisement does not contain express advocacy.

Whether the statement "Minnesota, we deserve better" is a call to action and could reasonably be perceived to encourage action other than action to defeat Governor Walz when coupled with a clear electoral portion is a close call, and may depend on the timing of the advertisement. For example, it may be the case that a reasonable mind could not conclude that an advertisement airing shortly before the 2026 general election, criticizing Governor Walz regarding a construction project that began in 2023 and stating "we deserve better" while referring to the election, when Governor Walz is on the general election ballot, encourages action other than action to defeat Governor Walz in the 2026 general election. However, the Board need not decide that issue due to the advertisement's lack of a clear electoral portion.

Issue Two

The Organization may sponsor a television advertisement with the following script:

[Narrator] Look across the land, on farms, and in factories, in classrooms, and construction sites. Minnesota is working.

Four years ago, Minnesota faced a \$5 billion deficit.

[On screen text] "state faces \$5 billion deficit" [Citation to news article]

[Narrator] But Governor Tim Walz showed strong leadership. He raised taxes on the wealthiest two percent, so we could invest in our schools and reduce middleclass taxes. Now Minnesota has over 150,000 new jobs and a budget surplus.

[On screen text] "Tim Walz Calls for Tax Overhaul, Higher Rates for Wealthy" [Quoting news article headline]

"Gov. Tim Walz All-Day Kindergarten"

"Gov. Tim Walz Reduced Middle-Class Taxes"

"Gov. Tim Walz 150,000 New Jobs"

"Gov. Tim Walz \$1.2 Billion Surplus" "Governor Tim Walz Working for us"

[Narrator] Governor Tim Walz is working for us.

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the advertisement are true, the visual components of the advertisement will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2014 Alliance for a Better Minnesota Action Fund advertisement that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, and Governor Walz will seek re-election in 2026. The advertisement may run statewide in Minnesota:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

(iii) alternatively, in August 2026;

(iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and

(v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"? If the Board concludes that the answer is yes, would it make a difference if the statement "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" was replaced with a call to action such as "Call Governor Walz at (651) 201-3400 [the telephone number for the Governor's office] and tell him to keep focusing on the economy, cutting the deficit, and creating new jobs"?

Opinion Two

The Organization's hypothetical television advertisement clearly identifies a candidate. However, the advertisement does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and like the advertisement discussed in Opinion One, it does not clearly refer to an election. The Organization's hypothetical advertisement includes spoken words that, at best, make a vague reference to an upcoming election in stating that Minnesota faced a budget deficit "[f]our years ago." The advertisement's graphics likewise do not include clear electoral elements. Therefore, "the electoral portion of the communication is" not "unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning," and the hypothetical advertisement does not contain express advocacy.

Whether the statement "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" could reasonably be perceived to encourage action other that action to elect Governor Walz when coupled with a clear electoral portion is a close call, and may depend on the timing of the advertisement. For example, it may be the case that a reasonable mind could not conclude that an advertisement airing shortly before the 2026 general election, praising Governor Walz for actions taken over a four-year period and stating "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" while referring to the election, when Governor Walz is on the general election ballot, encourages action other than action to elect Governor Walz in the 2026 general election. However, the Board need not decide that issue due to the advertisement's lack of a clear electoral portion.

Issue Three

The Organization may sponsor a mailer with the following language:

[Side 1] REP. DAVE LISLEGARD BETRAYED YOU!

BY VOTING TO PROTECT GOVERNOR TIM WALZ' EMERGENCY POWERS

[Photo of Rep. Lislegard with Gov. Walz in the background]

[Side 2] > Voted with Metro Democrats to protect Walz' Emergency Powers indefinitely

> Allowing the Governor to **shut down businesses** in the future.

MAKE DAVE LISLEGARD LISTEN. CALL HIM AT 651.296.0170 rep.dave.lislegard@house.mn.gov

<u>DEMAND</u> he keeps his promise & votes <u>**YES**</u> on the End Walz' Emergency Powers Resolution

SIGN THE PETITION AT https://www.action4liberty.com/never_again

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the mailer are true, the visual components of the mailer will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2021 Action 4 Liberty mailer that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3,²⁰ and Representative Lislegard will seek election to the office of state representative for House District 7B in 2026. The mailer may be distributed to residents in House District 7B:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

(iii) alternatively, in August 2026;

(iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and

(v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"?

²⁰ Each side of the mailer referenced in testimony regarding H.F. 3 contained a photograph of then-Representative Julie Sandstede. The question states that the mailer would include a photograph of Representative Lislegard with Governor Walz in the background. Therefore, the Board assumes that the photograph of Representative Sandstede would be replaced with a photograph of Representative Lislegard.

Opinion Three

The Organization's hypothetical mailer clearly identifies a candidate. However, it does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and it does not clearly refer to an election. Moreover, it does not clearly encourage action to elect or defeat a candidate, and instead encourages two alternative actions, namely contacting Representative Lislegard and signing an online petition. Therefore, the hypothetical mailer does not contain express advocacy.

Issue Four

The Organization may sponsor a printed voter guide with the following language:

2026 Voter Guide:	Tim Walz & Peggy Flanagan	Jeff Johnson & Donna Bergstrom
Governor		
What are your values and priorities?		
Making healthcare more affordable and accessible by giving every Minnesotan the option to get coverage through MinnesotaCare?	Yes	No
Fixing our roads, bridges and transportation infrastructure?	Yes	No
Combating climate change by investing in local, renewable energy jobs?	Yes	No
Promoting vocational schools and trade programs?	Yes	Yes
Fully and equitably funding our schools and supporting Universal Pre-K for Minnesota kids?	Yes	No

Join your friends & neighbors on Tuesday, November 3rd. Thank you for voting! The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the voter guide are true, the visual components of the mailer will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2018 LIUNA Minnesota voter guide that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, Walz-Flanagan and Johnson-Bergstrom will be opposing governor-lieutenant governor candidate tickets in the 2026 general election, and the voter guide will be distributed statewide in October 2026. Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"?

Opinion Four

The Organization's hypothetical voter guide clearly identifies four candidates. It does not use words or phrases of express advocacy such as "vote for," "vote against," "elect," or "defeat."²¹ However, in calling on readers to join their friends and neighbors on election day and thanking them in advance for voting, "the electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning." The voter guide also clearly encourages readers to vote for the Walz-Flanagan ticket, and clearly does not encourage another kind of action.

The voter guide is structured as a series of questions comprised of incomplete sentences with one-word responses supposedly provided by each slate of candidates. The attribution of the one-word responses to each slate of candidates is made clear by the statement, appearing atop the list of questions, which states "What are your values and priorities?" The Board does not believe that the Organization intends to assert that Jeff Johnson, Donna Bergstrom, or any representative of the Johnson (Jeff) for Governor committee has ever or will ever respond to a question asking whether fixing roads, bridges, and transportation infrastructure is a priority with an unqualified "No."

While not identical to the flyer considered in *MCFL* that included the exhortation "VOTE PRO-LIFE," ²² the publication at issue here includes names and pictures of candidates, specifically identifies the office sought by the candidates for governor, identifies the date of the general election, and refers to "voting" at that election. These attributes, combined with the nature of the questions and the false attribution of "responses" within the voter guide, lead to the conclusion that the guide unmistakably and unambiguously is suggestive of one meaning—it encourages voting for the Walz-Flanagan ticket in the election on November 3. Whether the communication includes the phrase "voter guide" is immaterial, because regardless of how the communication is characterized on its face, reasonable minds could not differ as to whether it encourages readers to vote for the Walz-Flanagan ticket. The hypothetical voter guide contains express advocacy.

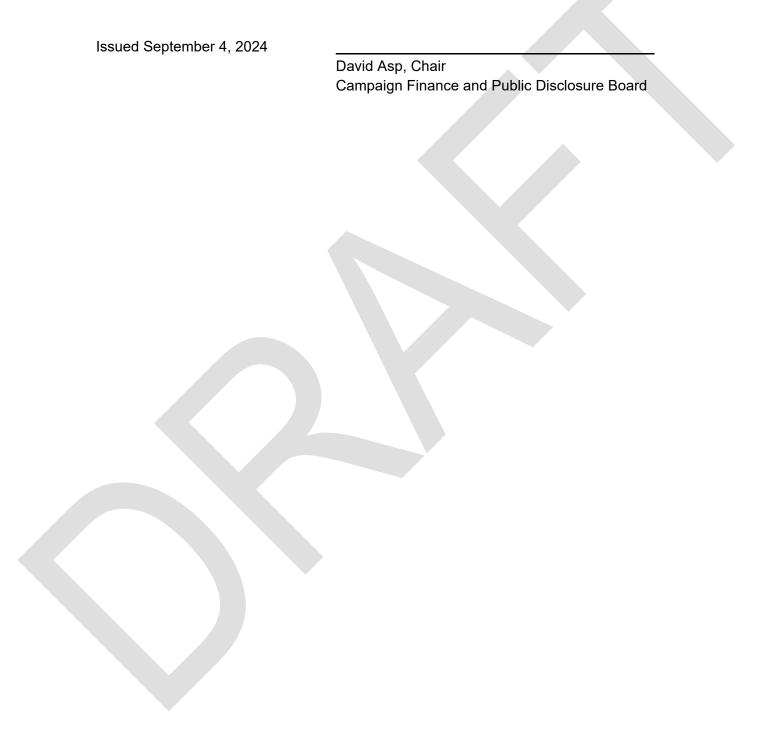
Board Note

The Organization's request is specific in asking whether the hypothetical communications contain express advocacy, which may impact whether the Organization is required to register with the Board, file campaign finance reports with the Board, and include the disclaimer required by Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04, subdivision 2, in preparing and disseminating campaign material. The opinions provided therefore do not address whether the Organization may be

²¹ See Buckley, 424 U.S. at 44 n.52 (listing these, and other, words and phrases of express advocacy).

²² See Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. at 243.

required to file statements of electioneering communications pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.202, and include the disclaimer required by Minnesota Statutes section 10A.202, subdivision 4, when making the hypothetical communications.



State of Minnesota Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board Suite 190, Centennial Building. 658 Cedar Street. St. Paul, MN 55155-1603

THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION DOES NOT IDENTIFY THE REQUESTER OF THE ADVISORY OPINION, WHICH IS NON PUBLIC DATA under Minn. Stat. § 10A.02, subd. 12(b)

ADVISORY OPINION 464

SUMMARY

A communication that does not use words or phrases of express advocacy and does not clearly include an electoral portion, does not contain express advocacy. A communication that clearly identifies a candidate, clearly includes an electoral portion, and could only be interpreted by a reasonable person as encouraging them to vote for a specific candidate contains express advocacy.

Facts

As a representative of an organization (the Organization), you ask the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board for an advisory opinion regarding the application of the term "expressly advocating" under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a. The request is based on the following facts:

- 1. The Organization is a nonpartisan 501(c)(4) grassroots public policy advocacy organization that operates in multiple states, including Minnesota.
- 2. The Organization seeks to educate the public about legislative and executive branch measures that elected officials are considering, and to mobilize citizens to contact officials to support or oppose those measures.
- 3. The definition of the term "expressly advocating," codified at Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, was amended in 2023. The revised definition became effective on August 1, 2023.
- 4. The language added to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, in 2023 is nearly identical to the text of paragraph (b) within 11 C.F.R. § 100.22, which contains the definition of "expressly advocating" applicable to entities under the jurisdiction of the Federal Election Commission (FEC).
- 5. The FEC's definitions of the terms "expressly advocating" and "clearly identified" were revised in 1995 "to provide further guidance on what types of communications constitute express advocacy of clearly identified candidates, in accordance with the judicial

interpretations found in" five separate judicial opinions.¹ The revised FEC definition of the term "expressly advocating" included elements from three judicial opinions "emphasizing the necessity for communications to be susceptible to no other reasonable interpretation but as encouraging actions to elect or defeat a specific candidate."²

- 6. In 2007 the United States Supreme Court held that "a court should find that an ad is the functional equivalent of express advocacy only if the ad is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation other than as an appeal to vote for or against a specific candidate."³
- During legislative committee hearings regarding H.F. 3, the bill that was enacted in 2023 and amended the definition of "expressly advocating" under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, the Board's executive director testified and provided six examples of past communications.

INTRODUCTION

Prior to being amended in 2023, Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, defined "expressly advocating" as follows:

"Expressly advocating" means that a communication clearly identifies a candidate or a local candidate and uses words or phrases of express advocacy.

Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, presently defines "expressly advocating" as follows:

"Expressly advocating" means that a communication:

(1) clearly identifies a candidate or a local candidate and uses words or phrases of express advocacy; or

(2) when taken as a whole and with limited reference to external events, such as the proximity to the election, could only be interpreted by a reasonable person as containing advocacy of the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidates because:

(i) the electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning; and

¹ Express Advocacy; Independent Expenditures; Corporate and Labor Organization Expenditures, 60 Fed. Reg. 35292, 35293 (July 6, 1995) (citing Buckley v. Valeo, 424 U.S. 1 (1976), FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238 (1986), FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987), FEC v. National Organization for Women, 713 F. Supp. 428, 429 (D.D.C. 1989), and Faucher v. FEC, 743 F. Supp. 64 (D. Me. 1990)).

 ² Id. at 35294 (citing <u>Buckley v. Valeo, 424 U.S. 1 (1976)</u>, <u>FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238 (1986)</u>, and <u>FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987)</u>).
 ³ FEC v. Wisconsin Right To Life, Inc., 551 U.S. 449, 451 (2007).

(ii) reasonable minds could not differ as to whether the communication encourages actions to elect or defeat one or more clearly identified candidates or encourages some other kind of action.

Because the language added to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, is nearly identical to the text of paragraph (b) within 11 C.F.R. § 100.22, which contains the federal definition of "expressly advocating," the Board will construe the new language in a manner that is consistent with how federal courts have applied the federal definition.⁴ Advisory opinions and statements of reasons issued by the FEC regarding the federal definition may be persuasive. However, the Board is not bound to follow guidance issued by the FEC in applying Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A.

In 1986 the United States Supreme Court considered, in *Federal Election Commission v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life (MCFL)*, whether a flyer, referred to as a special edition of an organization's newsletter, contained express advocacy.

The front page of the publication was headlined "EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW TO VOTE PRO-LIFE," and readers were admonished that "[n]o pro-life candidate can win in November without your vote in September." "VOTE PRO-LIFE" was printed in large bold-faced letters on the back page, and a coupon was provided to be clipped and taken to the polls to remind voters of the name of the "pro-life" candidates.

To aid the reader in selecting candidates, the flyer listed the candidates for each state and federal office in every voting district in Massachusetts, and identified each one as either supporting or opposing what MCFL regarded as the correct position on three issues. A "y" indicated that a candidate supported the MCFL view on a particular issue and an "n" indicated that the candidate opposed it.⁵

The Court concluded that:

The Edition cannot be regarded as a mere discussion of public issues that by their nature raise the names of certain politicians. Rather, it provides in effect an explicit directive: vote for these (named) candidates. The fact that this message is marginally less direct than "Vote for Smith" does not change its essential nature.⁶

The Court therefore held that the flyer "represents express advocacy of the election of particular candidates distributed to members of the general public."⁷

The meaning of the phrase "expressly advocating" was reviewed in *Federal Election Commission v. Furgatch* in 1987. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals considered whether a

⁶ *Id*. at 249.

⁴ See Minn. Stat. § 645.08, providing that "technical words and phrases and such others as have acquired a special meaning...."

⁵ FEC v. Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. 238, 243 (1986) (internal citation omitted).

⁷ *Id*. at 250.

newspaper advertisement published a week prior to a presidential election, criticizing President Carter, contained express advocacy.⁸ The advertisement accused President Carter of attempting to "buy entire cities, the steel industry, the auto industry, and others with public funds," and of being divisive in "an attempt to hide his own record, or lack of it."⁹ The advertisement ended by stating:

If he succeeds the country will be burdened with four more years of incoherencies, ineptness and illusion, as he leaves a legacy of low-level campaigning.

DON'T LET HIM DO IT.¹⁰

The court reversed a district court, concluding that "[w]e have no doubt that the ad asks the public to vote against Carter."¹¹ The court rejected the notion that the text "don't let him do it" and specifically the word "it" could be "read to refer to Carter's degradation of his office, and his manipulation of the campaign process."¹² The court concluded that the phrase "don't let him" is a command.¹³ The court held that the advertisement contained "an express call to action, but no express indication of what action is appropriate."¹⁴ The court determined that a "failure to state with specificity the action required does not remove political speech from the coverage of the Campaign Act when it is clearly the kind of advocacy of the defeat of an identified candidate that Congress intended to regulate."¹⁵ The court further held that "[r]easonable minds could not dispute that Furgatch's advertisement urged readers to vote against Jimmy Carter" because that "was the only action open to those who would not 'let him do it."¹⁶

The opinions in *MCFL* and *Furgatch* were two of a small number of judicial opinions relied upon by the FEC in drafting the text of 11 C.F.R. § 100.22.¹⁷ Since 1995 federal courts have repeatedly held that the FEC and states may, consistent with the First Amendment, regulate speech that is the functional equivalent of express advocacy.¹⁸ Express advocacy is not limited to the magic words listed in footnote 52 of *Buckley v. Valeo*, including "vote for,' 'elect,' 'support,' 'cast your ballot for,' 'Smith for Congress,' 'vote against,' 'defeat,' 'reject.'"¹⁹

¹⁸ See, e.g., <u>FEC v. Wisconsin Right To Life, Inc., 551 U.S. 449, 456-57 (2007)</u>; <u>Citizens United v. FEC, 558 U.S. 310, 324-26 (2010)</u>.

⁸ FEC v. Furgatch, 807 F.2d 857 (9th Cir. 1987).

⁹ *Id.* at 858.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ *Id*. at 864. ¹² *Id*.

¹³ Id.

¹⁴ *Id.* at 865.

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ *Id*.

¹⁷ Express Advocacy; Independent Expenditures; Corporate and Labor Organization Expenditures, 60 Fed. Reg. 35292, 35293-94 (July 6, 1995).

¹⁹ See Buckley, 424 U.S. at 44 n.52.

Issue One

The Organization may sponsor a television advertisement with the following script:

[Female 1] Governor Walz and the Democrats completely control our state government, and look at what they're doing.

[Male 1] They're building a new luxury office building, for themselves.

[Female 2] A building that will cost taxpayers \$77 million.

[Male 2] And to pay for their new luxury office building, they passed a recordsetting tax increase

[Female 3] And our property taxes went up.

[Male 3] Instead of wasting our tax dollars on their new luxury office building, why aren't Governor Walz and Democrats fixing our roads and potholes?

[Female 1] Minnesota, we deserve better.

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the advertisement are true, the visual and audio components of the advertisement will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2014 Freedom Club State PAC advertisement that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, and Governor Walz will seek re-election in 2026. The advertisement may run statewide in Minnesota:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

- (iii) alternatively, in August 2026;
- (iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and
- (v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"? If the Board concludes that the answer is yes, would it make a difference if the statement "Minnesota, we deserve better" was replaced with a call to action such as "Call Governor Walz at (651) 201-3400 [the telephone number for the Governor's office] and tell him to spend our tax dollars on fixing roads and potholes instead of luxury office buildings"?

Opinion One

The Organization's hypothetical television advertisement clearly identifies a candidate. However, the advertisement does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and it differs from the newspaper advertisement considered in *Furgatch* in at least one critical respect, in that it does not clearly refer to an election. While the advertisement considered in *Furgatch* stated that President Carter's success would result in "four more years," the Organization's hypothetical advertisement includes spoken words that, at best, make a vague reference to an upcoming election in stating "we deserve better." The advertisement's graphics likewise do not include clear electoral elements. Therefore, "the electoral portion of the communication is" not "unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning," and the hypothetical advertisement does not contain express advocacy.

Whether the statement "Minnesota, we deserve better" is a call to action and could reasonably be perceived to encourage action other than action to defeat Governor Walz when coupled with a clear electoral portion is a close call, and may depend on the timing of the advertisement. For example, it may be the case that a reasonable mind could not conclude that an advertisement airing shortly before the 2026 general election, criticizing Governor Walz regarding a construction project that began in 2023 and stating "we deserve better" while referring to the election, when Governor Walz is on the general election ballot, encourages action other than action to defeat Governor Walz in the 2026 general election. However, the Board need not decide that issue due to the advertisement's lack of a clear electoral portion.

Issue Two

The Organization may sponsor a television advertisement with the following script:

[Narrator] Look across the land, on farms, and in factories, in classrooms, and construction sites. Minnesota is working.

Four years ago, Minnesota faced a \$5 billion deficit.

[On screen text] "state faces \$5 billion deficit" [Citation to news article]

[Narrator] But Governor Tim Walz showed strong leadership. He raised taxes on the wealthiest two percent, so we could invest in our schools and reduce middleclass taxes. Now Minnesota has over 150,000 new jobs and a budget surplus.

[On screen text] "Tim Walz Calls for Tax Overhaul, Higher Rates for Wealthy" [Quoting news article headline]

"Gov. Tim Walz All-Day Kindergarten"

"Gov. Tim Walz Reduced Middle-Class Taxes"

"Gov. Tim Walz 150,000 New Jobs"

"Gov. Tim Walz \$1.2 Billion Surplus" "Governor Tim Walz Working for us"

[Narrator] Governor Tim Walz is working for us.

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the advertisement are true, the visual components of the advertisement will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2014 Alliance for a Better Minnesota Action Fund advertisement that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, and Governor Walz will seek re-election in 2026. The advertisement may run statewide in Minnesota:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

(iii) alternatively, in August 2026;

(iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and

(v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"? If the Board concludes that the answer is yes, would it make a difference if the statement "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" was replaced with a call to action such as "Call Governor Walz at (651) 201-3400 [the telephone number for the Governor's office] and tell him to keep focusing on the economy, cutting the deficit, and creating new jobs"?

Opinion Two

The Organization's hypothetical television advertisement clearly identifies a candidate. However, the advertisement does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and like the advertisement discussed in Opinion One, it does not clearly refer to an election. The Organization's hypothetical advertisement includes spoken words that, at best, make a vague reference to an upcoming election in stating that Minnesota faced a budget deficit "[f]our years ago." The advertisement's graphics likewise do not include clear electoral elements. Therefore, "the electoral portion of the communication is" not "unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning," and the hypothetical advertisement does not contain express advocacy.

Whether the statement "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" could reasonably be perceived to encourage action other that action to elect Governor Walz when coupled with a clear electoral portion is a close call, and may depend on the timing of the advertisement. For example, it may be the case that a reasonable mind could not conclude that an advertisement airing shortly before the 2026 general election, praising Governor Walz for actions taken over a four-year period and stating "Governor Tim Walz is working for us" while referring to the election, when Governor Walz is on the general election ballot, encourages action other than action to elect Governor Walz in the 2026 general election. However, the Board need not decide that issue due to the advertisement's lack of a clear electoral portion.

Issue Three

The Organization may sponsor a mailer with the following language:

[Side 1] REP. DAVE LISLEGARD BETRAYED YOU!

BY VOTING TO PROTECT GOVERNOR TIM WALZ' EMERGENCY POWERS

[Photo of Rep. Lislegard with Gov. Walz in the background]

[Side 2] > Voted with Metro Democrats to protect Walz' Emergency Powers indefinitely

> Allowing the Governor to **shut down businesses** in the future.

MAKE DAVE LISLEGARD LISTEN. CALL HIM AT 651.296.0170 rep.dave.lislegard@house.mn.gov

<u>DEMAND</u> he keeps his promise & votes <u>**YES**</u> on the End Walz' Emergency Powers Resolution

SIGN THE PETITION AT https://www.action4liberty.com/never_again

The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the mailer are true, the visual components of the mailer will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2021 Action 4 Liberty mailer that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3,²⁰ and Representative Lislegard will seek election to the office of state representative for House District 7B in 2026. The mailer may be distributed to residents in House District 7B:

(i) in February 2026, when the Legislature may be in session;

(ii) alternatively, in June 2026, when the Legislature is presumed to be adjourned;

(iii) alternatively, in August 2026;

(iv) alternatively, from August 12 through September 3, 2026; and

(v) alternatively, in October 2026.

Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"?

²⁰ Each side of the mailer referenced in testimony regarding H.F. 3 contained a photograph of then-Representative Julie Sandstede. The question states that the mailer would include a photograph of Representative Lislegard with Governor Walz in the background. Therefore, the Board assumes that the photograph of Representative Sandstede would be replaced with a photograph of Representative Lislegard.

Opinion Three

The Organization's hypothetical mailer clearly identifies a candidate. However, it does not use words or phrases of express advocacy, and it does not clearly refer to an election. Moreover, it does not clearly encourage action to elect or defeat a candidate, and instead encourages two alternative actions, namely contacting Representative Lislegard and signing an online petition. Therefore, the hypothetical mailer does not contain express advocacy.

Issue Four

The Organization may sponsor a printed voter guide with the following language:

2026 Voter Guide:	Tim Walz & Peggy Flanagan	Jeff Johnson & Donna Bergstrom
Governor		
What are your values and priorities?		
Making healthcare more affordable and accessible by giving every Minnesotan the option to get coverage through MinnesotaCare?	Yes	No
Fixing our roads, bridges and transportation infrastructure?	Yes	No
Combating climate change by investing in local, renewable energy jobs?	Yes	No
Promoting vocational schools and trade programs?	Yes	Yes
Fully and equitably funding our schools and supporting Universal Pre-K for Minnesota kids?	Yes	No

Join your friends & neighbors on Tuesday, November 3rd. Thank you for voting! The Organization asks the Board to assume that the facts stated in the voter guide are true, the visual components of the mailer will be materially indistinguishable from those used in a 2018 LIUNA Minnesota voter guide that the Board's executive director referenced in testimony to a legislative committee regarding H.F. 3, Walz-Flanagan and Johnson-Bergstrom will be opposing governor-lieutenant governor candidate tickets in the 2026 general election, and the voter guide will be distributed statewide in October 2026. Would this communication qualify as express advocacy under the amended definition of "expressly advocating"?

Opinion Four

The Organization's hypothetical voter guide clearly identifies four candidates. It does not use words or phrases of express advocacy such as "vote for," "vote against," "elect," or "defeat."²¹ However, in calling on readers to join their friends and neighbors on election day and thanking them in advance for voting, "the electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning." The voter guide also clearly encourages readers to vote for the Walz-Flanagan ticket, and clearly does not encourage another kind of action.

The voter guide is structured as a series of questions comprised of incomplete sentences with one-word responses supposedly provided by each slate of candidates. The attribution of the one-word responses to each slate of candidates is made clear by the statement, appearing atop the list of questions, which states "What are your values and priorities?" The Board does not find that the voter guide is express advocacy simply because it characterizes responses to questions or purports to reflect the policy positions in a way that may not reflect actual responses by those candidates. A statement that reflects the speaker's opinion about a candidate's positions on issues is not, by itself, express advocacy.

While not identical to the flyer considered in *MCFL* that included the exhortation "VOTE PRO-LIFE," ²² the publication at issue here includes names and pictures of candidates, specifically identifies the office sought by the candidates for governor, identifies the date of the general election, and refers to "voting" at that election. These attributes, combined with the nature of the questions and the false attribution of "responses" within the voter guide, lead to the conclusion that the guide unmistakably and unambiguously is suggestive of one meaning—it encourages voting for the Walz-Flanagan ticket in the election on November 3. Whether the communication includes the phrase "voter guide" is immaterial, because regardless of how the communication is characterized on its face, reasonable minds could not differ as to whether it encourages readers to vote for the Walz-Flanagan ticket. The hypothetical voter guide contains express advocacy.

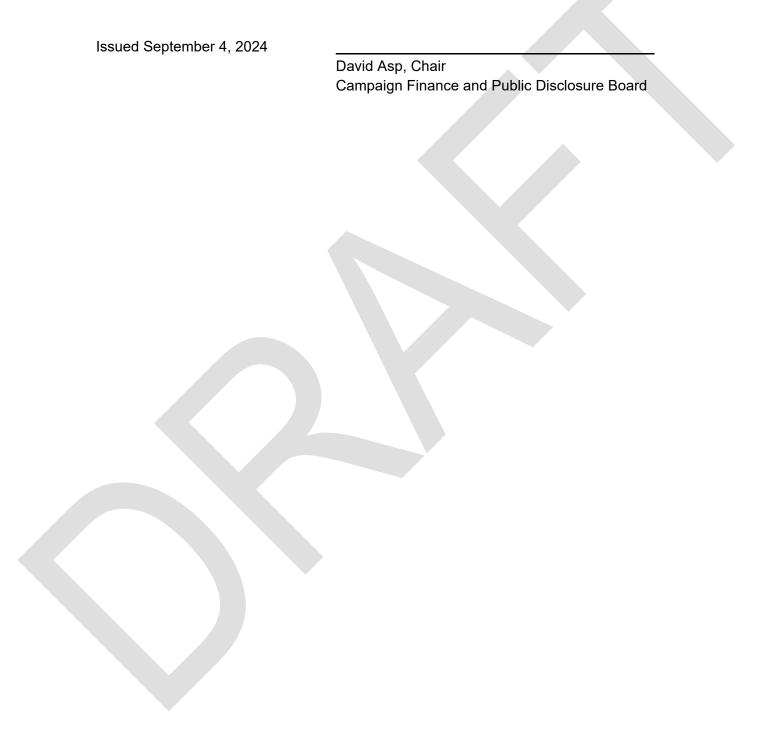
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The Organization's request is specific in asking whether the hypothetical communications contain express advocacy, which may impact whether the Organization is required to register with the Board, file campaign finance reports with the Board, and include the disclaimer required by Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04, subdivision 2, in preparing and disseminating campaign material. The opinions provided therefore do not address whether the Organization may be

²¹ See Buckley, 424 U.S. at 44 n.52 (listing these, and other, words and phrases of express advocacy).

²² See Massachusetts Citizens for Life, Inc., 479 U.S. at 243.

required to file statements of electioneering communications pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.202, and include the disclaimer required by Minnesota Statutes section 10A.202, subdivision 4, when making the hypothetical communications.





Date: August 28, 2024

- To: Board members Nathan Hartshorn, counsel
- From: Andrew Olson, Legal/Management Analyst T

Telephone: 651-539-1190

Subject: Rulemaking update

The proposed rule language was submitted to the Office of the Revisor of Statutes (Revisor's Office) on July 1, 2024. Some of the draft rule parts and subparts have been renumbered to comply with the Revisor's Office's policy of not renumbering existing rule parts or subparts, except to keep definitions within a part in alphabetical order, and of not replacing repealed parts or subparts with new rule language. The Revisor's Office also made a few technical changes such as changing the word "healthcare" to "health care" and not capitalizing the word "state" when using the phrase "state of Minnesota." The Revisor's Office approved the rule language with those revisions on August 21, 2024. The final proposed rule language that will be published in the Minnesota State Register is attached.

Board staff will contact the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) to schedule a tentative hearing date, in case at least 25 people request a hearing. Once a tentative hearing date is set, Board staff will draft a dual notice, submit it to OAH for review, and then publish it within the State Register, which will prompt the start of a 30-day comment period. If at least 25 people request a hearing during the comment period, the tentatively scheduled hearing will be held before an administrative law judge. If not, the tentatively scheduled hearing will be canceled.

No Board action is required at this time.

<u>Attachments</u>: Final proposed rule language

	08/15/24	REVISOR	JFK/CH	RD4809
1.1	Campaign Finance and Public Discl	osure Board		
1.2	Proposed Permanent Rules Relating	g to Campaign Fi	nance	
1.3	4501.0100 DEFINITIONS.			
1.4	[For text of subpa	rts 1 to 3, see Min	nesota Rules]	
1.5	Subp. 4. Compensation. "Comp	ensation" means e	every kind of payment	for labor or
1.6	personal services. Compensation does	not include paym	ents of Social Security	ζ,
1.7	unemployment compensation, workers	s' compensation, <u>h</u>	ealth care, retirement,	or pension
1.8	benefits.			
1.9	[For text of subpart	ts 4a to 7a, see Mi	nnesota Rules]	
1.10	Subp. 7b. Original signature. "	Original signature	" means:	
1.11	A. a signature in the signer's	handwriting or, if	the signer is unable to	o write, the
1.12	signer's mark or name written in the ha	andwriting of anot	her or applied by stam	p at the
1.13	request, and in the presence, of the sig	ner;		
1.14	B. an electronic signature co	nsisting of the lett	ers of the signer's nam	ne, applied
1.15	using a cursive font or accompanied by	text or symbols c	learly indicating an int	ent to apply
1.16	a signature, including but not limited t	o the letter S with	a forward slash mark	on one or
1.17	both sides of the letter S or the placem	ent of a forward s	lash mark before and a	after the
1.18	signer's name; or			
1.19	C. the signer's name on the si	ignature line of an	electronic file submitt	ed using the
1.20	filer's personal identification code.			
1.21	[For text of subpar	ts 8 and 9, see Mit	nnesota Rules]	
1.22	4501.0500 FILINGS, SUBMISSIO	NS, AND DISCL	OSURES.	
1.23	Subpart 1. Format. A report or s	statement required	under Minnesota Stat	utes, section
1.24	10A.20, must be filed electronically in a	a format specified	by the board, to the ext	ent required

	08/15/24	REVISOR	JFK/CH	RD4809
2.1	by that section. Any other report or s	tatement required u	nder Minnesota Statutes,	chapter
2.2	10A, must be submitted filed electron	nically in a format s	pecified by the board or	on the
2.3	forms provided by the board for that	purpose or by an el	ectronic filing system. T	he board
2.4	may provide alternative methods for s	submitting informat	tion, including other mea	ns for the
2.5	electronic submission of data.			
2.6	[For text of subpo	arts 1 a to 4, see Mir	nnesota Rules]	
2.7	4503.0100 DEFINITIONS.			
2.8	Subpart 1. Scope. The definition	ns in this part apply	v to this chapter and Min	nesota
2.9	Statutes, chapter 10A, except that the	definition in subpar	t 4a applies to Minnesota	Statutes,
2.10	section 211B.15. The definitions in ch	apter 4501 and Mir	nnesota Statutes, chapter	10A, also
2.11	apply to this chapter.			
2.12	[For text of subpo	arts 2 to 3a, see Mir	nnesota Rules]	
2.13	Subp. 3b. County office. "Cour	nty office" means th	ne offices specified in Mi	innesota
2.14	Statutes, chapter 382, and does not in	clude the office of	Three Rivers Park Distrie	<u>ct</u>
2.15	commissioner.			
2.16	[For text of su	bpart 4, see Minne.	sota Rules]	
2.17	Subp. 4a. Headquarters. For t	he purpose of Minn	esota Statutes, section 21	1B.15,
2.18	subdivision 8, "headquarters" means	a building or other	structure that is used for a	all or part
2.19	of the year as the primary location where the primary locatin where the primary location where the pri	here the party's bus	iness is conducted.	
2.20	Subp. 4b. Legislative caucus.	'Legislative caucus	" means an organization	whose
2.21	members consist solely of legislators	belonging to the sar	ne house of the legislatur	e and the
2.22	same political party, and is not limite	d to a majority or n	ninority caucus described	in
2.23	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 3, but do	es not include a leg	islative party unit.	

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3.1	Subp. 4c. Legislative caucus leade	er. "Legislative ca	ucus leader" mean	is a legislator
3.2	elected or appointed by a legislative cauc	cus to lead that cau	cus, and is not limit	ited to leaders
3.3	designated pursuant to Minnesota Statut	es, section 3.099.		
3.4	Subp. 4d. Legislative party unit.	"Legislative party u	unit" means a polit	ical party unit
3.5	established by the party organization with	thin a house of the	legislature.	
3.6	Subp. 4e. Nomination. Except as	used in Minnesota	Statutes, sections	10A.09 and
3.7	10A.201, "nomination" means the place	ment of a candidate	e or a local candid	ate's name on
3.8	a general election or special general elec	ction ballot.		
3.9	[For text of subpart.	s 5 to 8, see Minne	sota Rules]	
3.10 3.11	4503.0200 ORGANIZATION OF PC FUNDS.	DLITICAL COM	MITTEES AND 1	POLITICAL
3.12	[For text of subpart.	s 1 to 4, see Minne	sota Rules]	
3.13	Subp. 5. Termination of responsil	bility of former tr	easurer. A forme	r treasurer
3.14	who transfers political committee or pol	itical fund records	and receipts to a r	new treasurer
3.15	or to the chair of the committee or fund	is relieved of futur	e responsibilities 4	when notice
3.16	required under subpart 4 is filed or when	n the former treasu	rer notifies the boa	ard in writing
3.17	of the change.			
3.18	Subp. 6. [Repealed, L 2017 1Sp4 a	rt 3 s 18]		
3.19	4503.0450 JOINT PURCHASES.			
3.20	Subpart 1. General requirement.	Principal campaig	n committees, pol	itical party
3.21	units, and political committees and fund	s may jointly purcl	hase goods or serv	vices without
3.22	making or receiving a donation in kind.	If each purchaser p	bays the vendor fo	r their share
3.23	of the fair market value of the purchase, e	each purchaser mus	t report that amoun	nt to the board
3.24	as an expenditure or noncampaign disbu	rsement as required	l by Minnesota Sta	atutes, section
3.25	10A.20. If a purchaser pays the vendor f	for the total amoun	t of the purchase a	and obtains

08/15/24 REVISOR JFK/CH RD4809 payment from another purchaser for that purchaser's share of the fair market value of the 4.1 purchase, each purchaser must use the same reporting method under Minnesota Statutes, 4.2 section 10A.20, subdivision 13. 4.3 Subp. 2. Proportionate shares of joint purchase. If a purchaser pays a vendor for 4.4 the total amount of a joint purchase and each joint purchaser receives goods or services of 4.5 equal value, each joint purchaser must pay the purchaser that paid the vendor an amount 4.6 equal to the total amount paid to the vendor divided by the number of joint purchasers in 4.7 order to prevent the occurrence of a donation in kind. If a purchaser pays a vendor for the 4.8 total amount of a joint purchase and joint purchasers receive goods or services of differing 4.9 4.10 value, each joint purchaser must pay the purchaser that paid the vendor in proportion to the value of the goods or services received in order to prevent the occurrence of a donation in 4.11 kind. If a joint purchaser pays the purchaser that paid the vendor less than its proportionate 4.12 share of the fair market value of the joint purchase, the difference must be reported as a 4.13 donation in kind from the purchaser that paid the vendor to the joint purchaser as required 4.14 by Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.20. 4.15 Subp. 3. No impact on prohibited contributions. Nothing in this part permits an 4.16 4.17 independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund to make a contribution, including an approved expenditure, that is prohibited by Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.121, 4.18 or alters what constitutes a coordinated expenditure. 4.19

4.20 **4503.0500 CONTRIBUTIONS.**

4.21 Subpart 1. All receipts are contributions. Any donation of money, goods, or services
4.22 received by a principal campaign committee, political party unit, political committee, or
4.23 political fund is considered a contribution at the time the item is received.

4.24 Subp. 2. [Repealed, L 2018 c 119 s 34]

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5.1	Subp. 2a. Contribution processors and professional fundraisers. A vendor may
5.2	solicit, process, collect, or otherwise facilitate the accumulation of contributions made to a
5.3	principal campaign committee, political party unit, political committee, or political fund,
5.4	and may temporarily retain or control any contributions collected, without thereby making
5.5	a contribution to the intended recipient of the contributions, if the vendor is paid the fair
5.6	market value of the services provided. Contributions collected must be transmitted to the
5.7	intended recipient, minus any fees withheld by the vendor. A vendor that is paid the fair
5.8	market value of any goods or services provided is not a political committee or a political
5.9	fund by virtue of providing those goods or services. A vendor that determines which principal
5.10	campaign committee, political party unit, political committee, or political fund receives the
5.11	contributions collected is a political committee or political fund as provided in Minnesota
5.12	Statutes, section 10A.01, even if the recipient of the contributions pays the vendor the fair
5.13	market value of the services provided to collect the contributions.

5.14 Subp. 3. Transmission of contributions. Promptly after receipt of any contribution
5.15 intended for a principal campaign committee, political party unit, political committee, or
5.16 political fund, or on demand of the treasurer, an any individual, association, or vendor
5.17 retaining or controlling the contribution must transmit the contribution together with any
5.18 required record to the treasurer.

5.19 Subp. 4. Identification of contributor. An individual or association that pays for or
5.20 provides goods or services, or makes goods or services available, with the knowledge that
5.21 they will be used for the benefit of a principal campaign committee, political party unit,
5.22 political committee, or a political fund, is the contributor of those goods or services.

5.23

[For text of subparts 5 to 9, see Minnesota Rules]

5.24 Subp. 10. Underlying sources of funding of unregistered associations. A principal
 5.25 campaign committee, party unit, or political committee or fund that is not an independent
 5.26 expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund, must consider an association's

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6.1	sources of funding in determining whether a contribution may be accepted from an
6.2	association that is not registered with the board as a principal campaign committee, a party
6.3	unit, a political committee, or the supporting association of a political fund. A contribution
6.4	from an unregistered association is prohibited if any of that association's sources of funding
6.5	would be prohibited from making the contribution directly under Minnesota Statutes, section
6.6	211B.15, subdivision 2.
6.7	4503.0700 CONTRIBUTION LIMITS.
6.8	[For text of subparts 1 to 3, see Minnesota Rules]
6.9	Subp. 4. Commercial vendors not subject to bundling limitation. A vendor retained
6.10	by a principal campaign committee, political party unit, political committee, or political
6.11	fund for the accumulation of contributions, and paid by that committee, party unit, or fund
6.12	the fair market value of the services provided, as described in part 4503.0500, subpart 2a,
6.13	is not subject to the bundling limitation in Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.27, subdivision
6.14	<u>1.</u>
6.15	4503.0800 DONATIONS IN KIND AND APPROVED EXPENDITURES.
6.16	Subpart 1. [Repealed, L 2005 c 156 art 6 s 68]
6.17	Subp. 1a. Contributor payment of processing fee. If a contributor pays a processing
6.18	fee when making a contribution and the fee would otherwise have been billed to the recipient
6.19	of the contribution or withheld from the amount transmitted to the recipient, the amount of
6.20	the fee is a donation in kind to the recipient of the contribution. If the donation in kind
6.21	exceeds the amount specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.13, subdivision 1, the
6.22	recipient's treasurer must keep an account of the contribution and must include the
6.23	contribution within campaign reports as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.20.
6.24	If the donation in kind does not exceed the amount specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
6.25	10A.13, subdivision 1, the recipient's treasurer is not required to keep an account of the

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7.1	contribution or to include it within ca	mpaign reports filed	under Minnesota Sta	tutes, section
7.2	<u>10A.20.</u>			
7.3	Subp. 2. Multicandidate mate	erials. An approved of	expenditure made on	n behalf of
7.4	multiple candidates or local candida	tes must be allocated	between the candida	ates <u>or the</u>
7.5	local candidates on a reasonable basis	if the cost exceeds \$2	0 per candidate or loc	cal candidate.
7.6	Subp. 3. Multipurpose mater	ials. A reasonable po	ortion of the fair mar	ket value of
7.7	preparation and distribution of assoc	ciation newsletters or	similar materials wh	nich, in part,
7.8	advocate the nomination or election	of a candidate <u>or a loc</u>	cal candidate is a don	nation in kind
7.9	which must be approved by the cano	lidate <u>or the local car</u>	ndidate if the value e	xceeds \$20,
7.10	unless an independent expenditure is	s being made.		
7.11	Subp. 4. Office facilities. The	fair market value of	shared office space of	or services
7.12	provided to a candidate or a local ca	ndidate without reim	bursement is a donat	tion in kind.
7.13	[For text of s	ubpart 5, see Minnes	ota Rules]	
7.14	4503.0900 NONCAMPAIGN DIS	SBURSEMENTS.		
7.15	Subpart 1. Additional definition	ons. In addition to th	ose listed in Minnes	sota Statutes,
7.16	section 10A.01, subdivision 26, the	following expenses a	re noncampaign dist	oursements:
7.17	[For text of ite	ms A to D, see Minne	esota Rules]	
7.18	E. payment of fines assess	ed by the board; and		
7.19	F. costs of running a transit	tion office for a winni	ng gubernatorial can	didate during
7.20	the first six months after election-; a	nd		
7.21	\underline{G} . costs to maintain a bank	account that is requi	red by law, including	service fees,
7.22	the cost of ordering checks, and che	ck processing fees.		
7.23	Subp. 2. [Repealed, 21 SR 177	9]		

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8.1	Subp. 2a. Expenses incurred by leaders of a legislative caucus. Expenses incurred
8.2	by a legislative caucus leader in carrying out their leadership responsibilities may be paid
8.3	by their principal campaign committee and classified as a noncampaign disbursement for
8.4	expenses incurred by leaders of a legislative caucus. These expenses must be incurred for
8.5	the operation of the caucus and include but are not limited to expenses related to operating
8.6	a website, social media accounts, a telephone system, similar means of communication,
8.7	travel expenses, and legal expenses.
8.8	Subp. 2b. Signage and supplies for office holders. Expenses incurred by an office
8.9	holder for signage outside their official office and for basic office supplies purchased to aid
8.10	the office holder in performing the tasks of their office may be paid by their principal
8.11	campaign committee and classified as a noncampaign disbursement for expenses for serving
8.12	in public office. These expenses may include signage, stationery, or other means of
8.13	communication that identify the office holder as a member of a legislative caucus.
8.14	Subp. 2c. Equipment purchases. The cost of durable equipment purchased by a
8.15	principal campaign committee, including but not limited to computers, cell phones, and
8.16	other electronic devices, must be classified as a campaign expenditure unless the equipment
8.17	is purchased to replace equipment that was lost, stolen, or damaged to such a degree that it
8.18	no longer serves its intended purpose, or the equipment will be used solely:
8.19	A. by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer in the executive branch
8.20	to provide services for constituents during the period from the beginning of the term of
8.21	office to adjournment sine die of the legislature in the election year for the office held;
8.22	B. by a winning candidate to provide services to residents in the district in
8.23	accordance with subpart 1;
8.24	C. for campaigning by a person with a disability in accordance with subpart 1;
8.25	D. for running a transition office in accordance with subpart 1; or

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- 9.1
- E. as home security hardware.
- 9.2

[For text of subpart 3, see Minnesota Rules]

9.3 4503.1000 CAMPAIGN MATERIALS INCLUDING OTHER CANDIDATES.

9.4 Subpart 1. Inclusion of others without attempt to influence nomination or
9.5 election. Campaign materials, including media advertisements, produced and distributed
9.6 on behalf of one candidate which contain images of, appearances by, or references to another
9.7 candidate <u>or local candidate</u>, but which do not mention the candidacy of the other candidate
9.8 <u>or local candidate</u> or make a direct or indirect appeal for support of the other candidate<u>or</u>
9.9 <u>local candidate</u>, are not contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of that candidate<u>or local</u>
9.10 candidate.

9.11 Subp. 2. Multicandidate materials prepared by a candidate. A candidate who
9.12 produces and distributes campaign materials, including media advertisements, which include
9.13 images of, appearances by, or references to one or more other candidates <u>or local candidates</u>,
9.14 and which mention the candidacy of the other candidates <u>or local candidates</u> or include a
9.15 direct or indirect appeal for the support of the other candidates <u>or local candidates</u> must
9.16 collect from each of the other candidates <u>or local candidates</u> a reasonable proportion of the
9.17 production and distribution costs.

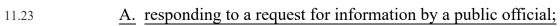
9.18 4503.1900 AGGREGATED EXPENDITURES.

9.19 Expenditures and noncampaign disbursements may be aggregated and reported as lump
9.20 sums when itemized within a report filed under Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.20, if:

- 9.21 A. each expenditure or noncampaign disbursement was made to the same vendor;
- 9.22 <u>B.</u> each expenditure or noncampaign disbursement was made for the same type
- 9.23 of goods or services;
- 9.24 <u>C.</u> each lump sum consists solely of aggregated expenditures or solely of
 9.25 aggregated noncampaign disbursements;

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10.1	D. each lump sum con	sists solely of aggregated	expenditures or non	campaign
10.2	disbursements that are paid, are	unpaid, or represent the do	ollar value of a dona	tion in kind;
10.3	\underline{E} . the expenditures and	d noncampaign disburseme	ents are aggregated of	over a period
10.4	of no more than 31 days; and			
10.5	F. all expenditures and	noncampaign disburseme	ents made prior to th	ne end of a
10.6	reporting period are included wi	thin the report covering th	at period.	
10.7	Lump sums must be dated b	based on the last date with	in the period over w	which the
10.8	expenditures or noncampaign dis	sbursements are aggregated	d. This subpart does	not alter the
10.9	date an expenditure is made for	purposes of the registration	n requirements prov	vided in
10.10	Minnesota Statutes, section 10A	.14.		
10.11	4503.2000 DISCLAIMERS.			
10.12	Subpart 1. Additional defi	nitions. The following de	finitions apply to th	nis part and
10.13	Minnesota Statutes, section 2111	<u>B.04:</u>		
10.14	A. "broadcast media"	means a television station,	radio station, cable	television
10.15	system, or satellite system; and			
10.16	B. "social media platfo	orm" means a website or a	pplication that allov	vs multiple
10.17	users to create, share, and view u	user-generated content, exe	cluding a website co	ontrolled
10.18	primarily by the association or in	ndividual that caused the c	ommunication to be	e prepared or
10.19	disseminated.			
10.20	Subp. 2. Material linked to	o a disclaimer. Minnesota	a Statutes, section 2	11B.04, does
10.21	not apply to the following comm	unications that link directl	y to an online page	that includes
10.22	a disclaimer in the form required	l by that section if the com	munication is made	e by or on
10.23	behalf of a candidate, principal c	campaign committee, polit	ical committee, pol	itical fund,
10.24	political party unit, or person wh	no has made an electioneer	ring communication	, as those
10.25	terms are defined in Minnesota S	Statutes, chapter 10A:		

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11.1	A. text, images, video, o	r audio disseminated v	ia a social media platfo	orm;
11.2	B. a text or multimedia r	nessage disseminated of	only to telephone num	bers;
11.3	C. text, images, video, o	r audio disseminated us	sing an application acc	cessed
11.4	primarily via mobile phone, exclu	ding email messages, te	elephone calls, and voi	icemail
11.5	messages; and			
11.6	D. paid electronic advert	tisements disseminated	via the internet by a the	hird party,
11.7	including but not limited to online	banner advertisements	and advertisements a	ppearing
11.8	within the electronic version of a r	newspaper, periodical, o	or magazine.	
11.9	The link must be conspicuous	and when selected mus	t result in the display of	of an online
11.10	page that prominently includes the	required disclaimer.		
11.11	4511.0100 DEFINITIONS.			
11.12	[For text of sub	parts 1 and 1a, see Mir	inesota Rules]	
11.13	Subp. 1b. Administrative ov	verhead expenses. "Ac	lministrative overhead	l expenses"
11.14	means costs incurred by the princi	pal for office space, tra	nsportation costs, and	website
11.15	operations that are used to support	lobbying in Minnesota	<u>ı.</u>	
11.16	Subp. 1c. Development of p	rospective legislation.	"Development of pro	spective
11.17	legislation" means communication	is that request support f	for legislation that has	not been
11.18	introduced as a bill, communication	ns that provide languag	e, or comments on lang	guage, used
11.19	in draft legislation that has not been	introduced as a bill, or	communications that a	re intended
11.20	to facilitate the drafting of language	ge, or comments on lan	guage, used in draft le	gislation
11.21	that has not been introduced as a b	ill. The following actio	ns do not constitute de	evelopment
11.22	of prospective legislation:			
11.00		at fan infamaatian hee a	multic official.	



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12.1	B. requesting that a public off	icial respond to a surv	ey on the official's su	apport or
12.2	opposition for an issue;			
12.3	C. providing information to pu	blic officials in order t	o raise awareness and	l educate
12.5	on an issue or topic; or			<u>i caacate</u>
12.7				
12.5	D. advocating for an issue with	hout requesting action	1 by the public offici	<u>al.</u>
12.6	[For text of subp	art 2, see Minnesota I	Rules]	
12.7	Subp. 3. Lobbying. "Lobbying" r	neans attempting to in	fluence legislative a	ction,
12.8	administrative action, or the official act	ion of a metropolitan	governmental unit po	olitical
12.9	subdivision by communicating with or	urging others to comn	nunicate with public	officials
12.10	or local officials in metropolitan govern	mental units . Any activ	vity that directly supp	oorts this
12.11	communication is considered a part of lo	bbying. Payment of an	application fee, or pr	ocessing
12.12	charge, for a government service, permit	, or license is not lobby	ing or an activity that	t directly
12.13	supports lobbying.			
12.14	Subp. 4. Lobbyist's disbursemen	ts. "Lobbyist's disbur	sements" include all	
12.15	disbursements for lobbying made each	gift given by the lobby	yist, the lobbyist's en	nployer
12.16	or employee, or any person or association	on represented by the	lobbyist , but do not :	include
12.17	compensation paid to the lobbyist.			
12.18	Subp. 5. Original source of funds	s. "Original source of	funds" means a sour	ce of
12.19	funds, provided by an individual or asso	ociation other than the	entity for which a lo	bbyist is
12.20	registered, paid to the lobbyist, the lobby	ist's employer, the entit	ty represented by the	lobbyist,
12.21	or the lobbyist's principal, for lobbying	purposes.		
12.22	Subp. 5a. Pay or consideration for	or lobbying. "Pay or	consideration for lob	bying"
12.23	means the gross compensation paid to a	n individual for lobby	ing. An individual w	hose job
12.24	responsibilities do not include lobbying	, and who has not bee	n directed or request	ed to

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13.1	lobby on an issue by their employer,	does not receive pa	y or consideration for	r lobbying
13.2	they undertake on their own initiative	2.		
13.3	[For text of su	bpart 6, see Minnes	sota Rules]	
13.4	Subp. 7. Reporting lobbyist. "	Reporting lobbyist'	' means a lobbyist res	sponsible for
13.5	reporting lobbying disbursements act	<u>ivity</u> of two or mor	e lobbyists representi	ing the same
13.6	entity. Lobbying disbursements made	e activity on behalf	of an entity may be re	eported by
13.7	each individual lobbyist that represer	nts an entity, or by o	ne or more reporting	lobbyists, or
13.8	a combination of individual reports a	nd reports from a re	porting lobbyist.	
13.9	Subp. 8. State agency. "State ag	gency" means any o	ffice, officer, departm	ent, division,
13.10	bureau, board, commission, authority	y, district, or agency	of the state of Minne	esota.
13.11	4511.0200 REGISTRATION.			
13.12	[For text of su	bpart 1, see Minnes	sota Rules]	
13.13	Subp. 2. Separate registration	for each lobbyist.	Multiple lobbyists re	epresenting
13.14	the same individual, association, poli	tical subdivision, or	r higher education sy	stem must
13.15	each register separately. A lobbyist w	vho provides reports	<u>s</u> lobbying disbursem	ents activity
13.16	to the board through a reporting lobb	yist must list the na	me and registration n	umber of the
13.17	reporting lobbyist on a lobbyist regis	tration. If the report	ing lobbyist changes	, or if the
13.18	lobbyist ceases to report through a repo	orting lobbyist, the lo	bbyist must amend th	e registration
13.19	within ten days.			
13.20	Subp. 2a. Registration thresho	ld. <u>An individual n</u>	nust register as a lobb	oyist with the
13.21	board upon the earlier of when:			
13.22	A. the individual receives to	otal pay or consider	ation from all sources	that exceeds
13.23	\$3,000 in a calendar year for the purp	oose of lobbying or	from a business who	se primary
13.24	source of revenue is derived from fac	ilitating governmen	nt relations or govern	ment affairs
13.25	services if the individual's job duties	include offering dire	ect or indirect consult	ing or advice

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14.1	that helps the business provide those ser	vices to clients. The	e pay or consideration fo	r lobbying
14.2	for an individual whose job duties inclu	ide both lobbying ai	nd functions unrelated to	o lobbying
14.3	is determined by multiplying the gross	compensation of t	he individual by the per	rcentage
14.4	of the individual's work time spent lob	bying in the calence	lar year; or	
14.5	B. the individual spends more	re than \$3,000 of th	neir own funds in a cale	ndar year
14.6	for the purpose of lobbying. Members	hip dues paid by th	e individual, and expen	ses for
14.7	transportation, lodging, and meals used	d to support lobbyi	ng by the individual, are	e not costs
14.8	that count toward the \$3,000 expendit	ure threshold that r	equires registration.	
14.9	Subp. 2b. Registration not requ	ired. An individua	al is not required to regi	ster as a
14.10	lobbyist with the board:			
14.11	<u>A.</u> to represent the lobbyist's	own interests if th	e lobbyist is already reg	gistered to
14.12	represent one or more principals, unles	ss the lobbyist spen	nds over \$3,000 in perso	onal funds
14.13	in a calendar year for the purpose of lo	bbying; or		
14.14	\underline{B} . as a result of serving on the serving on the serving on the serving on the serving of t	he board or govern	ing body of an associat	ion that is
14.15	a principal, unless the individual recei	ves pay or other co	nsideration to lobby on	behalf of
14.16	the association, and the aggregate pay of	or consideration for	lobbying from all source	es exceeds
14.17	\$3,000 in a calendar year.			
14.18	[For text of sub	part 3, see Minnes	ota Rules]	
14.19	Subp. 4. Registration of reporti	ng lobbyist. A rep	oorting lobbyist must in	dicate on
14.20	the lobbyist registration form that the	lobbyist will be rep	orting disbursements lo	obbying
14.21	activity for additional lobbyists repres	enting the same ent	tity. The registration mu	ist list the
14.22	name and registration number of each	lobbyist that will b	e included in reports of	-
14.23	disbursements to the board made by the	e reporting lobbyis	st. Changes to the list of	lobbyists
14.24	represented by a reporting lobbyist mu	ist be amended on t	the reporting lobbyist re	gistration

08/15/24 REVISOR JFK/CH RD4809 within ten days, or provided to the board at the time of filing a report required by Minnesota 15.1 Statutes, section 10A.04, subdivision 2. 15.2 4511.0300 PRINCIPALS. 15.3 Individuals or associations represented by lobbyists are presumed to be principals until 15.4 they establish that they do not fall within the statutory definition of a principal. A political 15.5 subdivision; public higher education system; or any office, department, division, bureau, 15.6 board, commission, authority, district, or agency of the state of Minnesota is not an 15.7 association under Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.01, and is not a principal. 15.8 15.9 **4511.0400 TERMINATION.** Subpart 1. Lobbyist termination. A lobbyist who has ceased lobbying for a particular 15.10 entity may terminate registration by filing a lobbyist termination form and a lobbyist 15.11 disbursement report covering the period from the last report filed through the date of 15.12 termination. If the lobbying disbursements activity of the lobbyist are is reported by a 15.13 reporting lobbyist, the nonreporting lobbyist may terminate by filing a lobbyist termination 15.14

form and notifying the reporting lobbyist of all <u>disbursements made lobbying activity</u> by
the lobbyist during the period from the last report filed through the date of termination.

Subp. 2. Reporting lobbyist termination. A reporting lobbyist who has ceased
lobbying for a particular entity may terminate registration by filing a lobbyist termination
form and a lobbyist disbursement report covering the period from the last report filed through
the date of termination. The termination of a reporting lobbyist reverts the reporting
responsibility back to each lobbyist listed on the registration of the reporting lobbyist.

Subp. 3. Designated lobbyist termination. A designated lobbyist who has ceased
lobbying for a particular entity may terminate <u>their</u> registration using the procedure provided
in subpart 1. When the designated lobbyist of a lobbying entity terminates, the entity is

16.1	responsible to assign the responsibility to report entity the entity's lobbying disbursements
16.2	to another lobbyist.
16.3	4511.0500 LOBBYIST REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
10.5	
16.4	Subpart 1. Separate reporting required for each entity. A lobbyist must report
16.5	separately for each entity for which the lobbyist is registered, unless the disbursements are
16.6	their activity is reported in the manner provided in subpart 2 Minnesota Statutes, section
16.7	10A.04, subdivision 9.
16.8	Subp. 2. [Repealed, L 2017 1Sp4 art 3 s 18]
16.9	Subp. 3. Report of officers and directors information designated lobbyist. With
16.10	each report of lobbyist disbursements activity, a designated lobbyist must report any change
16.11	in the name and address of:
16.12	A. the name and address of each person, if any, by whom the lobbyist is retained
16.13	or employed or on whose behalf the lobbyist appears; or
16.14	B. if the lobbyist represents an association, a current list of the names and addresses
16.15	of each officer and director of the association-;
16.16	\underline{C} . each original source of money in excess of \$500 provided to the individual or
16.17	association that the lobbyist represents; and
16.18	D. each gift to a public or local official given by or on behalf of a principal or a
16.19	lobbyist registered for the principal.
16.20	[For text of subpart 4, see Minnesota Rules]
16.21	Subp. 5. [See repealer.]
16.22	4511.0600 REPORTING DISBURSEMENTS.
16.23	Subpart 1. Determination of actual costs required. To the extent that actual costs
16.24	of lobbying activities or administrative overhead expenses incurred by the principal to

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17.1	support lobbying can be obtained or calcu	lated by reasonable m	eans, those actual cos	ts must
17.2	be determined, recorded, and used for rep	porting purposes.		
17.3	Subp. 2. Approximation of costs.	If the actual cost of a	lobbying activity <u>or</u>	
17.4	administrative overhead expenses incurre	ed by the principal to	support lobbying can	not be
17.5	obtained or calculated through reasonabl	e means, those costs r	nust be reasonably	
17.6	approximated.			
17.7	[For text of subparts	3 to 6, see Minnesoto	Rules]	
17.8	4511.0700 REPORTING COMPENS	ATION PAID TO LO	OBBYIST.	
17.9	Subpart 1. Reporting by lobbyist.	Compensation paid to	o a lobbyist for lobby	ving is
17.10	not reportable by the lobbyist as a lobbyi	st disbursement .		
17.11	[For text of subpa	rt 2, see Minnesota R	ules]	
17.12 17.13	<u>4511.0900</u> LOBBYIST REPORTING MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS.	FOR POLITICAL	SUBDIVISION	
17.14	Subpart 1. Required reporting. An	association whose me	mbership consists of p	olitical
17.15	subdivisions within Minnesota and which	is a principal that prov	vides lobbyist represe	ntation
17.16	on issues as directed by its membership i	nust report:		
17.17	A. attempts to influence admin	istrative action on bel	alf of the organization	on's
17.18	membership;			
17.19	B. attempts to influence legisla	tive action on behalf	of the organization's	
17.20	membership; and			
17.21	\underline{C} . attempts to influence the off	icial action of a politi	cal subdivision on be	half of
17.22	the organization's membership, unless the	political subdivision is	a member of the asso	ciation.
17.23	Subp. 2. Communication with me	mbership. <u>A membe</u>	rship association des	cribed
17.24	in subpart 1 is not lobbying political subd	livisions when the asse	ociation communicat	es with

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18.1	its membership regarding lobbying	efforts made on the m	embers' behalf, or whe	n the
18.2	association recommends actions by	its membership to su	oport a lobbying effort.	
18.3	4511.1000 ACTIONS AND APP	ROVAL OF ELECT	ED LOCAL OFFICIA	ALS.
18.4	Subpart 1. An action that req	uires a vote of the go	overning body. Attemp	oting to
18.5	influence the vote of an elected local	official while acting in	their official capacity is	lobbying
18.6	of that official's political subdivisio	<u>n.</u>		
18.7	Subp. 2. Approval by an elec	ted local official. Att	empting to influence a	decision
18.8	of an elected local official that does n	not require a vote by th	e elected local official is	lobbying
18.9	if the elected local official has discr	etion in their official c	apacity to either approv	e or deny
18.10	a government service or action. Ap	proval by an elected lo	ocal official does not in	clude:
18.11	A. issuing a government l	icense, permit, or var	ance that is routinely p	rovided
18.12	when the applicant has complied with	ith the requirements o	f existing state code or	local
18.13	ordinances;			
18.14	B. any action which is per	rformed by the office	of the elected local officient	cial and
18.15	which does not require personal app	proval by an elected lo	ocal official;	
18.16	C. prosecutorial discretion	n exercised by a count	y attorney; or	
18.17	D. participating in discuss	sions with a party or a	party's representative r	egarding
18.18	litigation between the party and the	political subdivision	of the elected local offic	<u>cial.</u>
18.19	4511.1100 MAJOR DECISION	OF NONELECTED	LOCAL OFFICIALS	<u>.</u>
18.20	Subpart 1. Major decision reg	garding the expenditu	re of public money. A	ttempting
18.21	to influence a nonelected local offici	ial is lobbying if the no	nelected local official n	nay make,
18.22	recommend, or vote on as a membe	r of the political subd	ivision's governing bod	y, a major
18.23	decision regarding an expenditure of	or investment of public	<u>e money.</u>	

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19.1	Subp. 2. Actions that are a m	ajor decision regardin	g public funds. <u>/</u>	A major decision
19.2	regarding the expenditure or inves	tment of public money	includes but is no	ot limited to a
19.3	decision on:			
19.4	A. the development and	ratification of operating	; and capital budg	ets of a political
19.5	subdivision, including developmer	nt of the budget request	for an office or de	partment within
19.6	the political subdivision;			
19.7	\underline{B} . whether to apply for o	r accept state or federal	funding or privat	e grant funding;
19.8	<u>C.</u> selecting recipients for	or government grants fro	om the political s	ubdivision; or
19.9	D. expenditures on public	c infrastructure used to s	upport private hou	using or business
19.10	developments.			
19.11	Subp. 3. Actions that are no	t a major decision. <u>A</u>	major decision re	egarding the
19.12	expenditure of public money does	not include:		
19.13	A. the purchase of goods	s or services with public	tunds in the oper	rating or capital
19.14	budget of a political subdivision;			
19.15	B. collective bargaining	of a labor contract on b	ehalf of a politication	al subdivision;
19.16	or			
19.17	C. participating in discus	ssions with a party or a	party's representa	ative regarding
19.18	litigation between the party and th	e political subdivision	of the local officia	al.
19.19	4512.0200 GIFTS WHICH MA	Y NOT BE ACCEPT	ED.	
19.20	Subpart 1. Acceptance. An o	fficial may not accept a	gift given by a lob	byist or lobbyist
19.21	principal or given as the result of a	request by a lobbyist or	lobbyist principa	al unless the gift
19.22	satisfies an exception under this pa	art or Minnesota Statute	es, section 10A.07	<u>71</u> .
19.23	Subp. 2. Use of gift to metro	politan governmental	unit<u>a political</u> s	ubdivision . An
19.24	official may not use a gift given by	y a lobbyist or lobbyist	principal to a me	tropolitan

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20.1	governmental unit political subdivision	on until the gift has	been formally accepte	d by an
20.2	official action of the governing body	of the metropolitan	governmental unit pol	itical
20.3	subdivision.			
20.4	Subp. 3. Exception. A gift is no	ot prohibited if it co	onsists of informational	l material
20.5	given by a lobbyist or principal to assi	st an official in the	performance of officia	l duties and
20.6	the lobbyist or principal had a signific	cant role in the crea	tion, development, or	production
20.7	of that material.			
20.8	4525.0100 DEFINITIONS.			
20.9	[For text of subpo	urts 1 to 6, see Min	nesota Rules]	
20.10	Subp. 6a. Preponderance of the	e evidence. "Prepo	onderance of the evider	ice" means,
20.11	in light of the evidence obtained by or	known to the boar	rd, the evidence leads t	he board to
20.12	believe that a fact is more likely to be	true than not true.		
20.13	[For text of subpar	rts 7 and 8, see Min	nnesota Rules]	
20.14	4525.0200 COMPLAINTS OF VIO	OLATIONS.		
20.15	[For text of sul	bpart 1, see Minnes	sota Rules]	
20.16	Subp. 2. Form. Complaints mus	st be submitted in v	writing. The name and	address of
20.17	the person making the complaint, or o	of the individual wh	no has signed the comp	laint while
20.18	acting on the complainant's behalf, mu	ist be included on th	ne complaint and it . The	e complaint
20.19	must be signed by the complainant or	an individual auth	orized to act on behalf	of the
20.20	complainant. A complainant shall mu	<u>st</u> list the alleged v	iolator and the alleged	violator's
20.21	address if known by the complainant	and describe the co	omplainant's knowledg	e of the
20.22	alleged violation. Any evidentiary ma	terial should be su	bmitted with the comp	laint.
20.23	Complaints are not available for public	ic inspection or cop	oying until after the con	nplaint is
20.24	dismissed or withdrawn or the board n	makes a finding.		
20.25	Subp. 3. [Repealed, 30 SR 903]			

4525.0200

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21.1	Subp. 3a. Withdrawal.	Prior to a prima facie determ	nination being made	, a complaint
21.2	may be withdrawn upon the	written request of the person	making the complai	int or any
21.3	individual authorized to act o	on that person's behalf. After	a prima facie detern	nination is
21.4	made, a complaint may not b	e withdrawn.		
21.5	[For text	t of subparts 4 to 6, see Minne	esota Rules]	
21.6 21.7	4525.0210 DETERMINAT	TIONS PRIOR TO <u>AND DU</u>	<u>JRING</u> FORMAL	
21.8	[For text	t of subparts 1 to 3, see Minne	esota Rules]	
21.9	Subp. 3a. Making the p	orobable cause determinatio	n. In determining v	whether there
21.10	is probable cause to believe a	violation occurred, any evide	ence obtained by or	known to the
21.11	board may be considered. Arg	guments of the respondent and	complainant must b	e considered.
21.12	Probable cause exists if there	e are sufficient facts and reaso	mable inferences to	be drawn
21.13	therefrom to believe that a vi	olation of law has occurred.		
21.14	[For t	ext of subpart 4, see Minneso	ota Rules]	
21.15	Subp. 5. Action after p	robable cause found. If the	board finds that pro	bable cause
21.16	exists to believe that a violat	ion has occurred, the board th	en must determine	whether the
21.17	alleged violation warrants a	formal investigation.		
21.18	When making this determ	nination, the board must consi	der the type of possi	ble violation;
21.19	the magnitude of the violation	n if it is a financial violation; t	the extent of knowle	dge or intent
21.20	of the violator; the benefit of	formal findings, conclusions,	and orders compare	d to informal
21.21	resolution of the matter; the a	availability of board resources	s; whether the violat	tion has been
21.22	remedied; and any other sim	ilar factor necessary to decide	whether the allege	d violation
21.23	warrants a formal investigati	on.		
21.24	If the board orders a form	nal investigation, the order mus	st be in writing and r	nust describe
21.25	the basis for the board's deter	mination, the possible violati	ons to be investigat	ed, the scope

	08/15/24	REVISOR	JFK/CH	RD4809
22.1	of the investigation, and the discove	ery methods available	for use by the board	in the
22.2	investigation.			
22.3	The executive director must pro	omptly notify the com	plainant and the resp	ondent of the
22.4	board's determination.			
22.5	The notice to the respondent al	so must:		
22.6	[For text of ite	ems A to C, see Minne	<u>esota Rules]</u>	
22.7	D. state that the responder	nt will be given an opp	portunity to be heard	by the board
22.8	prior to the board's determination as	s to whether any viola	tion occurred.	
22.9	At the conclusion of the invest	igation, the board mus	st determine whether	• a violation
22.10	occurred. The board's determination	n of any disputed facts	s must be based upor	<u>1 a</u>
22.11	preponderance of the evidence.			
22.12	[For text of s	subpart 6, see Minnes	ota Rules]	
22.13	4525.0220 SUMMARY PROCE	EDINGS.		
22.14	[For text of subp	parts 1 and 2, see Min	nesota Rules]	
22.15	Subp. 3. Consideration of req	uest by board. Upon	receipt of a request fo	or a summary
22.16	proceeding, the executive director r	nust submit the reque	st to the board. <u>If the</u>	e matter was
22.17	initiated by a complaint, the compla	aint has not been dism	ussed, and a probable	e cause
22.18	determination has not been made, the	ne executive director r	nust send a copy of t	he request to
22.19	the complainant no later than the tir	ne that the request is s	submitted to the boar	d. Under any
22.20	other circumstances a complainant	must not be notified o	or provided a copy of	the request.
22.21	The request must be considered by t	he board at its next me	eeting that occurs at l	east ten days
22.22	after the request was received. If th	e executive director so	ends a copy of the re	quest to the
22.23	complainant pursuant to this subpar	t, the complainant mu	1st be given an oppor	rtunity to be
22.24	heard by the board.			

08/15/24 REVISOR JFK/CH RD4809 The board is not required to agree to a request for a summary proceeding. If the board 23.1 modifies the respondent's request for a summary proceeding, the board must obtain the 23.2 23.3 respondent's agreement to the modifications before undertaking the summary proceeding. 4525.0500 INVESTIGATIONS AND AUDITS; GENERAL PROVISIONS. 23.4 [For text of subparts 1 and 2, see Minnesota Rules] 23.5 Subp. 2a. Penalties. In exercising discretion as to the imposition of a civil penalty for 23.6 violation of a statute within the board's jurisdiction, the board must consider the factors 23.7 23.8 identified in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.045. The board also may consider additional factors such as whether a violator created and complied with appropriate internal controls 23.9 or policies before the violation occurred, whether the violator could have avoided the 23.10 violation, whether the violator voluntarily reported or corrected any violation, and whether 23.11 the violator took measures to remedy or mitigate any violation or avoid future violations. 23.12 [For text of subparts 3 to 7, see Minnesota Rules] 23.13 4525.0550 FORMAL AUDITS. 23.14 Subpart 1. Formal audit. The purpose of a formal audit is to ensure that all information 23.15 included in the report or statement being audited is accurately reported. The fact that the 23.16 board is conducting a formal audit does not imply that the subject of the audit has violated 23.17 any law. When conducting an audit, the board may require testimony under oath, permit 23.18 written statements to be given under oath, and issue subpoenas and cause them to be served. 23.19 When conducting an audit the board may require the production of any records required to 23.20 be retained under Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.025. 23.21 [For text of subparts 2 and 3, see Minnesota Rules] 23.22 Subp. 4. Audits of affidavits of contributions. The board may audit the affidavit of 23.23 contributions filed by a candidate or the candidate's treasurer to determine whether the 23.24 candidate is eligible to receive a public subsidy payment. The executive director must contact 23.25

23

24.1 the principal campaign committee of a candidate and request the information necessary to

24.2 audit any affidavit of contributions that was not filed by electronic filing system, if the

- 24.3 committee has accepted contributions from individuals totaling less than twice the amount
- 24.4 required to qualify for a public subsidy payment.
- 24.5 Subp. 5. Audits of other campaign finance filings. The board may audit any campaign
- 24.6 finance report or statement that is filed or required to be filed with the board under Minnesota
- 24.7 Statutes, chapter 10A or 211B. The board may conduct a partial audit, including auditing
- 24.8 <u>a campaign finance report to determine whether a beginning or ending balance reconciles</u>
- 24.9 with the filer's financial records. In determining whether to undertake an audit, the board

24.10 must consider the availability of board resources, the possible benefit to the public, and the

- 24.11 magnitude of any reporting failures or violations that may be discovered as a result of the
- 24.12 audit. The board may conduct audits in which respondents are selected on a randomized
- 24.13 basis designed to capture a sample of respondents that meet certain criteria. The board may
- 24.14 <u>conduct audits in which all respondents meet certain criteria. When undertaking an audit</u>
- 24.15 with respondents selected on a randomized basis, the board must, to the extent possible,
- 24.16 seek to prevent selecting respondents based on their political party affiliation, or if the
- 24.17 respondents are candidates, based on their incumbency status.

24.18 **RENUMBERING INSTRUCTION.** A. Renumber Minnesota Rules, part 4501.0100,

- 24.19 subpart 7a, as Minnesota Rules, part 4501.0100, subpart 7c.
- 24.20 <u>B. Renumber Minnesota Rules, part 4503.0100, subpart 3a, as Minnesota Rules, part</u>
 24.21 4503.0100, subpart 3c.
- 24.22 **REPEALER.** Minnesota Rules, part 4511.0500, subpart 5, is repealed.



Date: August 28, 2024

- **To:** Board members
- From: Megan Engelhardt, Assistant Executive Director Greta Johnson, Legal / Management Analyst

Telephone: 651-539-1182 **Telephone:** 651-539-1183

Re: Prima Facie Determinations

Complaints filed with the Board are subject to a prima facie determination which are made by the Board chair in consultation with staff. If the Board chair determines that the complaint states a violation of Chapter 10A or the provisions of Chapter 211B under the Board's jurisdiction, the complaint moves forward to a probable cause determination by the full Board.

If the determination finds that the complaint does not state a prima facie violation, the prima facie determination must dismiss the complaint without prejudice. When a complaint is dismissed, the complaint and the prima facie determination become public data. The following complaints were dismissed by Chair Asp, and the prima facie determinations are provided here as an informational item to Board members. No further Board action is required.

Mark Westpfahl

On August 14, 2024, the Board received a complaint from Kevin Sethre regarding Mark Westpfahl, a mayoral candidate in the City of South St. Paul. The complaint alleged that Mark Westpfahl did not file a pre-primary campaign finance report per Minnesota Statutes section 211A.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), which states that a campaign finance report needs to be filed "ten days before the primary or special primary." The complaint was dismissed due to the Board's lack of jurisdiction over the statute that might give rise to the violation alleged in the complaint.

People for Gregory (Davids) Committee

On July 22, 2024, the Board received three complaints from Cory Johnson regarding Representative Gregory Davids, a candidate for Minnesota House of Representatives District 26B. The People for (Gregory) Davids Committee is the principal campaign committee of Representative Davids. The complaints alleged that the Davids committee sent three separate campaign mailers that state that Representative Davids is the Republican-endorsed candidate for House District 26B. All three complaints alleged that Representative Davids is not the Republican-endorsed candidate for House District 26B. The complaints alleged that the mailers violated Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02, which regulates claims of endorsement and support. Because all three complaints alleged that the Davids committee violated Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02 in the same manner, the Board chair considered all three complaints together. The complaints were dismissed due to the Board's lack of jurisdiction over the statute that might give rise to the violations alleged in the complaints.

Attachments:

Westpfahl complaint Westpfahl prima facie determination Davids complaint Davids prima facie determination





Complaint for Violation of the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Act

All information on this form is confidential until a decision is issued by the Board. A photocopy of the entire complaint, however, will be sent to the respondent.

Information about complaint filer

Name of complaint file						
Address	3650 73rd Street E	address sethrek@gmail.com				
City, state, and zip	Inver Grove Height MN 55076	Telephone (Daytime) 651 358 9143				

Identify person/entity you are complaining about

Name of person/entity being complained about	Mark Westpfahl				
Address	1519 Deerword Drive				
City, state, zip	South St.Paul MN 55075				
Title of respondent (If applicable)	Mark J. Westpfahl for Mayor				

Signature of person filing complaint

Date

Send completed form to:

Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board 190 Centennial Office Building 658 Cedar Street St. Paul, MN 55155

If you have questions call 651-539-1189, 800-657-3889, or for TTY/TDD communication contact us via the Minnesota Relay Service at 800-627-3529. Board staff may be reached by email at cf.board@state.mn.us.

This document is available in alternative formats to individuals with disabilities by calling 651-539-1180, 800-657-3889, or through the Minnesota Relay Service at 800-627-3529.

You will find links to the complete text of Chapter 10A, Chapter 211B, and Minnesota Rules chapters 4501 - 4525 on the Board's website at cfb.mn.gov.

Nature of complaint

Explain in detail why you believe the respondent has violated the campaign finance and public disclosure laws. Attach extra sheet(s) of paper if necessary. Attach any documents, photographs, or other evidence needed to support your allegations. Electronic files may be provided to the Board by email or via a file transfer service.

Respondent did not file pre-primary campaign finance report per statute 211A.02, Sub-division 1,sub-para 1), which reads:							
ten days before the primary or special primary. This report is required regardless of whether the candidate or issue is on the primary ballot or a primary is not conducted;"							
Today is August 12, 2024. 1	The campaign finan	ce report w	as due	August 3, 2024.			
Note: The CFB candidate ha	andbook provides a	report dea	idline of	f July 29, 2024.	:		
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Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022 and Minnesota Rules Chapter 4525 describe the procedures required for investigating complaints. A full description of the complaint process is available on the Board's website. Briefly, the Board will notify you when it has received your complaint. The Board must send a copy of the complaint to the respondent. Complaints and investigations are confidential. Board members and staff cannot talk about an investigation except as required to carry out the investigation or to take action in the matter. After the Board issues a decision, the record of the investigation is public.

The law requires a complaint to go through two stages before the Board can begin an investigation: a prima facie determination and a probable cause decision. If the complaint does not pass one of the stages, it must be dismissed. The Board chair or their designee has 10 business days after receiving your complaint to determine whether the complaint alleges a prima facie violation. If the complaint alleges a prima facie violation, the Board has 45 days to decide whether probable cause exists to believe a violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred. Both you and the respondent have the right to be heard on the issue of probable cause before the Board makes this decision. The Board will notify you if the complaint moves to the probable cause stage.

If the Board determines that probable cause does not exist, the Board will dismiss the complaint. If the Board determines that probable cause exists, the Board may start an investigation. In some cases the Board will issue findings, conclusions, and an order as its decision. In other cases the Board will instead enter into a conciliation agreement with the respondent. The Board's final decision will be posted on the Board's website.

	(CAMPAIGN	FINANCIAL REPOR	RT	
		(All of the information	on in this report is public information	") ~~~	
Name of candidat	e, committee or	corporation	ark J Westpfahl for	Mayor	
Office sought or b	allot question	Mayor	Distr	ict	
Type of	<u>×</u>	Candidate report		l of time covered by re	port:
report _		Campalgn commi Association or commission or contract of the second se		A 47 DA.	91 95 9/l
بن ب		Final report	from from	April 3 to May	al, day
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(money or in-kind) contributions from	rather than contri a single source th	eceived during the pe butor. See note on co	riod of time covered by this report. Intribution limits on the back of this ng the calendar year. This itemizatio	form. Use a separate she n must include name, ad	et to itemize all dress, employer
CASH		\$ 4,175	TOTAL CASH-ON-H/	ND \$ 1266.	
IN-KIND		* \$			
TOTAL AMOUNT I	RECEIVED	\$			
Include the amou Attach additional Date		ary.	ments made during the period o <i>Purpose</i>	f time covered by repo	
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4/18/24	Signs			<u>932.</u>	10
4/23/24	Literat	Sine Attend on a	nt will additional Expen	910.	
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				TOTAL X, IUC	<u>>. </u>
more than \$200.	Submit a separa	a project or corpora	E PROJECT EXPENDITURES te message project for which co roject. Attach additional sheets		nditure(s) total
Date	/	Purpose	Name and Address	Expendite	
			of Recipient	Contribi Amou	
				TOTAL	
	<u> </u>		111	IVIAL	
	s		That the) m	22.24
I certify that this	is a full and true	statement.	Signature	<u> </u>	OKAI
Printed Name <u></u>	Jark J. We	stofall Tele	phone 651-246-8574 Em		
Address <u>1519</u>		Drive Sart	h St. Paul MN S.	5075	,
	A CONTRACTOR	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	in the state of th		

Office

For Office Use Only: Name

Mark J. Westpfahl for Mayor

markformayorssp.com

April 3 - May 21, 2014

Donor Name	Amount	Address (for over \$200)	Employer
Personal Loan - Westpfahl	\$3,000	1519 Deerwood Drive, South St. Paul, MN 55075	South St. Paul Public Schools
Matt Klein	100		
Claire Troxel	20		
Jake Cortes	50		
Ryan Vernosh	30		
Ty Fehrman	50		4
Lauren Huschka	25		
Joe and Julia Atkins	100		
Jennifer Bloom	100		- 4 8
		1519 Birka Lane,	
Don Westpfahl	500	Onalaska, Wisconsin 5465	RetIred
Paul Putt	100		
Matt Greelck	100		

`

Mark J. Westpfahl for Mayor markformayorssp.com

Date		CAMPAIGN EXPENSES	
			Expenses
	4/3/24	Website & Host	154.4
	4/23/24	Campaign Lit Piece 1	910.1
	4/10/24	Campaign Signs	932.9
	5/1/24	SSP4ALL Sponsorship	50
	5/1/24	Kaposla Days Sponsorship	750
	5/10/24	SSPPS Drama Club Sponsorship	25
	5/16/24	Queensboro - Branded merchandise	36.56
	5/21/24	Kaposia Days Biz Expo	30
	5/21/24	SSP Mayoral Filing	20

Campaign Finance

Campaigns and candidates are required to make information public about the money they raise and spend. These laws about campaign finance vary, depending on the office, please visit the <u>Minnesota Secretary of State's site</u> for more in-depth information on requirements.

Local Candidates and Campaigns

Local candidates and campaigns follow <u>Minnesota Statutes Chapter 211A</u> and local laws, and file with their local filing officer. Thes that raise or spend larger amounts of money must make this information public through <u>Campaign Finance filings</u>.

Campaign Finance Reports

2024

Bakken, Pam: April 10 - June 11

Bakken, Pam: June 18 - July 1

Fehrman, Tyler: January 1 - May 21

Francis, Jimmy: January 1 - March 31 Francis, Jimmy: April 1 - August 1

Hansen, Lori: June 15 - August 1

Westpfahl, Mark: April 3 - May 21

2023 Jimmy Francis, 2023

2022

Joe Kaliszewski, 2022 Certification of Filing, 2022

Tom Seaberg, 2022 Certification of Filing, 2022

Matthew Thomson, Certification of Filing, 2022

CP Government Websites by <u>CivicPlus®</u>

STATE OF MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD

PRIMA FACIE DETERMINATION

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPLAINT OF KEVIN SETHRE REGARDING MARK WESTPFAHL

On August 14, 2024, the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board received a complaint submitted by Kevin Sethre regarding Mark Westpfahl, a mayoral candidate in the City of South St. Paul.

The complaint alleges that Mark Westpfahl did not file a pre-primary campaign finance report per Minnesota Statutes section 211A.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), which states that a campaign finance report needs to be filed "ten days before the primary or special primary. This report is required regardless of whether the candidate or issue is on the primary ballot or a primary is not conducted." The complaint states that Westpfahl's report should have been filed by August 3, 2024, and includes a screenshot of what appears to be a City of South St. Paul webpage indicating that Westpfahl had not filed the pre-primary report as of the date the complaint was submitted.

Determination

Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022, subdivision 3, authorizes the Board to investigate alleged or potential violations of Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A in addition to Minnesota Statutes sections 211B.04, 211B.12, and 211B.15. Because the Board does not have jurisdiction over the statutes that might give rise to the violations alleged in the complaint, the chair concludes that the complaint does not state a prima facie violation of Chapter 10A or of those sections of Chapter 211B under the Board's jurisdiction. Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022, subdivision 3, this prima facie determination is made by the Board chair and not by any vote of the entire Board. The complaint is dismissed without prejudice.

David Asp, Chair Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board Date: August 16, 2024



Complaint for Violation of the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Act

All information on this form is confidential until a decision is issued by the Board. A photocopy of the entire complaint, however, will be sent to the respondent.

Information about complaint filer								
Name of complaint filer	Cory	y John	ison	2				
Address	Address 715 Jonathan Lane Email address thxdude@pm.me							
City, state, and zip	La Crescent Telephone 5073963427							
	Identify person/entity you a	re cor	nplaining ab	oout				
Name of person/en being complained a		Greg	Davids					
Address PO te	× (
City, state, zip PUES	TON, MN 53965							
Title of respondent								
Board/Department/ HPUSE 26	Agency/District # (If legislator)	•						
Signature of person filing complaint 18-July - 2024 Date								
Send completed form to:								
190 Centennial Of 658 Cedar Street	Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board 190 Centennial Office Building							

If you have questions call 651-539-1189, 800-657-3889, or for TTY/TDD communication contact us via the Minnesota Relay Service at 800-627-3529. Board staff may be reached by email at cf.board@state.mn.us.

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Give the statutory cite to the section of Chapter 10A, Chapter 211B, or Minnesota Rules you believe has been violated:

You will find links to the complete text of Chapter 10A, Chapter 211B, and Minnesota Rules chapters 4501 - 4525 on the Board's website at cfb.mn.gov.

Nature of complaint

Explain in detail why you believe the respondent has violated the campaign finance and public disclosure laws. Attach extra sheet(s) of paper if necessary. Attach any documents, photographs, or other evidence needed to support your allegations. Electronic files may be provided to the Board by email or via a file transfer service.

211B.02 FALSE CLAIM OF SUPPORT.

A person or candidate may not knowingly make, directly or indirectly, a false claim stating or implying that a candidate or ballot question has the support or endorsement of a major political party or party unit or of an organization. A person or candidate may not state in written campaign material that the candidate or ballot question has the support or endorsement of an individual without first getting written permission from the individual to do so.

Greg is sending out mailers which indicate he is supported by the MNGOP. Greg lost the endorsement on April 20, 2024, at the endorsing convention after 1 round of voting. Greg cannot be using the MNGOP logo to my understanding of the statue.

https://www.hometownsource.com/caledonia/news/local/representative-davids-seeks-re-election-after-losing-partys-endorsement-to-steuart/article_121ce744-13c9-11ef-8841-df2b0ea092c0.html

Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022 and Minnesota Rules Chapter 4525 describe the procedures required for investigating complaints. A full description of the complaint process is available on the Board's website. Briefly, the Board will notify you when it has received your complaint. The Board must send a copy of the complaint to the respondent. Complaints and investigations are confidential. Board members and staff cannot talk about an investigation except as required to carry out the investigation or to take action in the matter. After the Board issues a decision, the record of the investigation is public.

The law requires a complaint to go through two stages before the Board can begin an investigation: a prima facie determination and a probable cause decision. If the complaint does not pass one of the stages, it must be dismissed. The Board chair or their designee has 10 business days after receiving your complaint to determine whether the complaint alleges a prima facie violation. If the complaint alleges a prima facie violation, the Board has 45 days to decide whether probable cause exists to believe a violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred. Both you and the respondent have the right to be heard on the issue of probable cause before the Board makes this decision. The Board will notify you if the complaint moves to the probable cause stage.

If the Board determines that probable cause does not exist, the Board will dismiss the complaint. If the Board determines that probable cause exists, the Board may start an investigation. In some cases the Board will issue findings, conclusions, and an order as its decision. In other cases the Board will instead enter into a conciliation agreement with the respondent. The Board's final decision will be posted on the Board's website.

State Representative Greg Davids. Fighting for your 2nd Amendment freedoms!

Southeastern Minnesota's gun owners know they have a trusted ally in Rep. Davids, as he understands that your Constitutional right to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed. As Democrats continued their assault on your 2nd Amendment liberties this session, Rep. Davids continued to vote against these senseless measures. Thanks to his unwavering support for gun rights, <u>Rep. Davids consistently</u> receives endorsement from the NRA and the Minnesota Gun Owners Caucus!

- Opposed 'universal' background checks
- Opposed red flag confiscation orders
- Opposed binary trigger ban
- Opposed firearm storage requirements
- Opposed criminalizing victims of gun theft if they fail to report a missing gun within 48 hours

On Primary Day, August 13, Vote Greg Davids for State Representative! 15-time Republican Endorsed!



A proven, conservative leader!

By mail or in person beginning June 28 On Primary Day, Tuesday, August 13

Greg Davids. Defending your 2nd Amendment rights.



Prepared and paid for by People for Davids Committee PO Box 1 Preston, MN 55965 PRESORTED STANDARD U.S. POSTAGE PAID TWIN CITIES, MN PERMIT NO. 26920

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Cory Johnson Or Current Resident 715 Jonathan Ln La Crescent, MN 55947-1054



Complaint for Violation of the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Act

All information on this form is confidential until a decision is issued by the Board. A photocopy of the entire complaint, however, will be sent to the respondent.

Information about complaint filer Name of Cory Johnson complaint filer Address Email 715 Jonathan Lane thxdude@pm.me address City, state, Telephone La Crescent 5073963427 and zip (Daytime) Identify person/entity you are complaining about Name of person/entity **Greg Davids** being complained about Address Box City, state, zip 765 Title of respondent (If applicable) Board/Department/Agency/District # (If legislator) DIA (8-July-2024 Signature of person filing complaint Send completed form to:

Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board 190 Centennial Office Building 658 Cedar Street St. Paul, MN 55155

If you have questions call 651-539-1189, 800-657-3889, or for TTY/TDD communication contact us via the Minnesota Relay Service at 800-627-3529. Board staff may be reached by email at cf.board@state.mn.us.

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Nature of complaint

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211B.02 FALSE CLAIM OF SUPPORT.

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Greg is sending out mailers which indicate he is supported by the MNGOP. Greg lost the endorsement on April 20, 2024, at the endorsing convention after 1 round of voting. Greg cannot be using the MNGOP logo to my understanding of the statue.

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State Representative Greg Davids is working to <u>secure our elections!</u>

Every Minnesota citizen should know their election system is protected, transparent, fair, and honest. Rep. Davids understands this, and has supported numerous measures that would ensure all ballots in our state are legally cast and accurately counted.

- Voted to approve a Constitutional Amendment for Voter ID
- Voted to add safeguards that prevent illegal immigrants from receiving a ballot
- Voted to ban liberal dark money from being used to influence our elections.
- Opposed drop boxes and other Democrat schemes to make our elections less secure

On Primary Day, August 13, Vote Greg Davids for State Representative!



A broven, conservative leader,

41

A vote for Greg Davids is a vote for election integrity!



By mail or in person beginning June 28 On Primary Day, Tuesday, August 13

Prepared and paid for by People for Davids Committee PO Box 1 Preston, MN 55965 PRESORTED STANDARD U.S. POSTAGE PAID TWIN CITIES, MN PERMIT NO. 26920

Cory Johnson Or Current Resident 715 Jonathan Ln La Crescent, MN 55947-1054



Complaint for Violation of the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Act

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Information about complaint filer

Name of Cory Johnso			·
Address	715 Jonathan Lane	Email address	thxdude@pm.me
City, state, and zip	La Crescent	Telephone (Daytime)	5073963427

Identify person/entity you are complaining about

Name of person/entity being complained about	Greg Davids
Address Po Box (
City, state, zip PLESTON, MN 53	765
Title of respondent (If applicable)	t .
Board/Department/Agency/District # (If legislator)	
Signature of person filing complaint	18-July-2024 Date
Send completed form to:	

Campaign Finance & Public Disclosure Board 190 Centennial Office Building 658 Cedar Street St. Paul, MN 55155

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If the Board determines that probable cause does not exist, the Board will dismiss the complaint. If the Board determines that probable cause exists, the Board may start an investigation. In some cases the Board will issue findings, conclusions, and an order as its decision. In other cases the Board will instead enter into a conciliation agreement with the respondent. The Board's final decision will be posted on the Board's website.

Greg Davids. A proven, conservative leader on our pro-life values.





By mail or in person beginning June 28 On Primary Day, Tuesday, August 13

Prepared and paid for by People for Davids Committee PO Box 1 Preston, MN 55965

PRESORTED STANDARD U.S. POSTAGE PAID TWIN CITIES, MN PERMIT NO 26920

Cory Johnson Or Current Resident 715 Jonathan Ln La Crescent, MN 55947-1054

GREG DAVIDS - Taking a stand for LIFE!

During his time as our state representative, Rep. Davids has been recognized as a steady and reliable voice for the rights of the unborn. With a 100% rating due to his continued strong support for pro-life legislation, **Rep. Davids has been consistently endorsed by the MCCL.**

- Rep. Davids voted against radical Democrat legislation allowing abortions at any point during a pregnancy including at the moment of birth.
- Rep. Davids voted against the repeal of the Women's Right to Know law, which provided women important health information before having an abortion.
- Rep. Davids supported licensing and inspecting of abortion facilities.

- Rep. Davids voted against legislation that eliminates lifesaving care for infants who survived an abortion.
- Rep. Davids opposed using your tax dollars to help fund abortions.
- Rep. Davids has been previously endorsed by:





507-951-3893 gdavids@centurytel.net



15-time Republican Endorsed!



By mail or in person beginning June 28 On Primary Day, Tuesday, August 13 Vote Greg Davids for State Representative Our Voice for Life!



STATE OF MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD

PRIMA FACIE DETERMINATION

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPLAINT OF CORY JOHNSON REGARDING THE PEOPLE FOR (GREGORY) DAVIDS COMMITTEE

On July 22, 2024, the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board received three complaints submitted by Cory Johnson regarding Representative Gregory Davids, a candidate for Minnesota House of Representatives District 26B. The People for (Gregory) Davids Committee is the principal campaign committee of Representative Davids.

The complaints allege that the Davids committee sent three separate campaign mailers that state that Representative Davids is the Republican-endorsed candidate for House District 26B. All three complaints allege that Representative Davids is not the Republican-endorsed candidate for House District 26B. The complainant provided copies of three mailers sent by the Davids committee that each state "15-time Republican Endorsed!" The complaints allege that the mailers violated Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02, which regulates claims of endorsement and support. Because all three complaints allege that the Davids committee violated Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02 in the same manner, the Board chair will consider all three complaints in this prima facie determination.

Determination

Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022, subdivision 3, authorizes the Board to investigate alleged or potential violations of Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A in addition to Minnesota Statutes sections 211B.04, 211B.12, and 211B.15. The Board does not have jurisdiction over Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02. Minnesota Statutes section 211B.02 is the only statute that was allegedly violated. Therefore, the chair concludes that the complaints do not state a prima facie violation of Chapter 10A or of those sections of Chapter 211B under the Board's jurisdiction. Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 10A.022, subdivision 3, this prima facie determination is made by the Board chair and not by any vote of the entire Board. The complaints are dismissed without prejudice.

David Asp, Chair Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board

Date: August 5, 2024

Revised: 8/27/24

CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD September 2024

ACTIVE FILES

Candidate/Treasurer/ Lobbyist	Committee/Agency	Report Missing/ Violation	Late Fee/ Civil Penalty	Referred to AGO	Date S&C Personally Served	Default Hearing Date	Date Judgment Entered	Case Status
Mariani, Carlos	Neighbors for Mariani	Previously filed reports and statements Late filing of 2023 year-end report	\$7,620 LFFs \$3,300 CPs \$1,000 LFF \$1,000 CP	11/22/23				

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